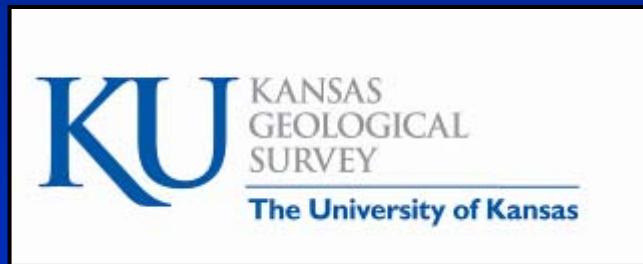


Smoky Hill Ground-Water Model

Kansas Water Office Contract 07-136

**Lower Smoky Hill Water Resources
Informational Meeting
October 1, 2008**



**Brownie Wilson, Gaisheng Liu,
Don Whittemore, and Jim Butler**

**Geohydrology Section
Kansas Geological Survey**

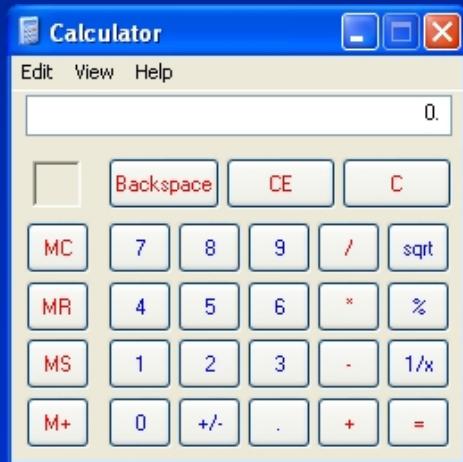
What is a “Water” Model?

A group of water rules (e.g., water flows downhill) in the form of mathematical equations that portrays the natural environment.
In short - a water calculator.

Traditional Math

$$(2 \times 3) - 1$$

$$= 5$$



Water Model

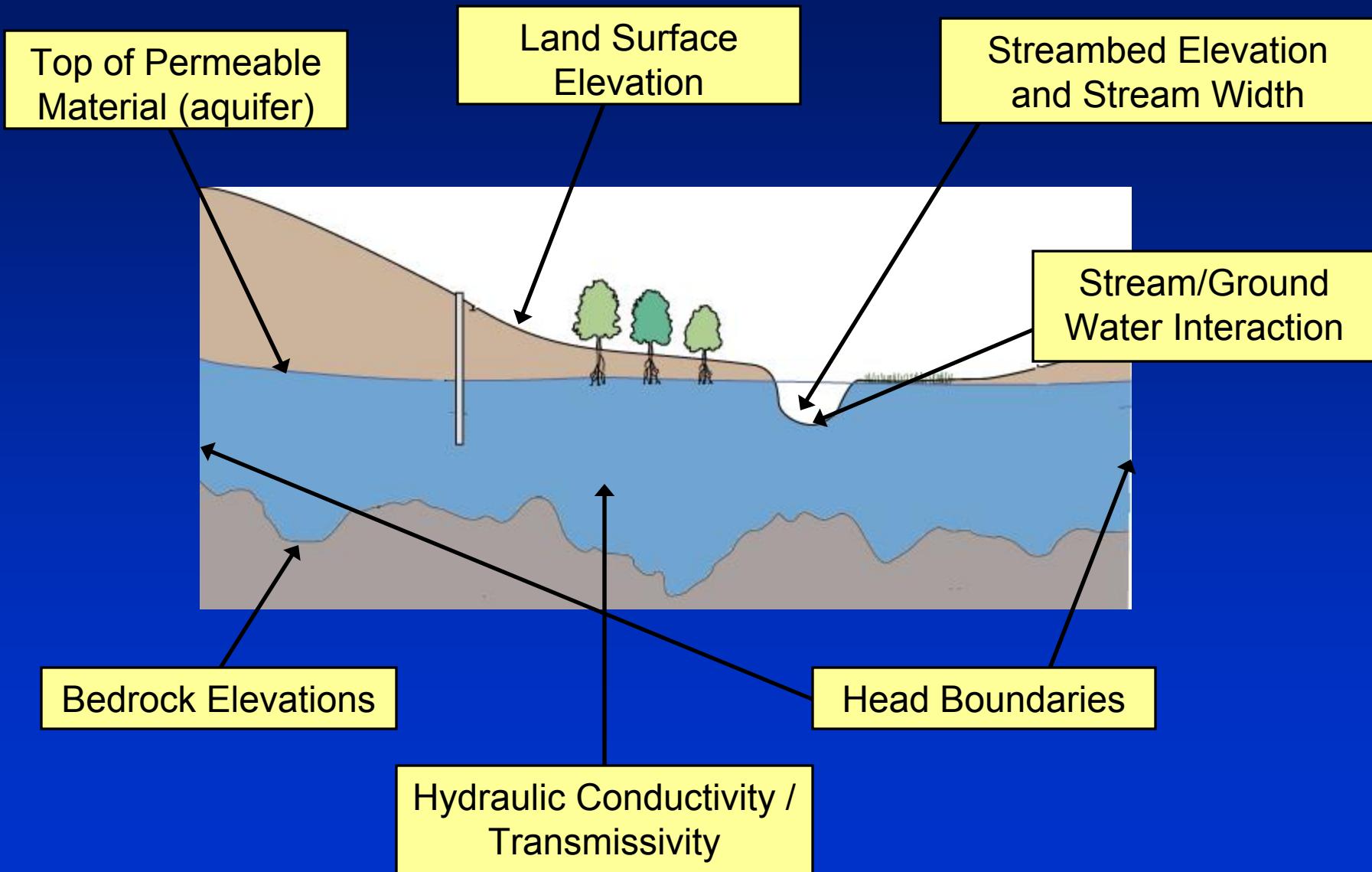
Inflow (recharge) – Outflow (pumping)

= Water-Level Elevation

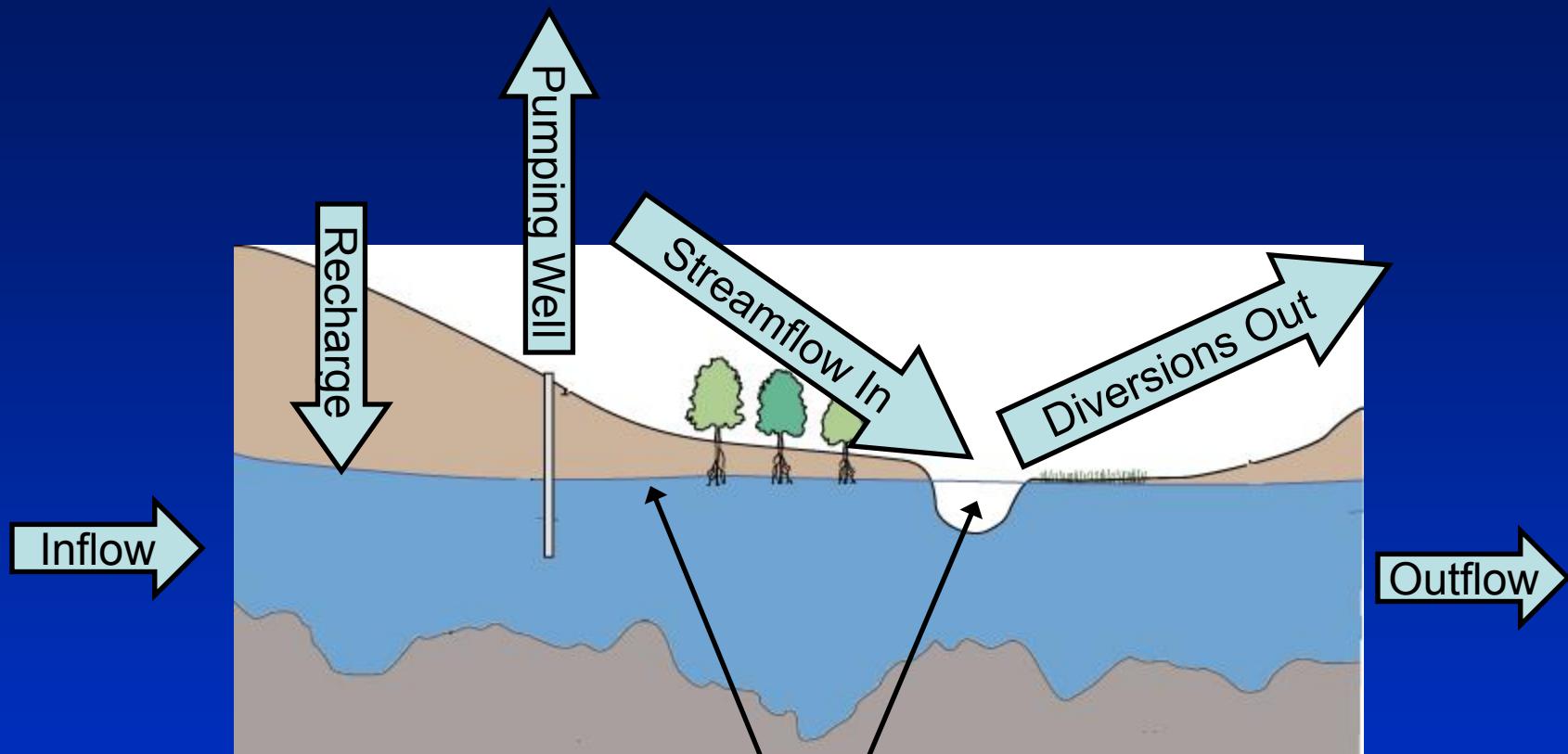
Creating a Water Model

- Establish unique rules and conditions that apply specifically to the study area
- Developed to answer specific questions/issues
- Study area is generally subdivided into cells
 - Focus of computations
 - Data intensive
- Required information can be very complex and detailed
- Some parameters can be gross assumptions with inherent levels of uncertainty = “Calibration”
- What goes in is what comes out

Creating a Water Model- An Example



Running a Water Model- An Example



Model Computations

- Water Table Elevations
- Streamflow

Final general thoughts on models

- Water models are powerful tools for management and planning activities
- Expensive and time consuming to create
- Models are a representation of reality
- Kansas is very data rich in terms of hydrologic information
- Smoky Hill River Model
 - Simulates streamflow and water-level conditions
 - Will be used to run “What If...” scenarios

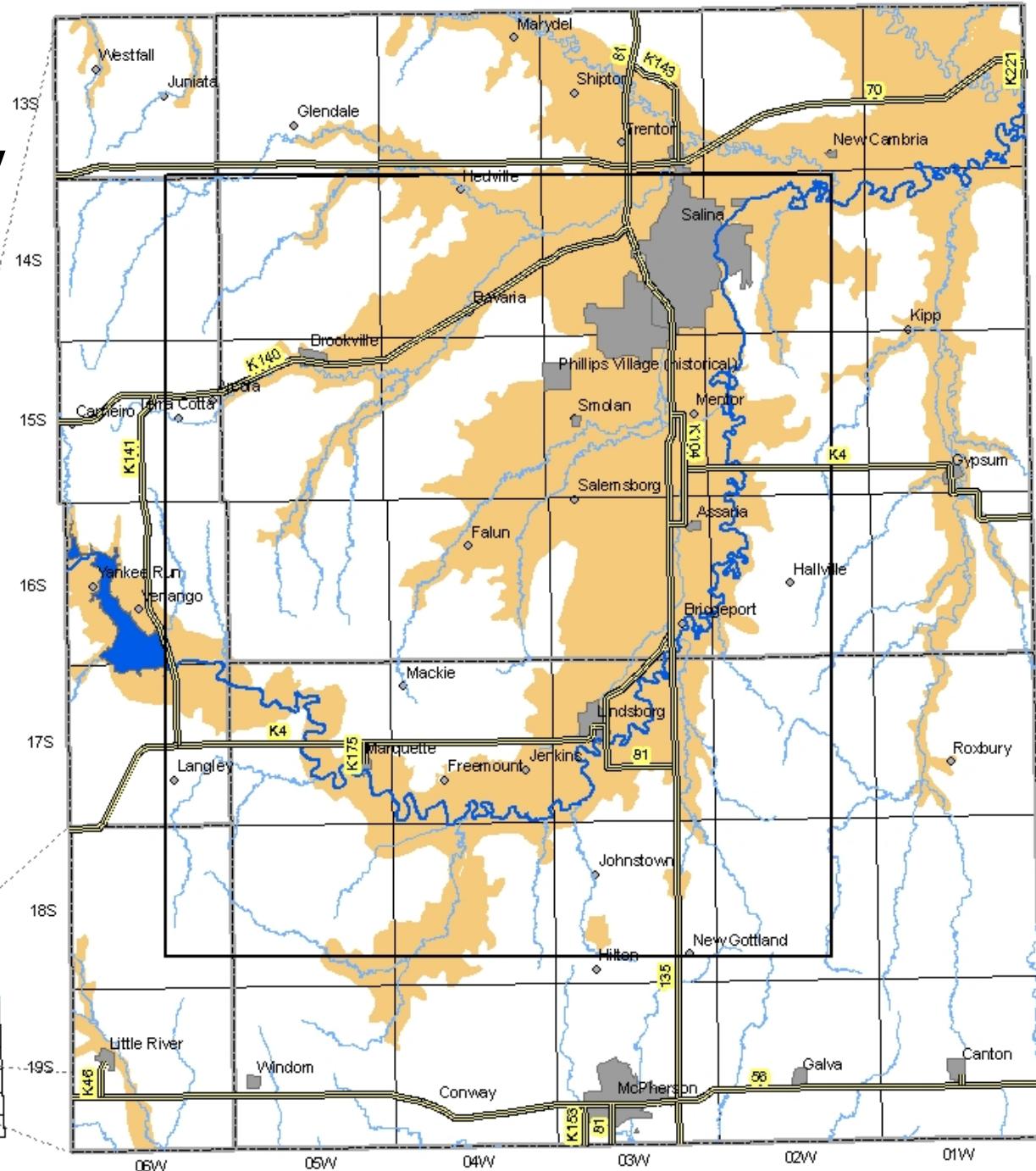
Smoky Hill Ground-Water Model

Model Purpose and Design

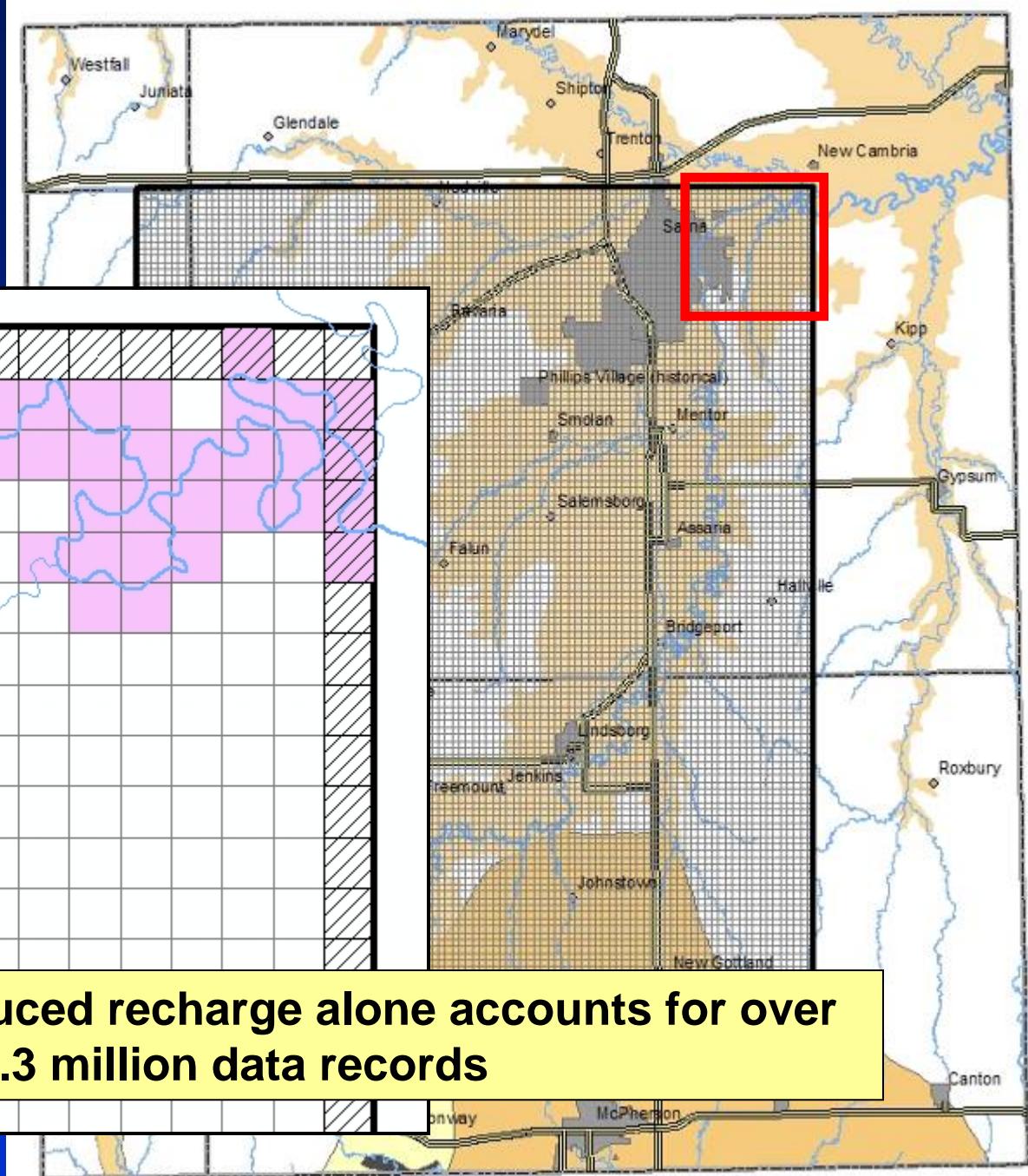
Smoky Hill Ground-Water Model

- Funded by the Kansas Water Office
- Component of larger, regional water supply study
- Objective is to understand stream-aquifer interactions by simulating:
 - Streamflow in the Smoky Hill River
 - Ground-water levels in the alluvial aquifer
- Adaptation of MODFLOW
 - Kanopolis Reservoir to confluence of Smoky Hill and Saline Rivers (east of Salina)
 - Predevelopment (1944-1947) to 2006
 - Six month time steps
 - Growing Season (apr to sep)
 - Winter (oct to mar)

Smoky Hill River Valley

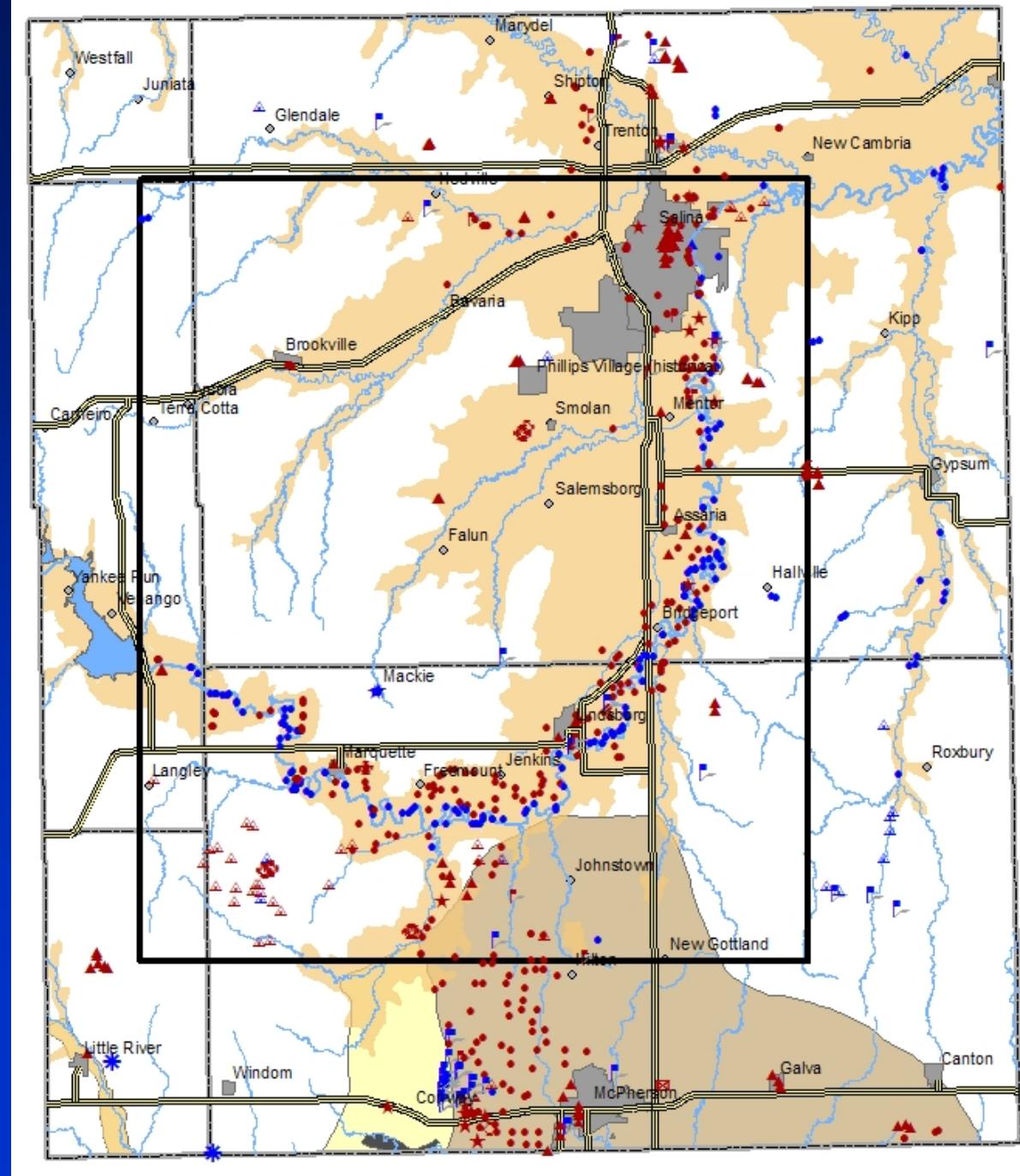


Smoky Hill River Valley Model Area

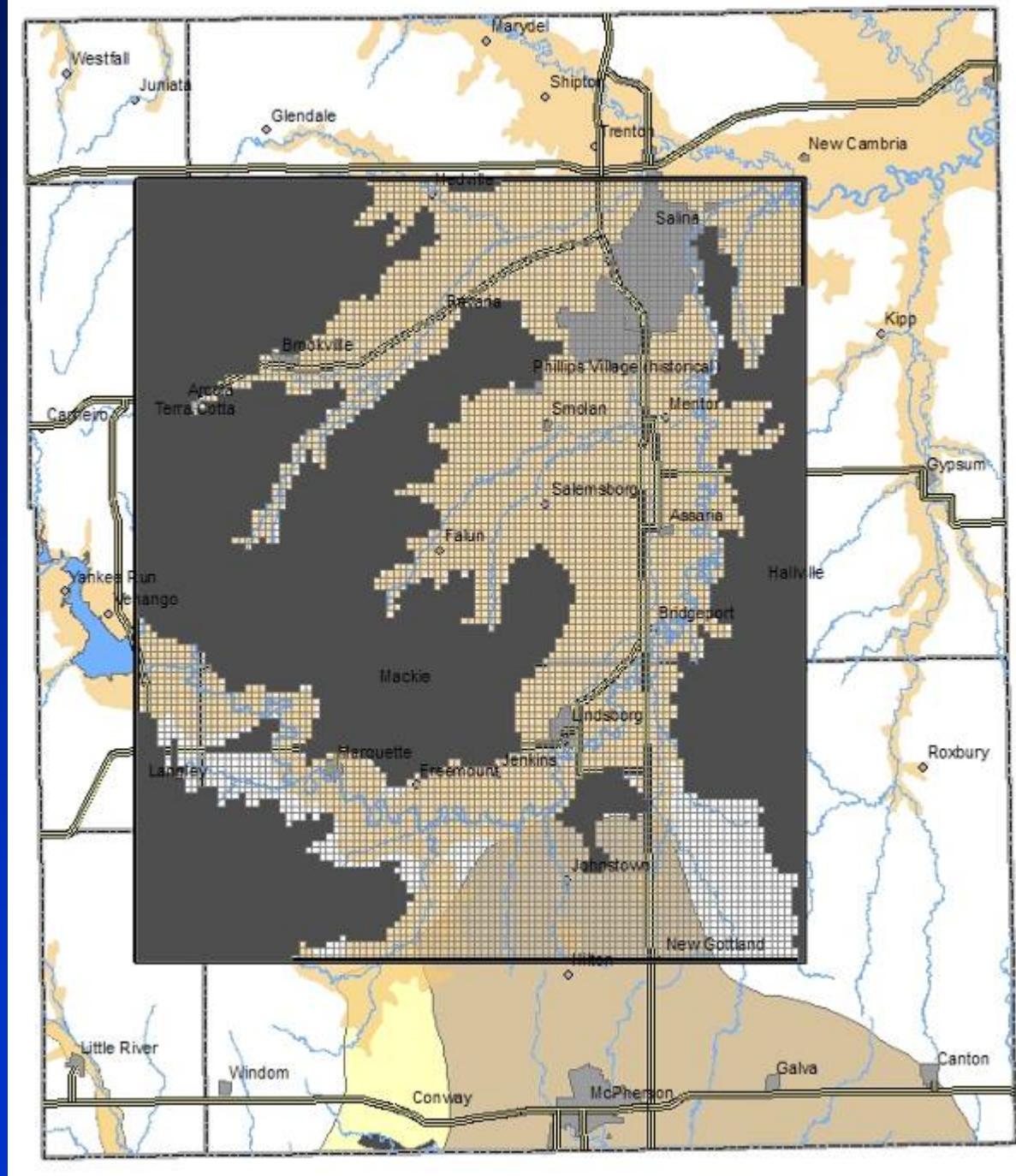


Smoky Hill Valley Water Rights and Aquifer Resources

- ☒ G_DEW
- △ G_DOM
- ★ G_IND
- G_IRR
- ▲ G_MUN
- ▷ G_REC
- G_STK
- ⚡ G_THX
- △ S_DOM
- ★ S_IND
- S_IRR
- ▲ S_MUN
- ▷ S_REC
- * S_SED

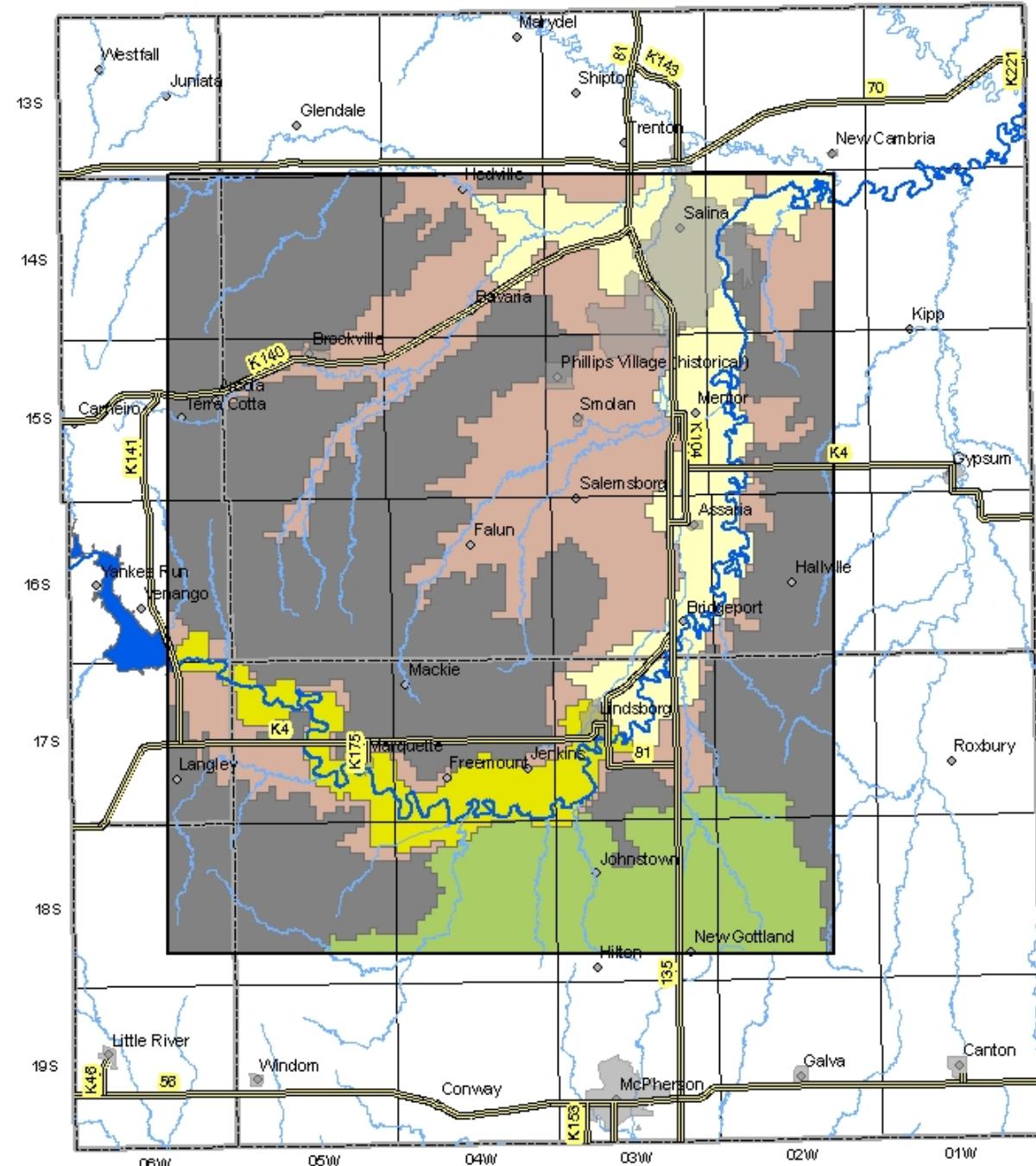


Smoky Hill Valley Active Area



Smoky Hill Valley Model Zones

- 4 Zones
- Assists in calibration

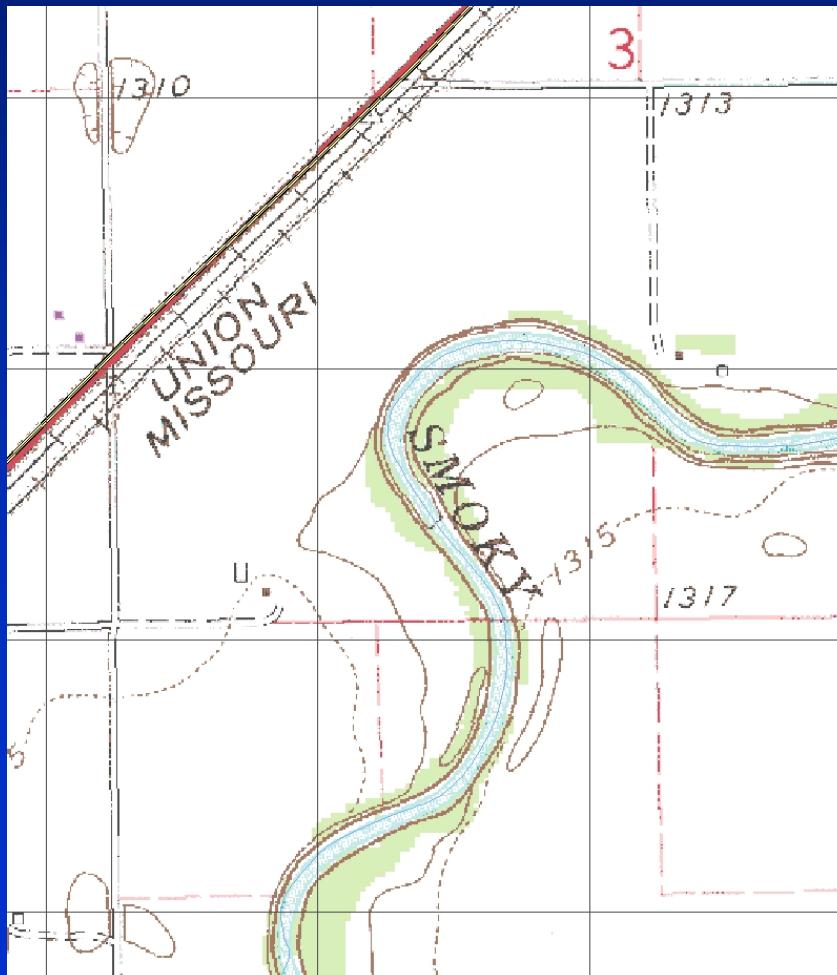


Smoky Hill Ground-Water Model

Stream Properties

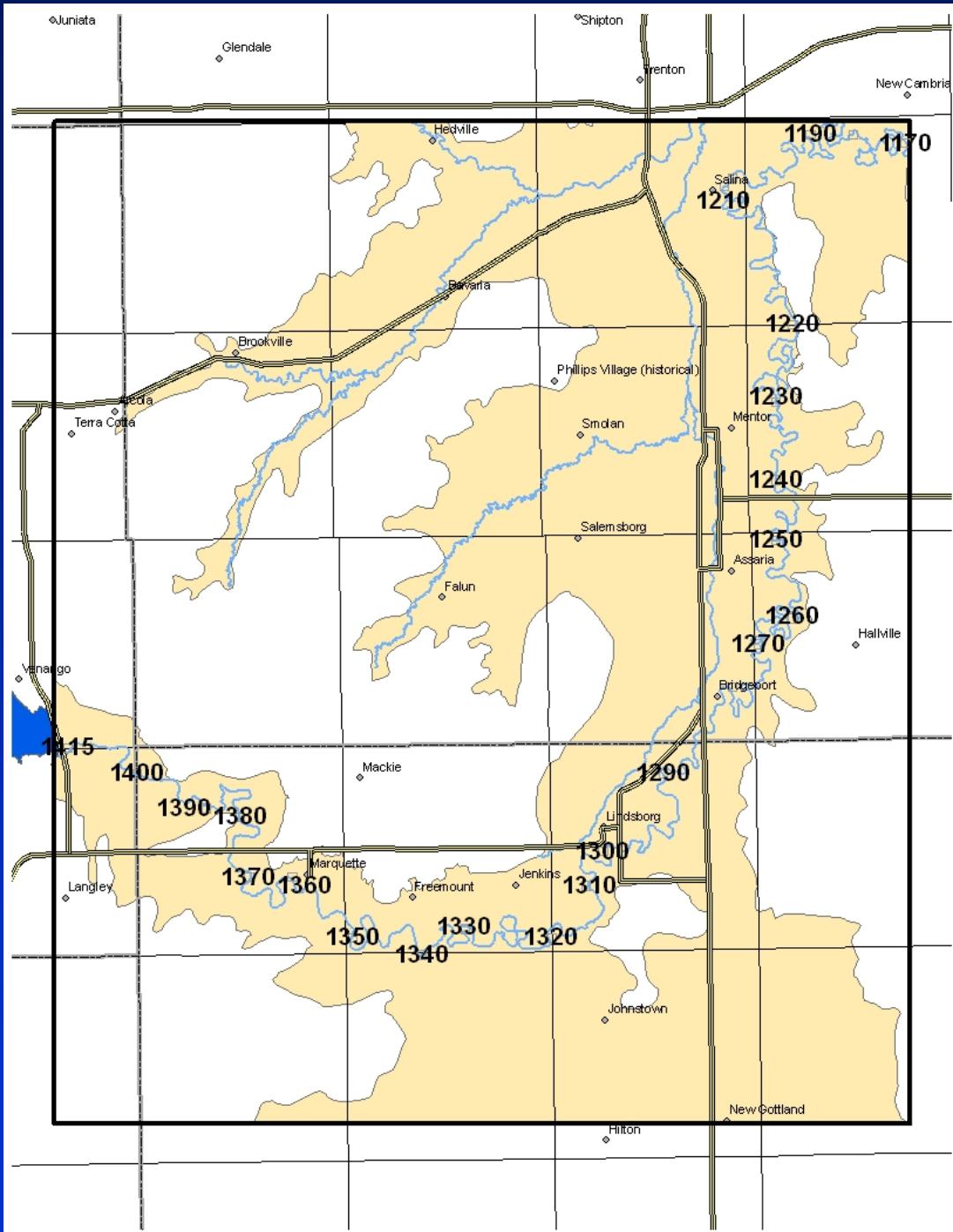
Streambed Elevations

- Streambed elevations from 1:24000 scale topographic maps
- Assigned to overlying model cells for the Smoky Hill River



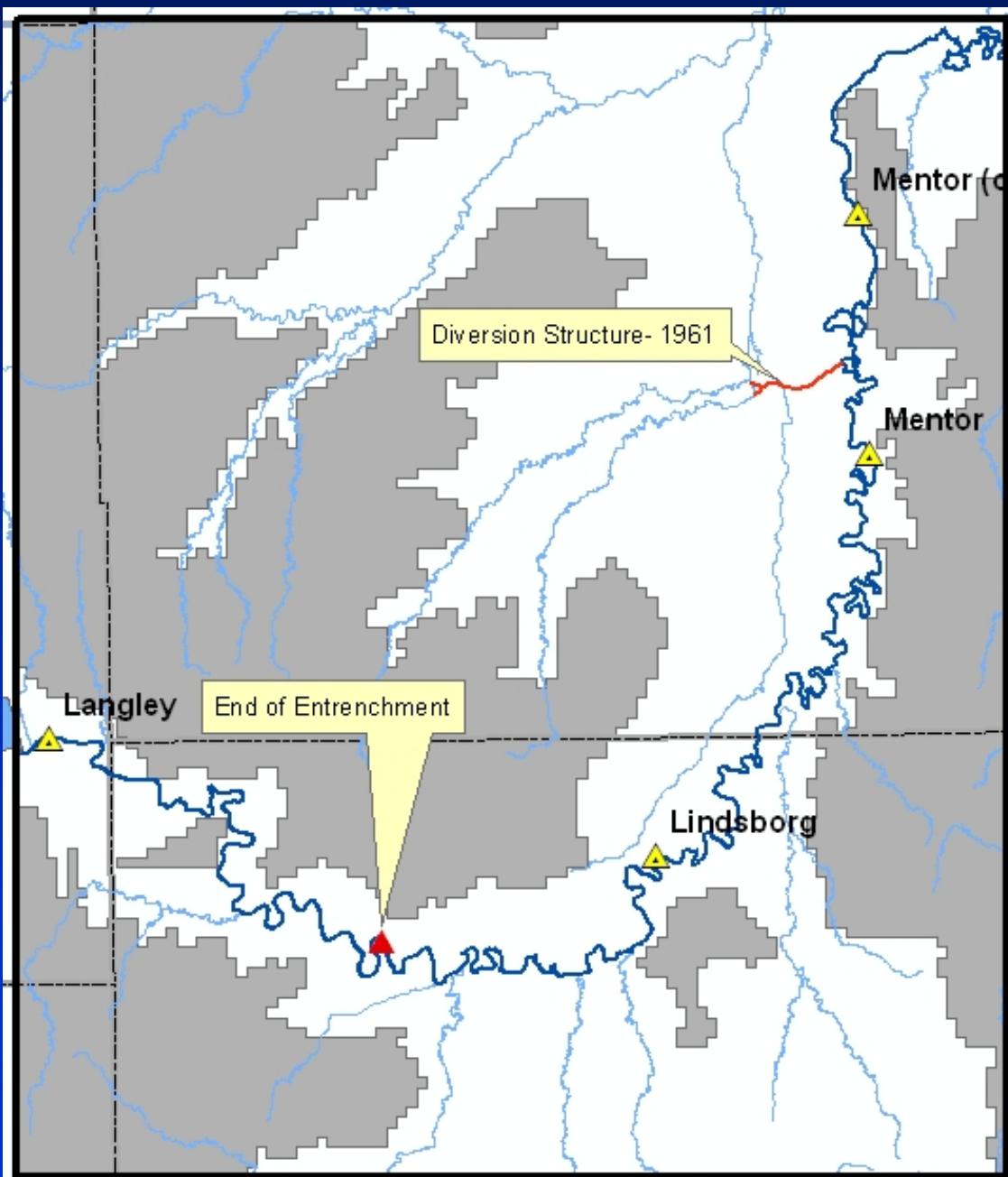
Stream Elevations

Prorate stream elevations by model cell based on stream (linear) distance between elevation calls



Entrenchment of Smoky Hill River and Diversion Structure

Period	Adjustment	Notes
1943-1947	+3.6	Predevelopment
1948-1952	+2.0	
1953-1965	0	Period covering topographic maps
1965-2006	-1.7	
2007+	-2.7	Future scenarios

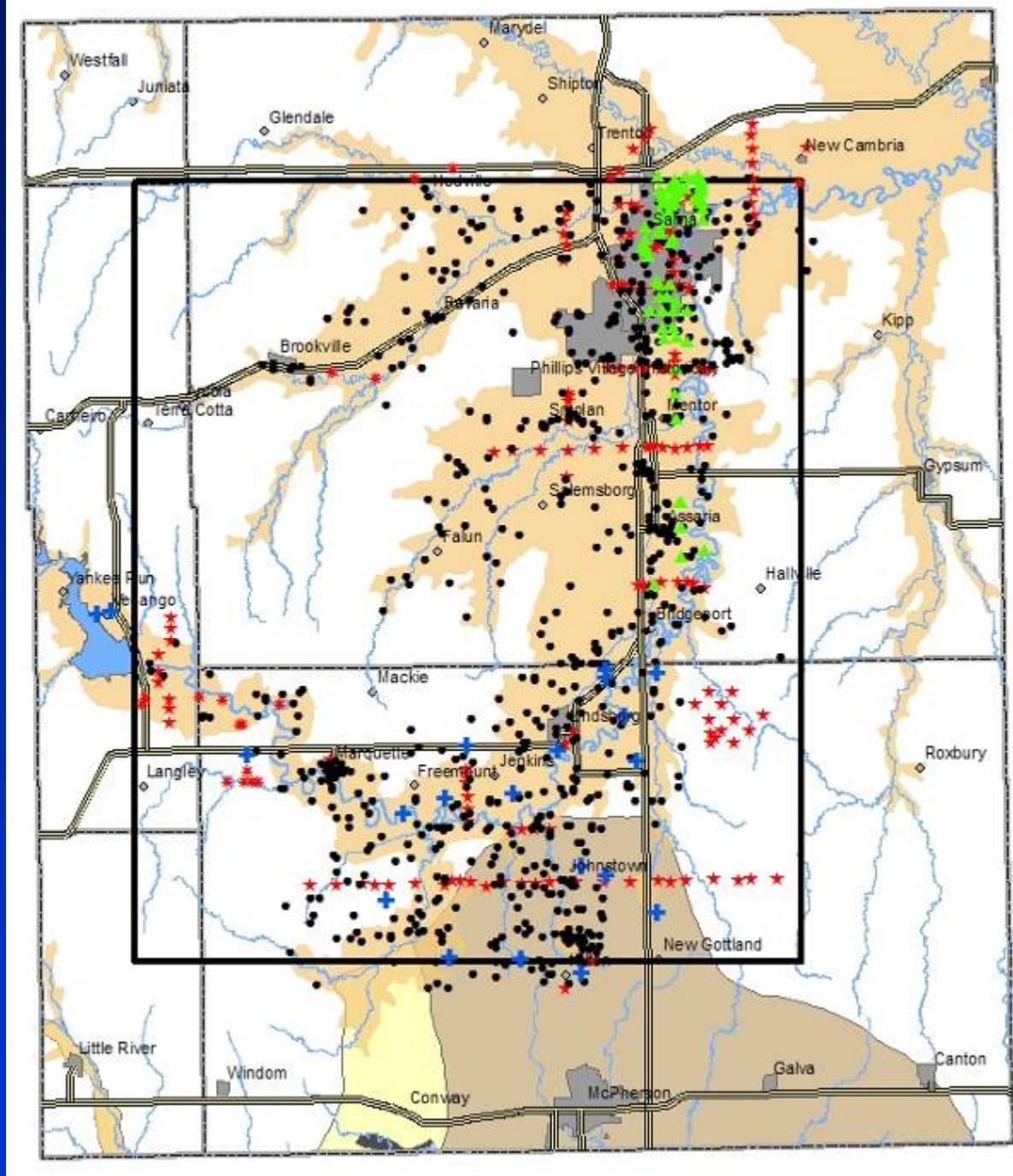


Smoky Hill Ground-Water Model

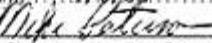
Aquifer Properties

Smoky Hill Valley Lithology

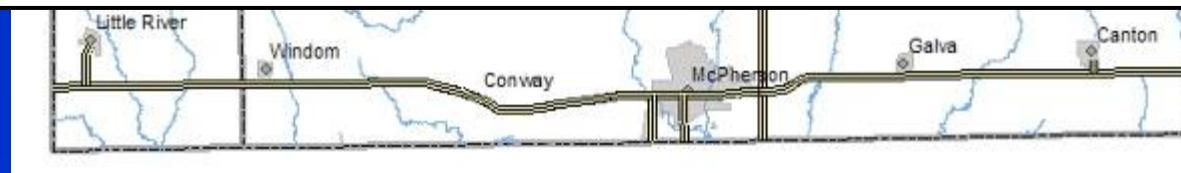
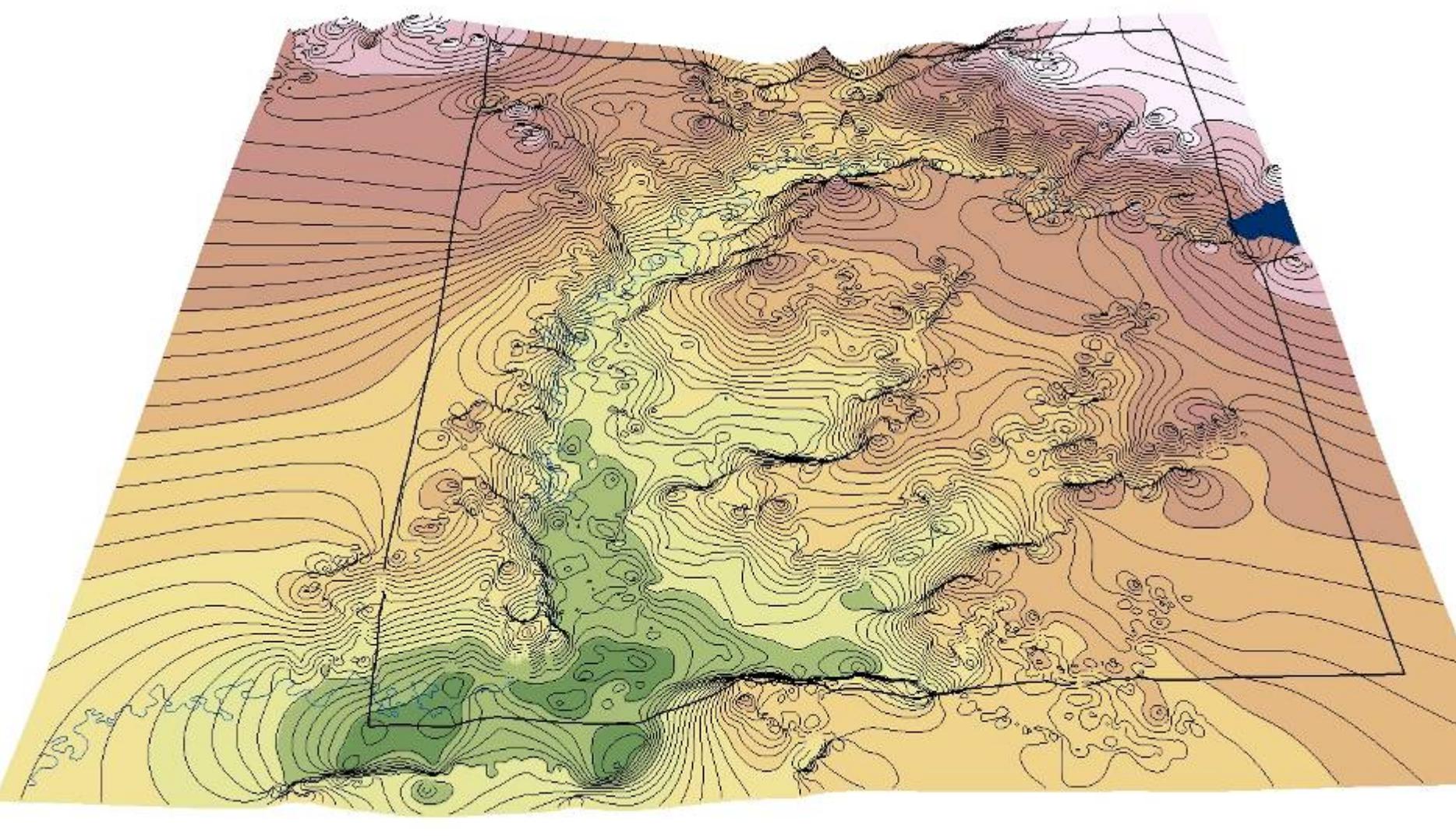
- WWC5
- ★ Geological Survey Bulletin
- ✚ Peterson Irrigation Inc.
- ▲ Salina Report
- * KGS Estimate



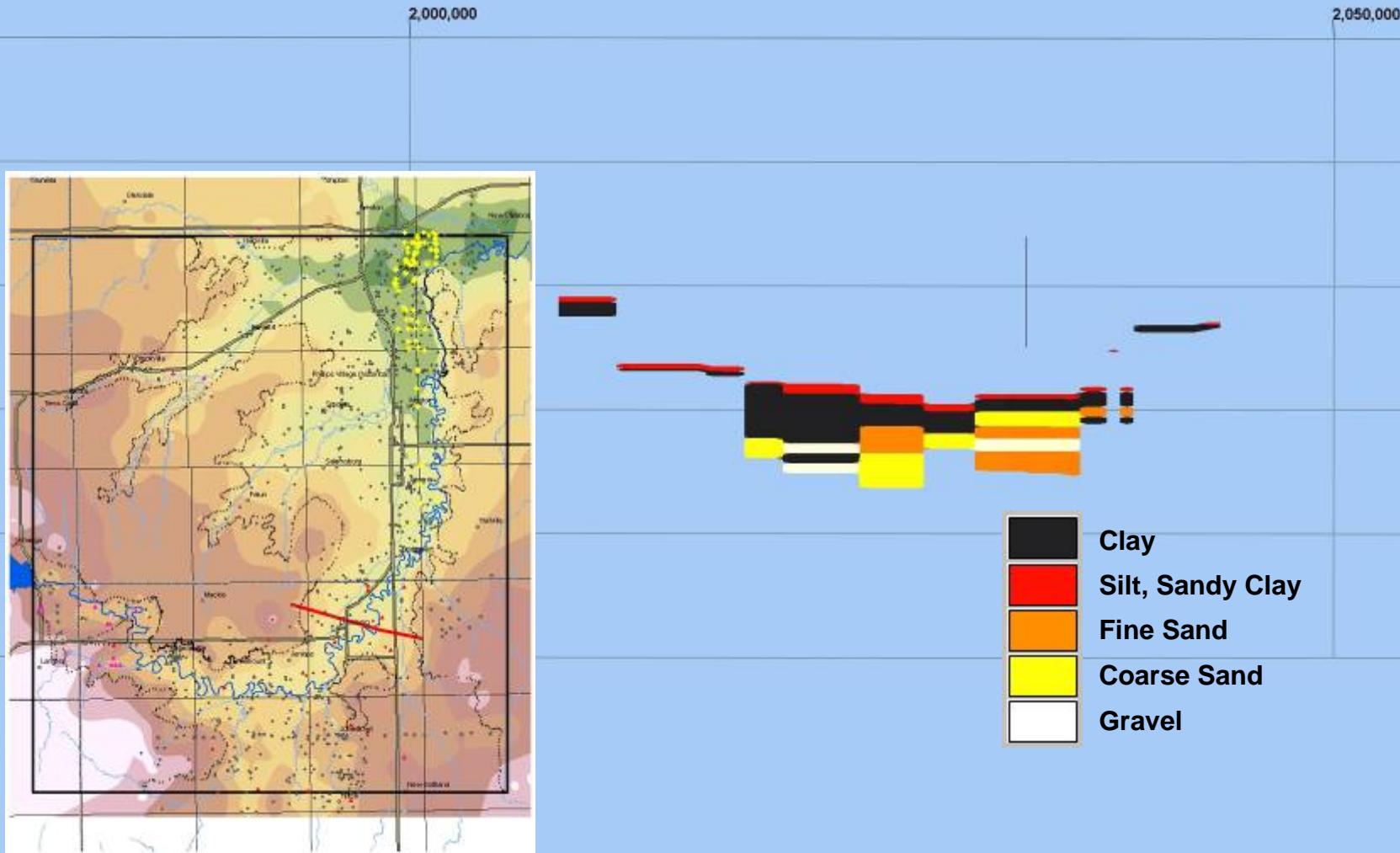
Smoky Hill Valley WWC5 Form

WATER WELL RECORD Form WWC-5 KSA 82a-1212 ID No.					
1 LOCATION OF WATER WELL:		Fraction County: Saline near 4 center	SW 1/4	Section Number 16	T 13 S R 3 NW
Distance and direction from nearest town or city street address of well if located within city: 3 miles West & 3 miles North of Salina KS					
2 WATER WELL OWNER:		Allan Smith R.R.#, St. Address, Box #: 750 Fairdale Rd. City, State, ZIP Code: Salina, KS		Board of Agriculture, Division of Water Resources Application Number: 44,666	
3 LOCATE WELL'S LOCATION WITH [4] DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL... 72 ft. ELEVATION: _____					
AN "X" IN SECTION BOX: 					
Depth(e) Groundwater Encountered 1. ft. 2. ft. 3. ft.					
WELL'S STATIC WATER LEVEL ... 21 ft. below land surface measured on mol/day/yr ... 3/29/02					
Pump test data: Well water was 47 ft. after 1 hours pumping .700 gpm Est. Yield .850 gpm: Well water was 54 ft. after 1 hours pumping .825 gpm					
Bore Hole Diameter .30 in. to .72 in. and .11 in. to .16 in.					
WELL WATER TO BE USED AS: 1 Public water supply 2 Air conditioning 11 Injection well 3 Domestic 3 Feedlot 6 Oil field water supply 9 Dewatering 12 Other (Specify below) X Irrigation 4 Industrial 7 Domestic (mn & garden) 10 Monitoring well					
Was a chemical/bacteriological sample submitted to Department? Yes. No. X ; If yes, molday/ln sample was submitted Water Well Disinfected? Yes X No					
5) TYPE OF BLANK CASING USED: 1 Steel 3 RMP (SR) 5 Wrought iron 8 Concrete tile Casing Joints: Glued X Clamped..... X PVC 4 ABS 6 Asbestos-Cement 9 Other (specify below) Welded..... Blank casing diameter 1.6 in. to .32 in. Dia. in. to in. Dia. in. to in. Dia. in. to in.					
Casing height above land surface 12 in. weight 16.15 lbs./ft. Wall thickness or gauge No. .500					
TYPE OF SCREEN OR PERFORATION MATERIAL: 1 Steel 3 Stainless steel 5 Fiberglass X PVC 10 Asbestos-cement 2 Brass 4 Galvanized steel 6 Concrete tile 8 RMP (SR) 11 Other (specify)..... 12 None used (open hole)					
SCREEN OR PERFORATION OPENINGS ARE: 1 Continuous slot 3/8 in. slot 5 Gauzed wrapped 8 Saw cut 11 None (open hole) 2 Louvered shutter 4 Key punched 6 Wire wrapped 9 Drilled holes 7 Torch cut 10 Other (specify).....					
SCREEN-PERFORATED INTERVALS: From. 32 ft. to .72 ft. From. ft. to ft. From. ft. to ft. From. ft. to ft. GRAVEL PACK INTERVALS: From. 20 ft. to .72 ft. From. ft. to ft. From. ft. to ft. From. ft. to ft.					
6) GROUT MATERIAL: 1 Neat cement X Cement grout 3 Bentonite 4 Other..... Grout Intervals: From. 0 ft. to ft. From. ft. to ft. From. ft. to ft.					
What is the nearest source of possible contamination: None within 1/4 mile 10 Livestock pens 14 Abandoned water well 1 Septic tank 4 Lateral lines 7 Pit privy 11 Fuel storage 15 Oil well/Gas well 2 Sewer lines 5 Cess pool 8 Sewage lagoon 12 Fertilizer storage 16 Other (specify below) 3 Waterline sewer lines 6 Seepage pit 9 Feedyard 13 Insecticide storage					
Direction from well? How many feet?					
FROM	TO	LITHOLOGIC LOG	FROM	TO	PLUGGING INTERVALS
0	4	Topsoil			
4	10	Clay, brown			
10	32	Clay, silty, brown			
32	46	Clay, gray			
46	69	Sand, medium to coarse with gravel			
69	72	Shale, gray			
7) CONTRACTOR'S OR LANDOWNER'S CERTIFICATION: This water well was (0) constructed, (2) reconstructed, or (3) plugged under my jurisdiction and was completed on (mol/day/year) 3/29/02 , and this record is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Kansas Water Well Contractor's Licence No. 138 , This Water Well Record was completed on (mol/day/yr) 4/1/02 , under the business name of Peterson Irrigation, Inc. by (signature) 					
INSTRUCTIONS: Use typewriter or ball point pen. PLEASE PRESS FIRMLY AND PRINT clearly. Please fill in blanks, underline or circle the correct answers. Send no more than three copies to Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Bureau of Water, Topeka, Kansas 66620-0001. Telephone 785-296-5524. Send one to WATER WELL OWNER and retain one for your records. Fee of \$5.00 for each completed well.					

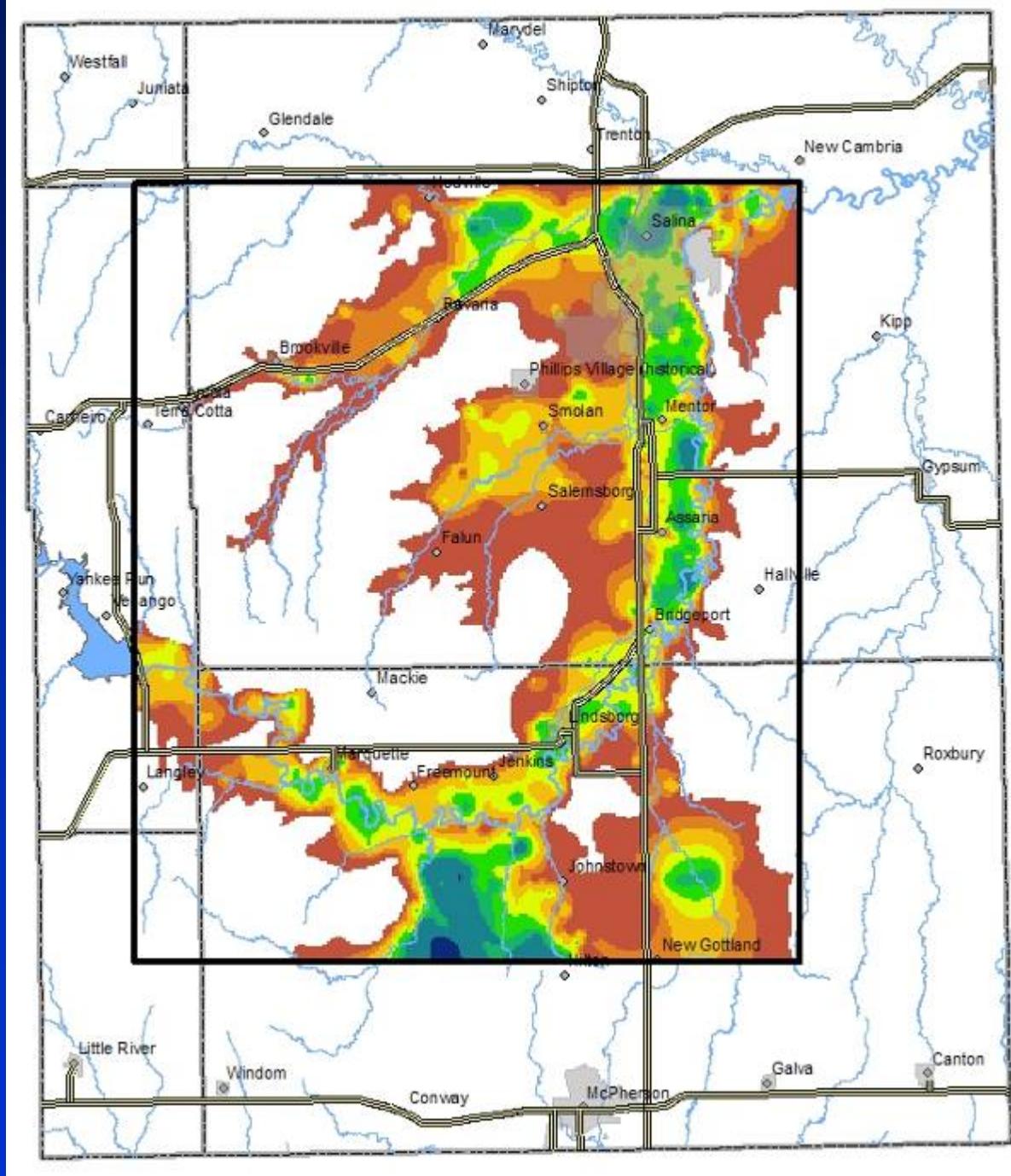
Smoky Hill



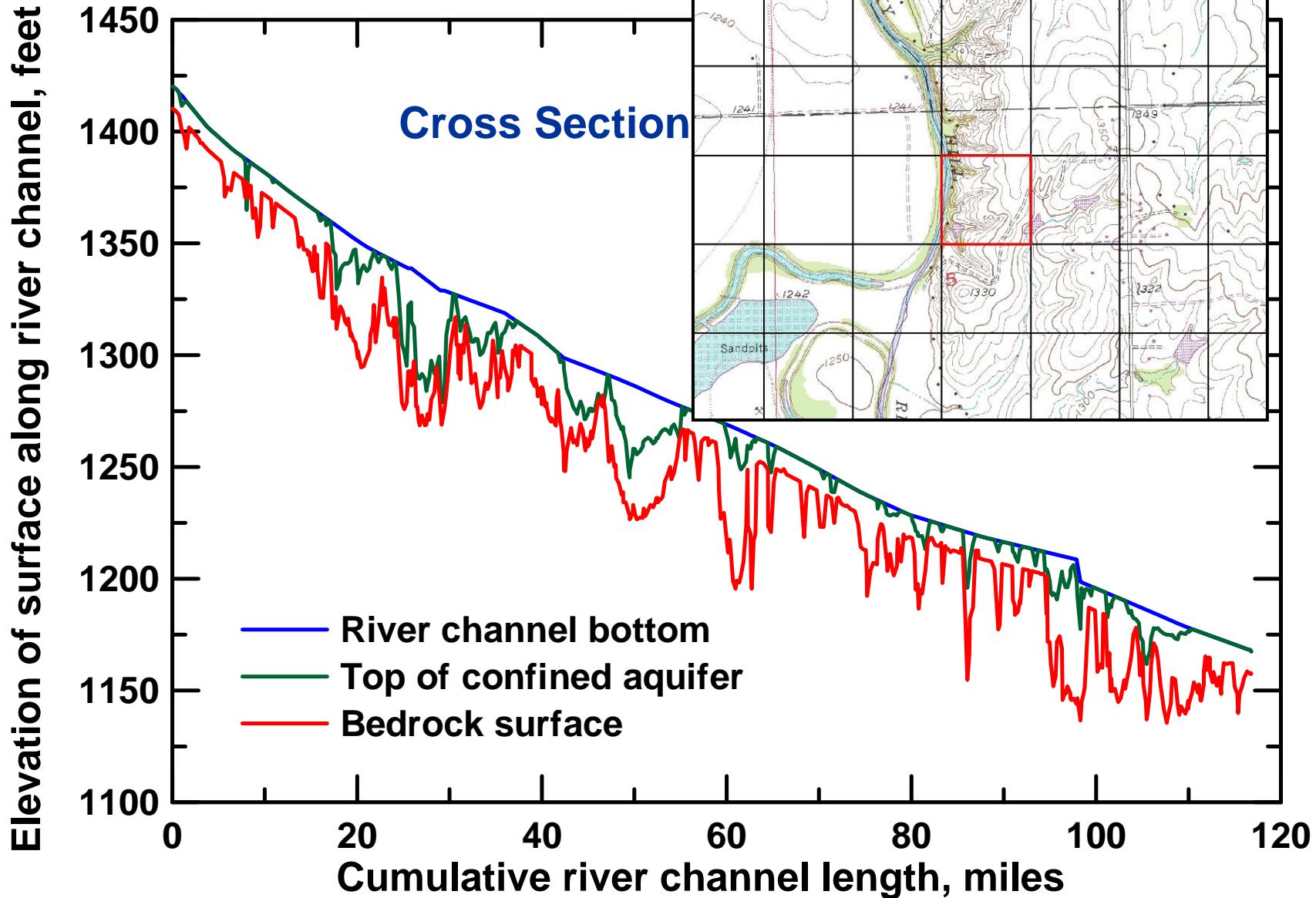
Smoky Hill Valley Lithologic Cross-section



Smoky Hill Valley Permeable Thickness



Smoky Hill River Cross Section Adjustments

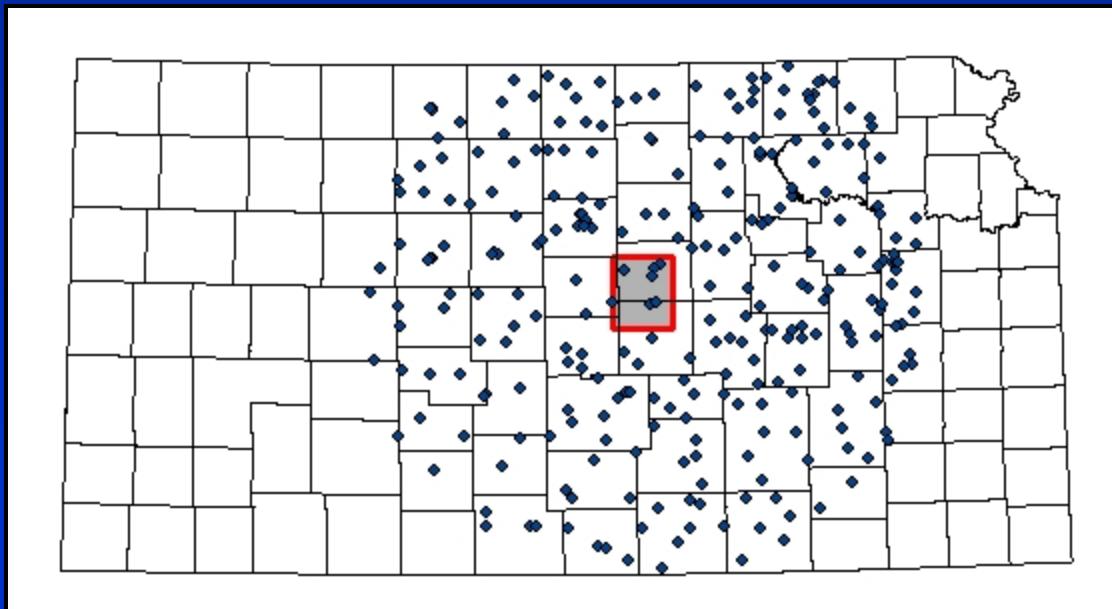


Smoky Hill Ground-Water Model

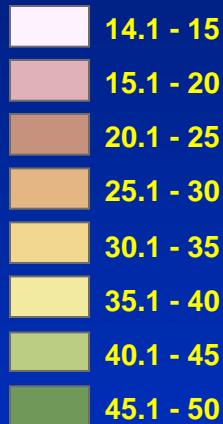
Dynamic Variables

Precipitation

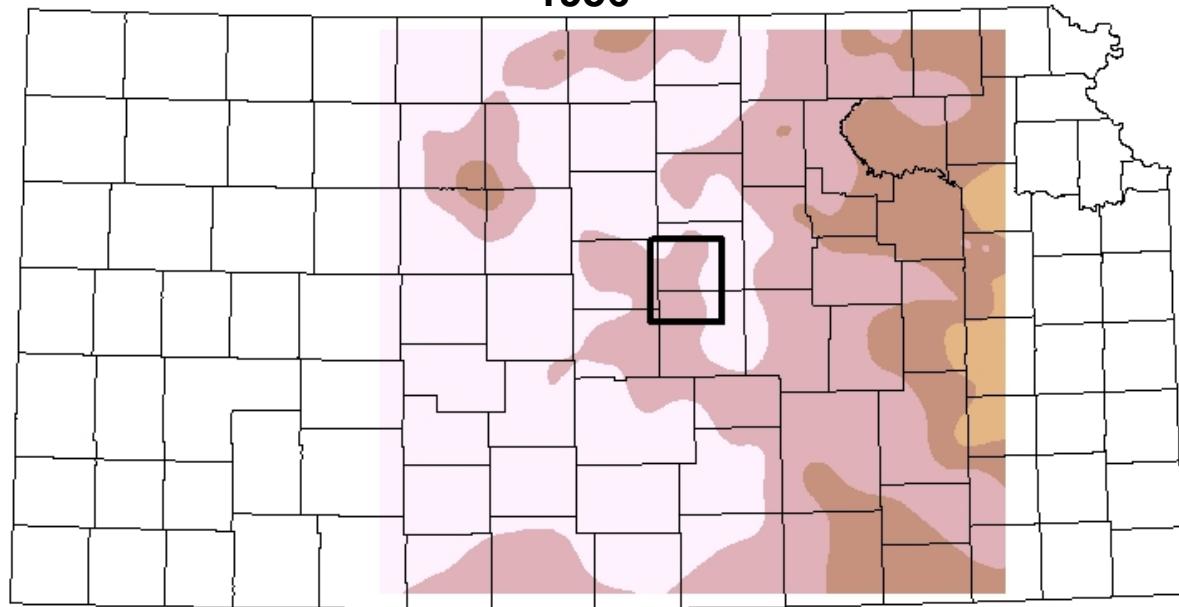
- Monthly precipitation data from 1944 to 2006
- Obtained from the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC)
- Data processed and totaled to Seasonal (Apr to Sep) and Annual values
- Interpolated across model area and assigned to model cells by year and season



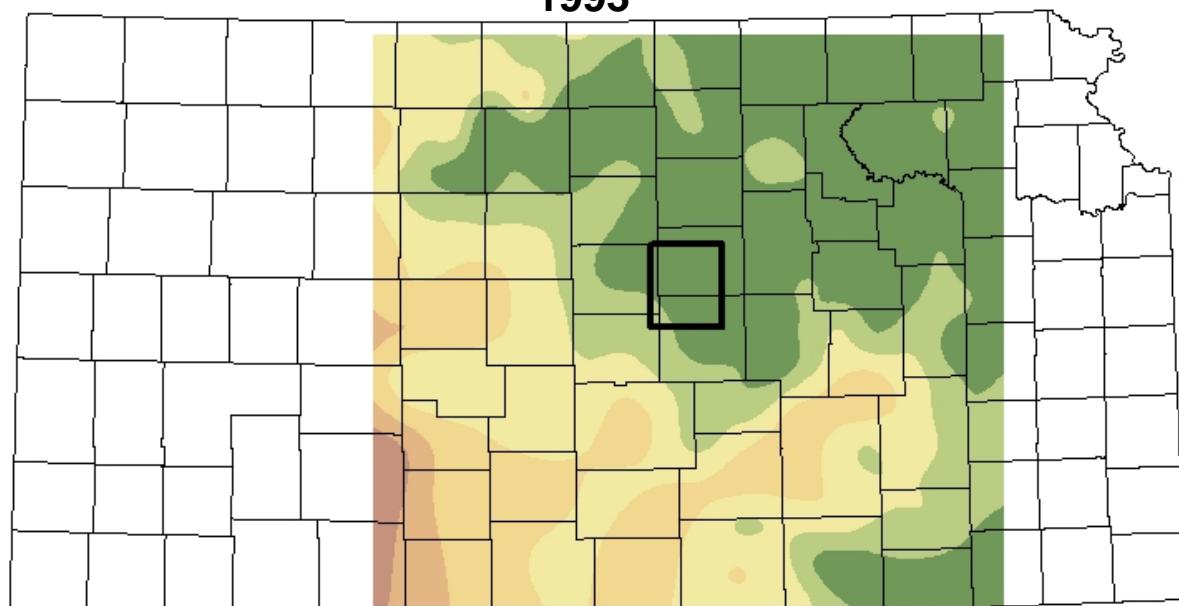
Interpolated Precipitation



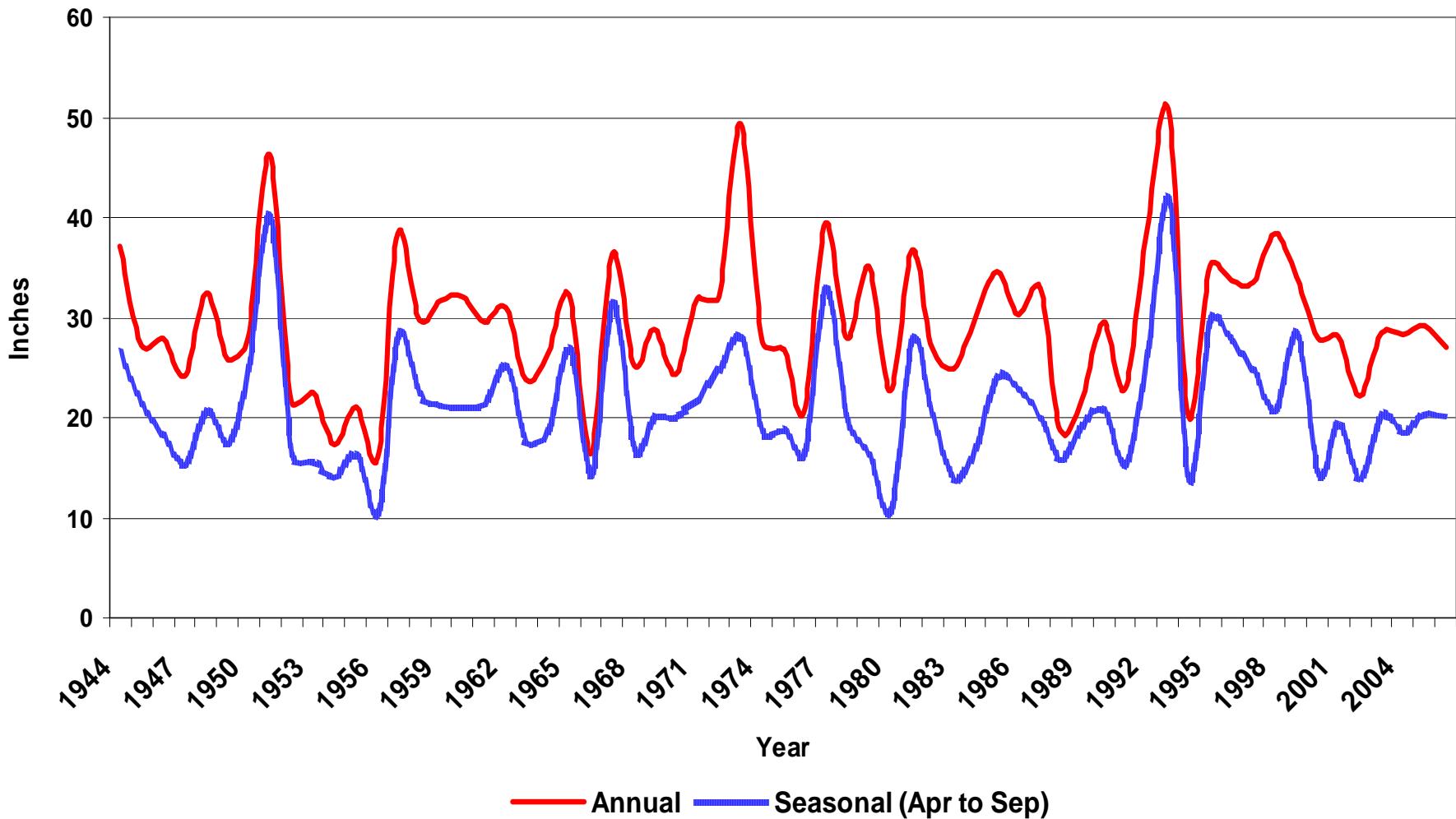
1956



1993

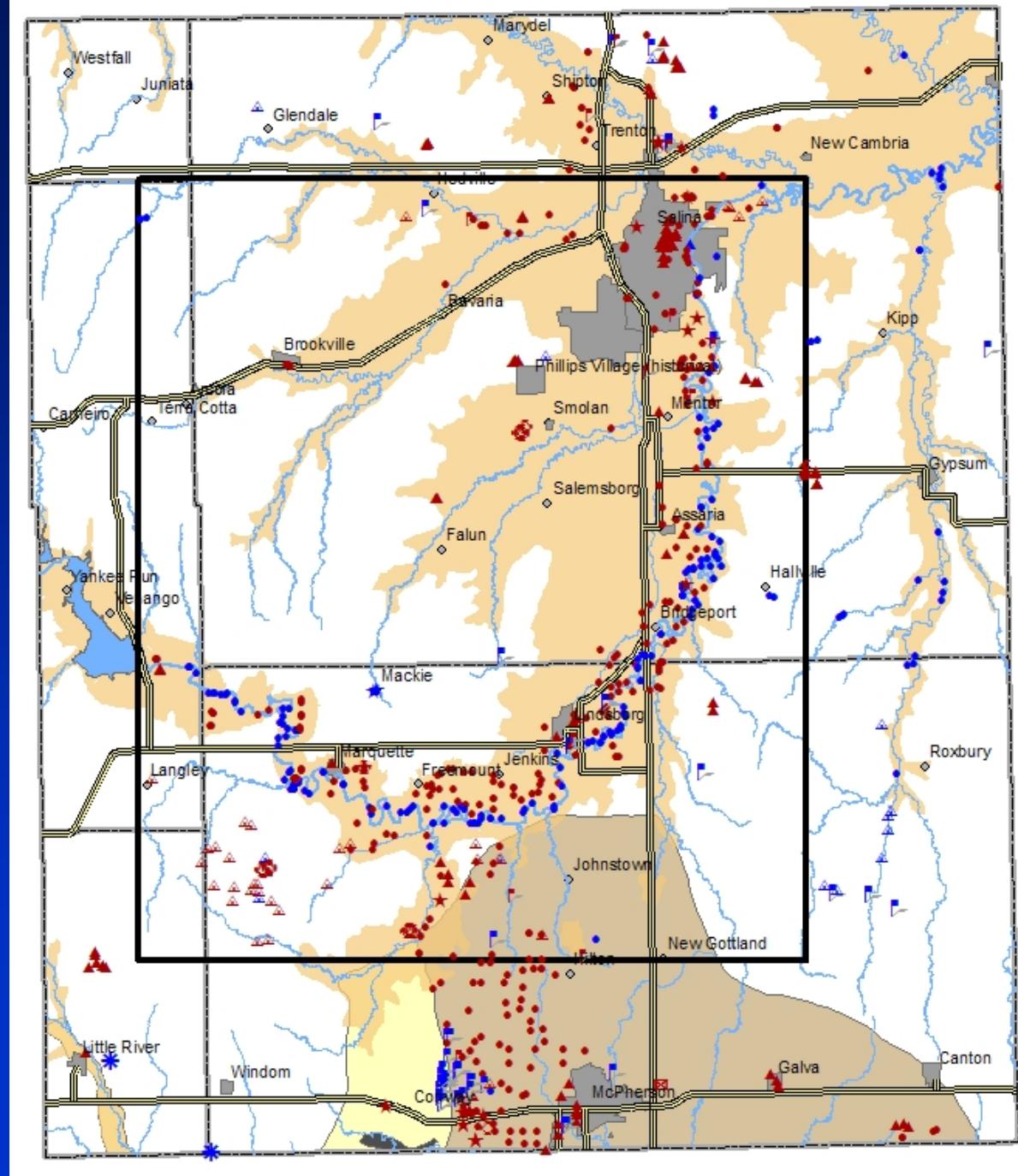


Average Total Precipitation Smoky Hill Model Grid

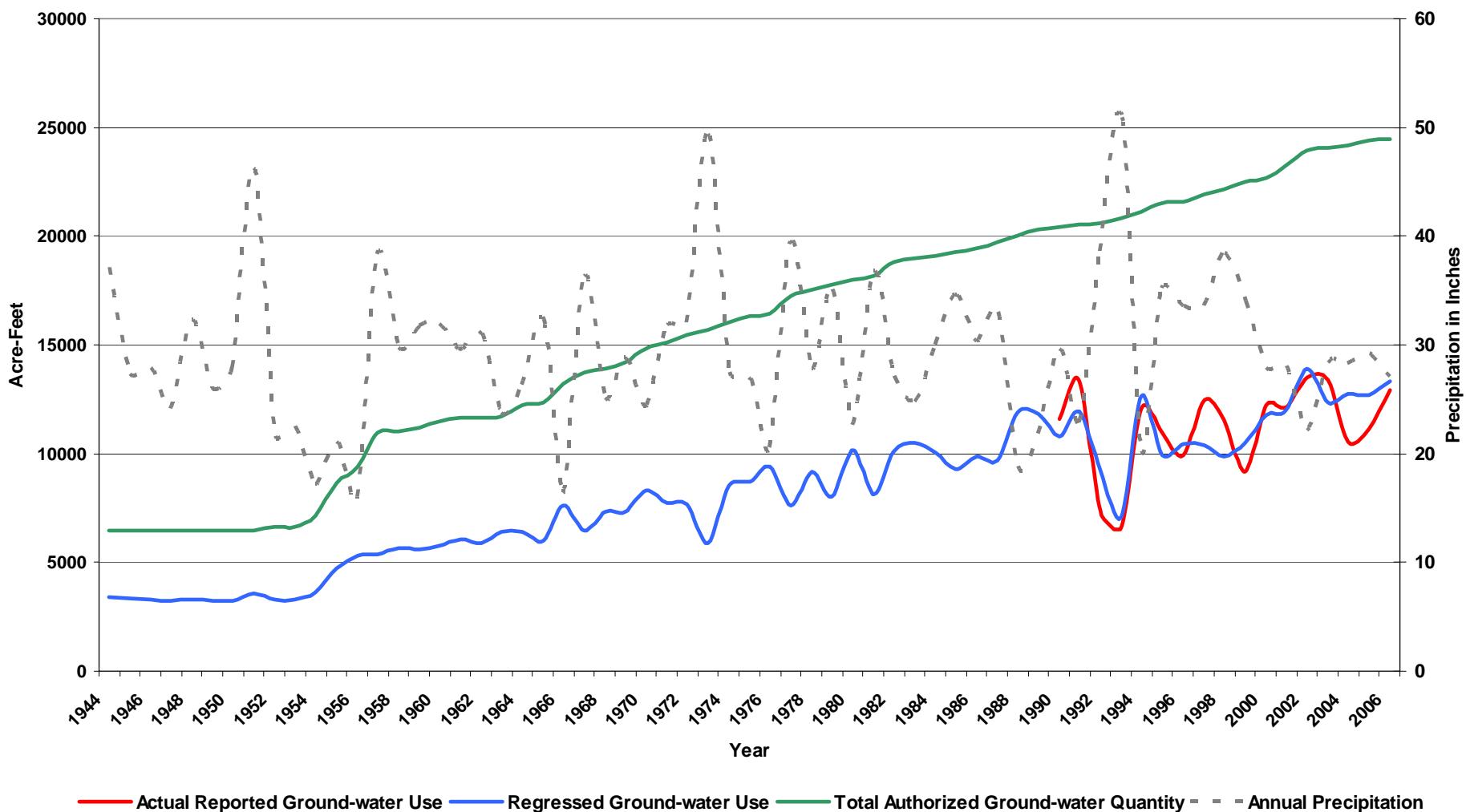


Smoky Hill Valley Water Rights

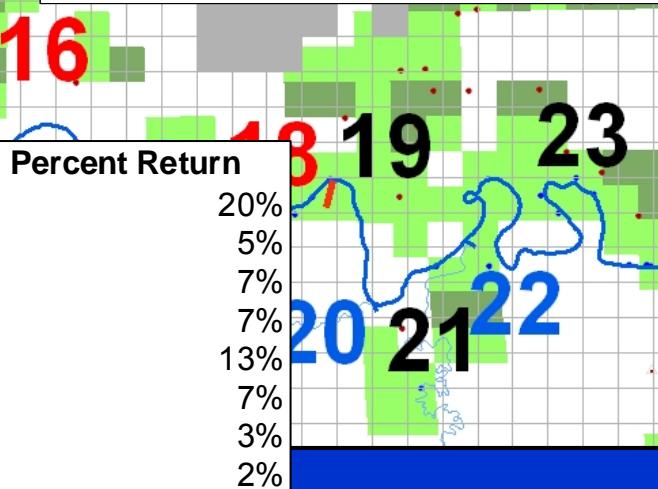
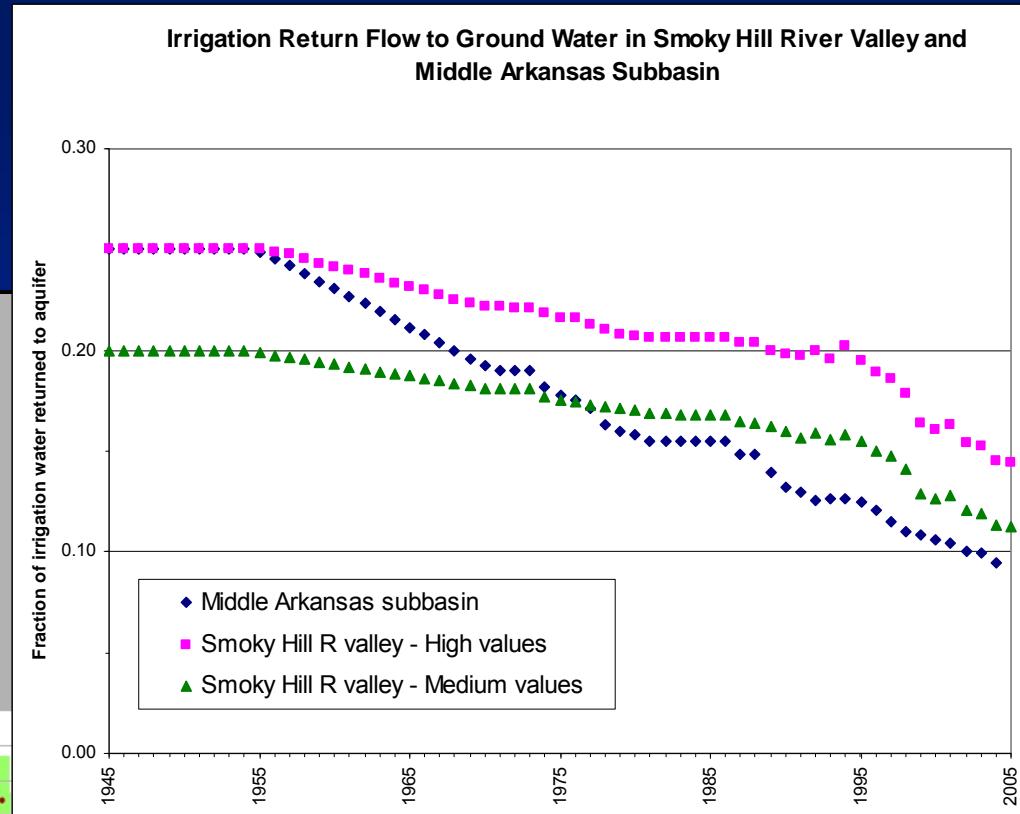
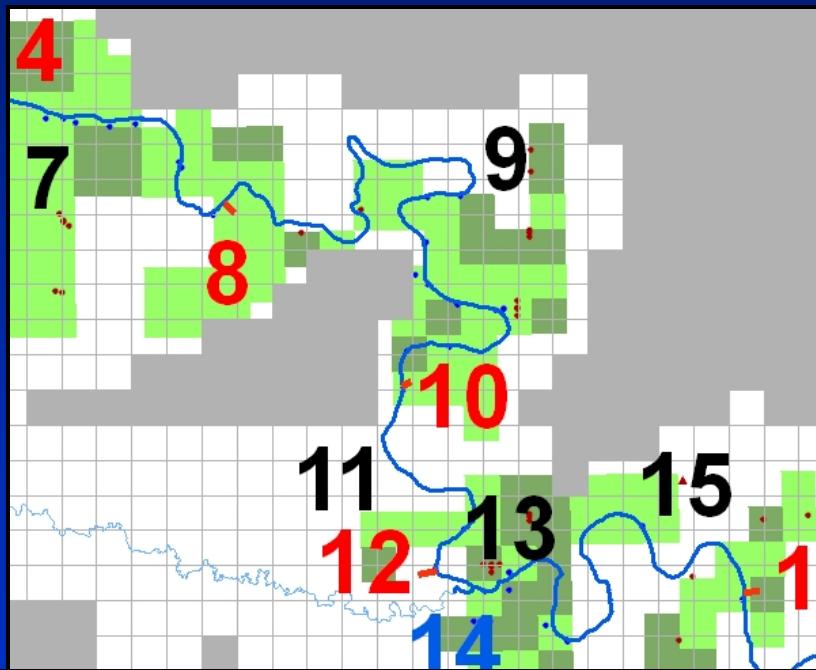
- ☒ G_DEW
- △ G_DOM
- ★ G_IND
- G_IRR
- ▲ G_MUN
- ◤ G_REC
- G_STK
- ⚡ G_THX
- △ S_DOM
- ★ S_IND
- S_IRR
- ▲ S_MUN
- ◤ S_REC
- * S_SED



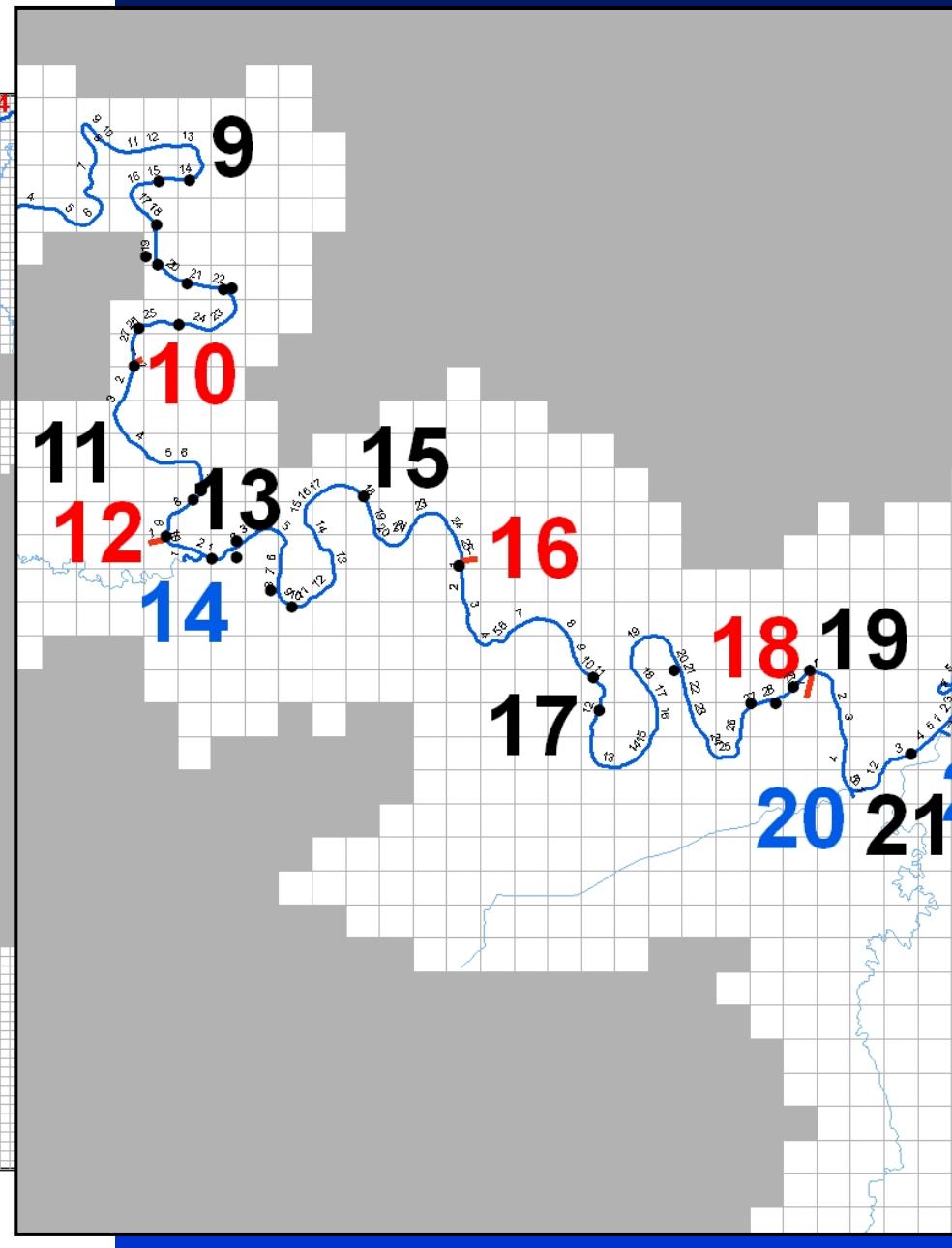
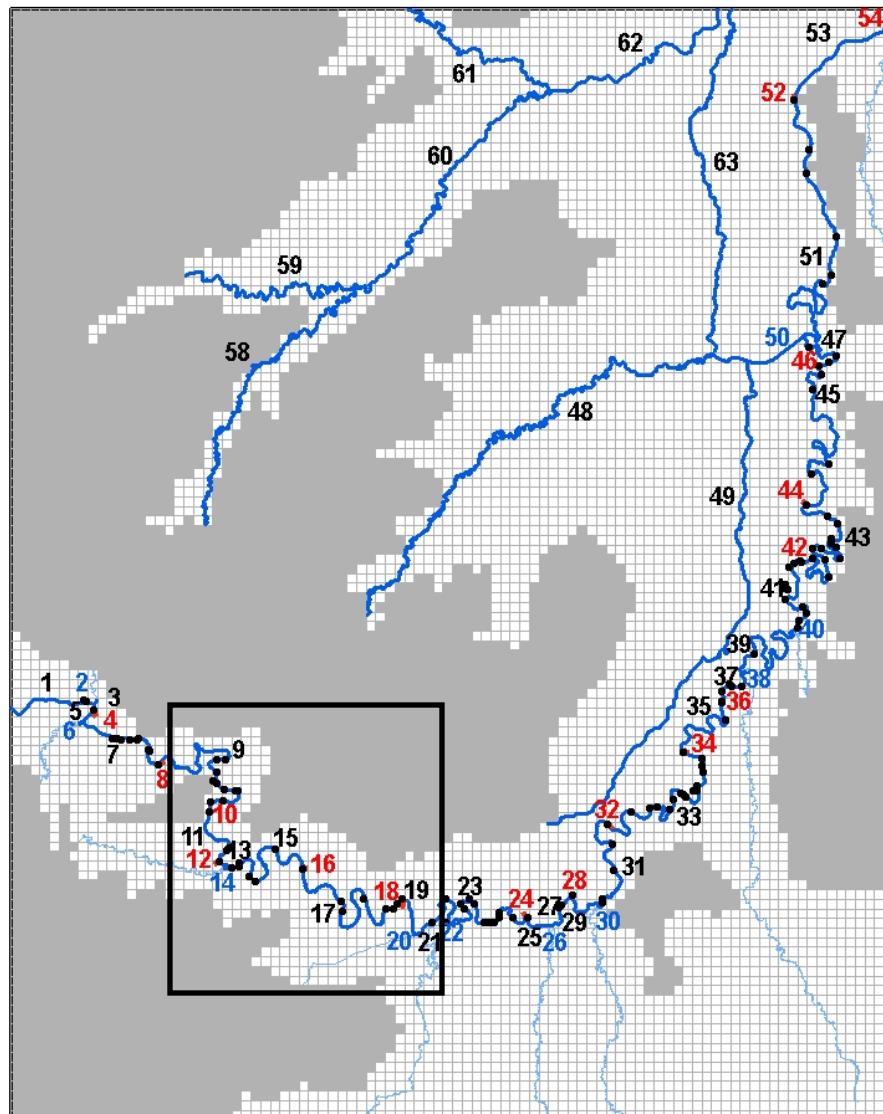
Pumping Estimates- Ground-Water Uses



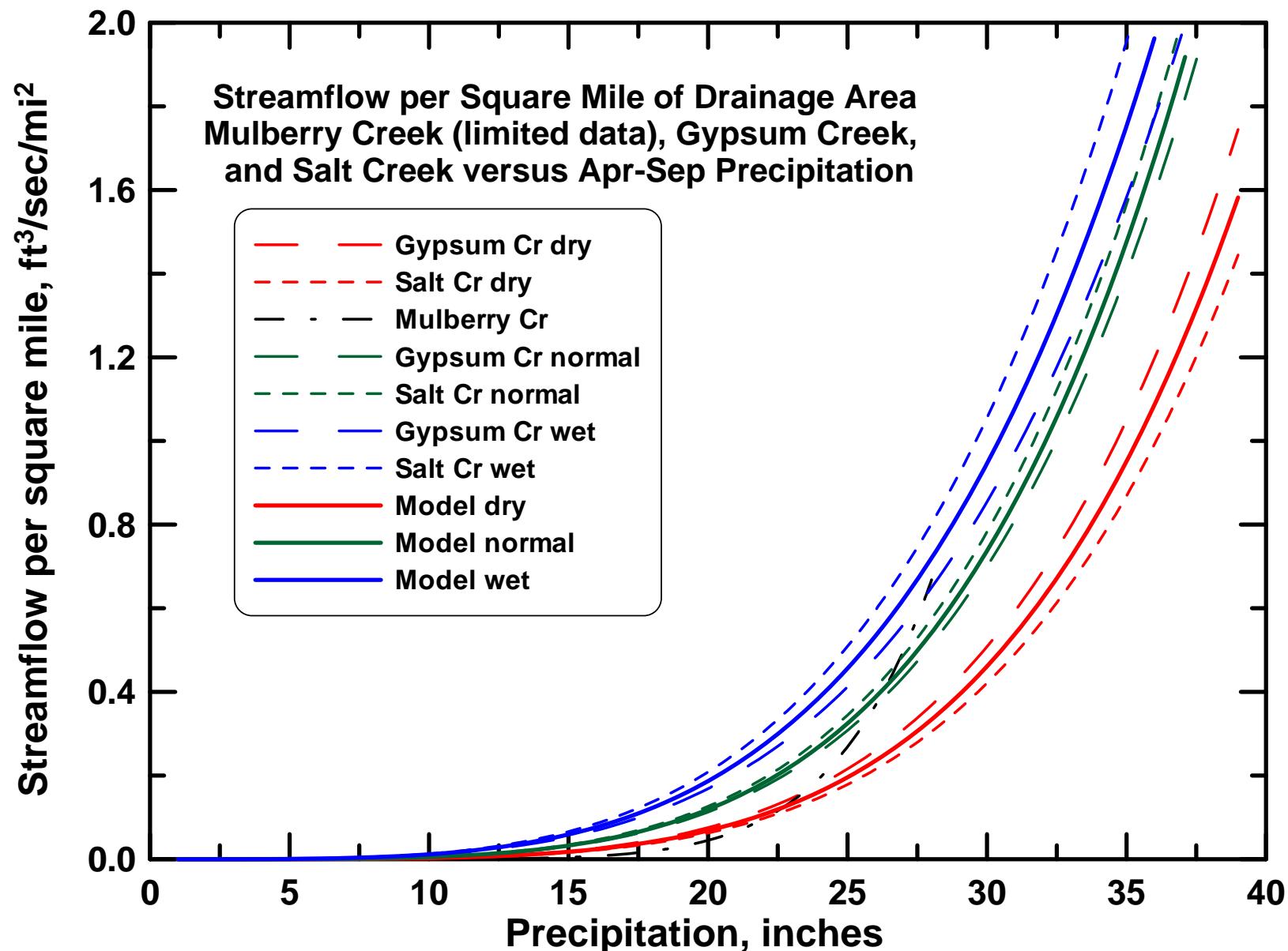
Net Pumping and Return Flows



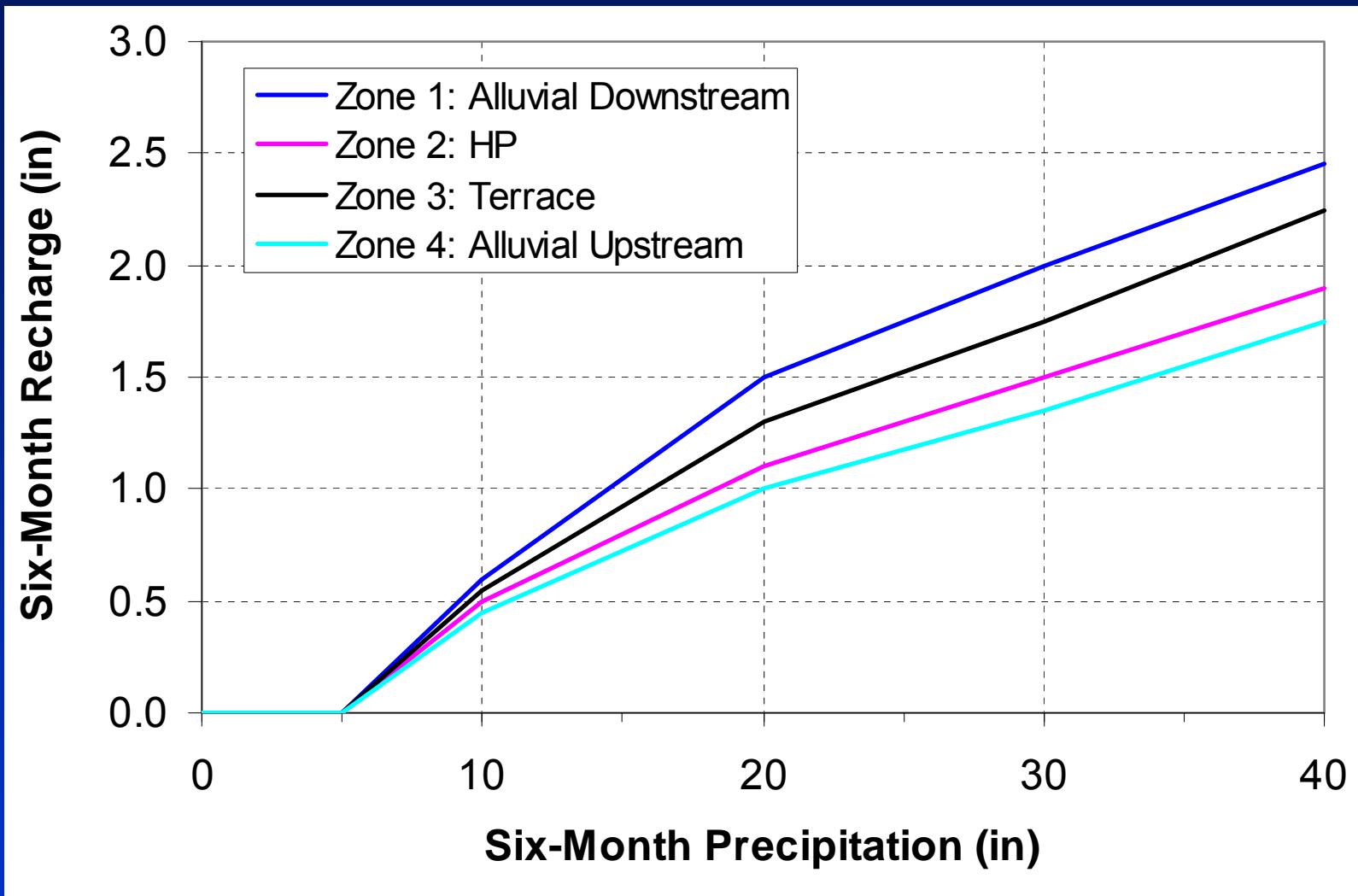
Surface Inflows/Outflows



Tributary Inflow – Antecedent Conditions



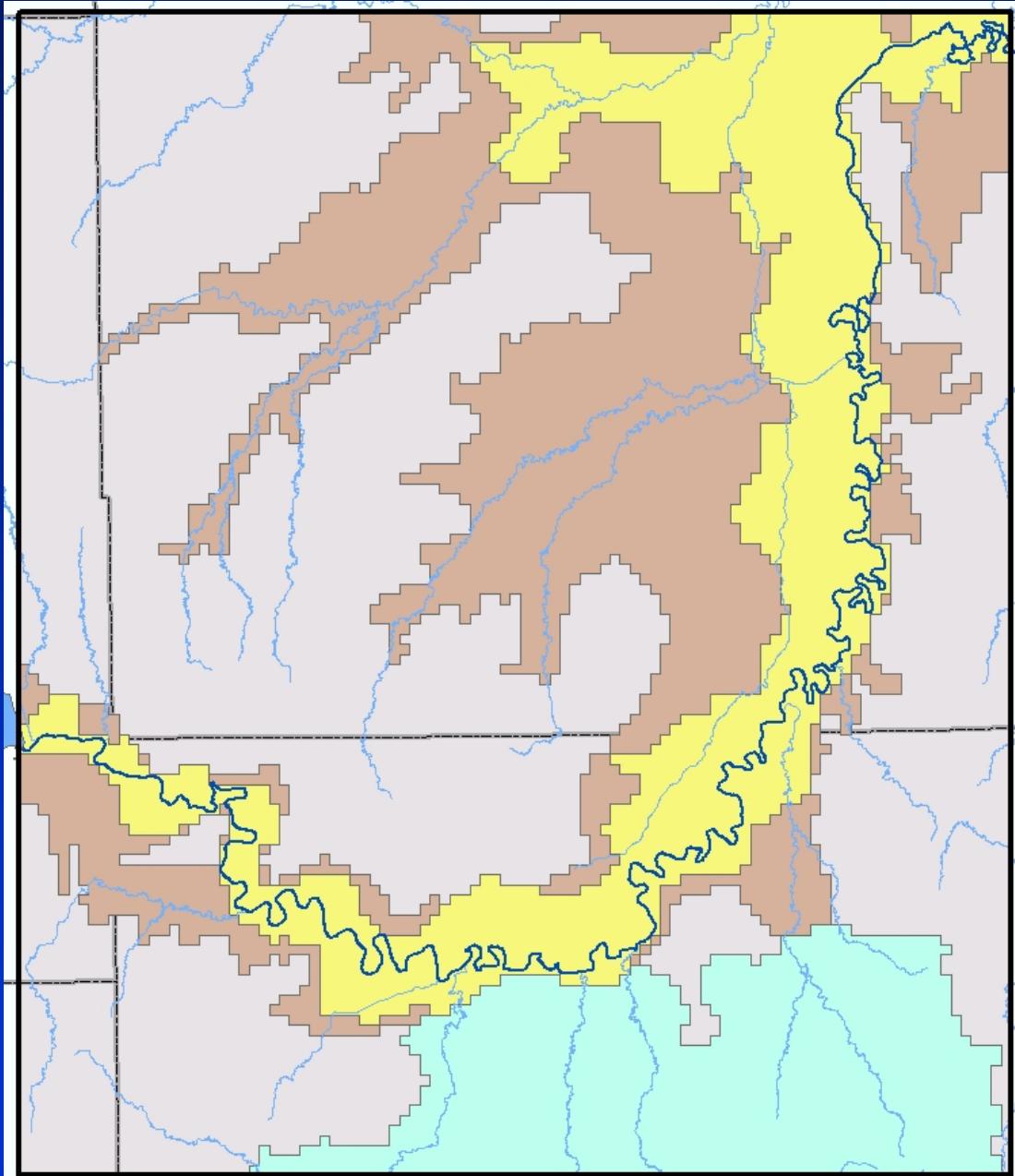
Calibrated Winter Recharge Curves



- Summer recharge curves similar to winter curves, but with an offset of 15 inches.

Evapotranspiration- Alluvial Zone

- ET only considered in the main alluvial zone.
- Maximum ET rate at the surface, 15.55 in/yr.
- Extinction depth 5.0 ft.
- ET rate linearly interpolated between the land surface and extinction depth.

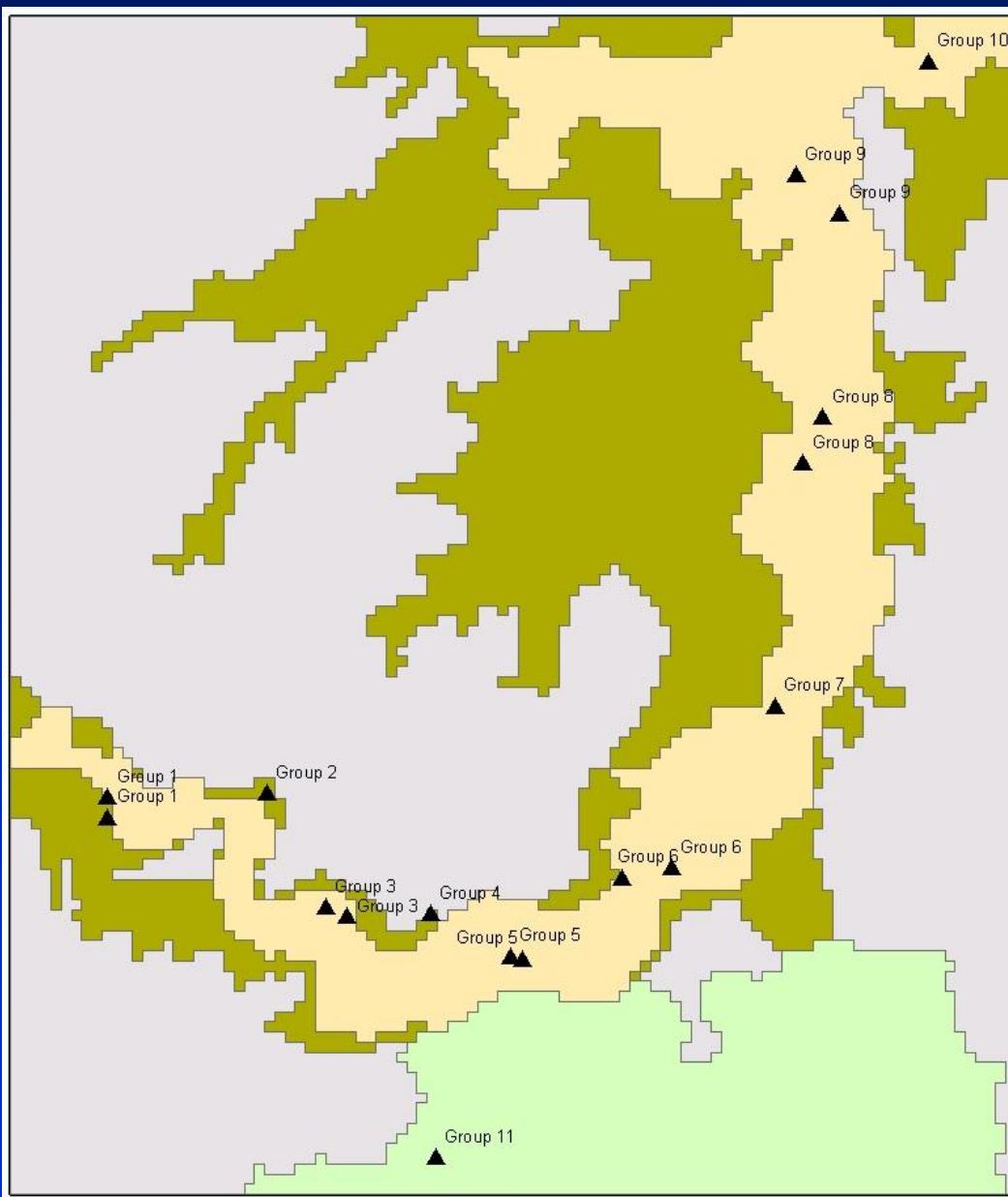


Smoky Hill Ground-Water Model

Model Results- Water Levels

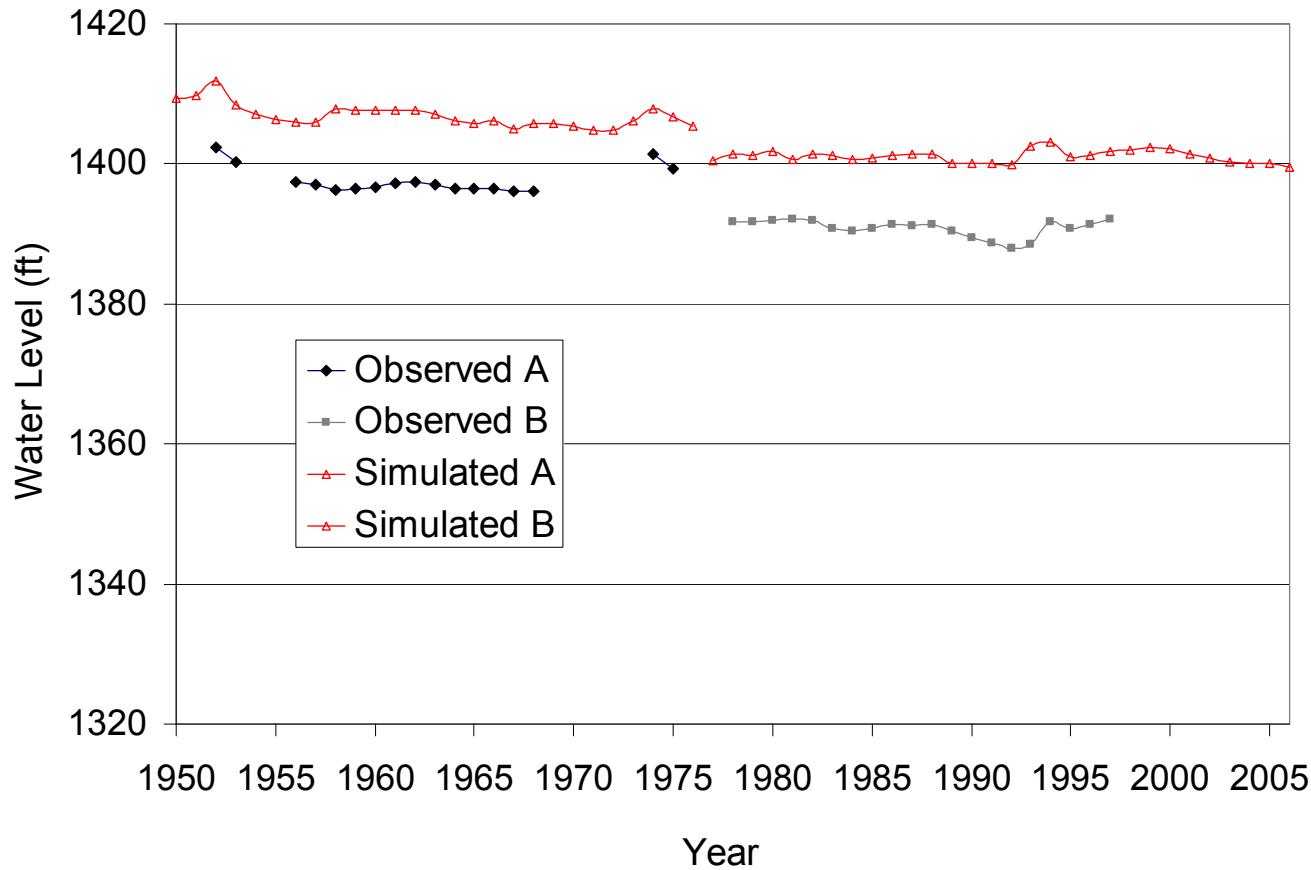


Selected Calibration Wells

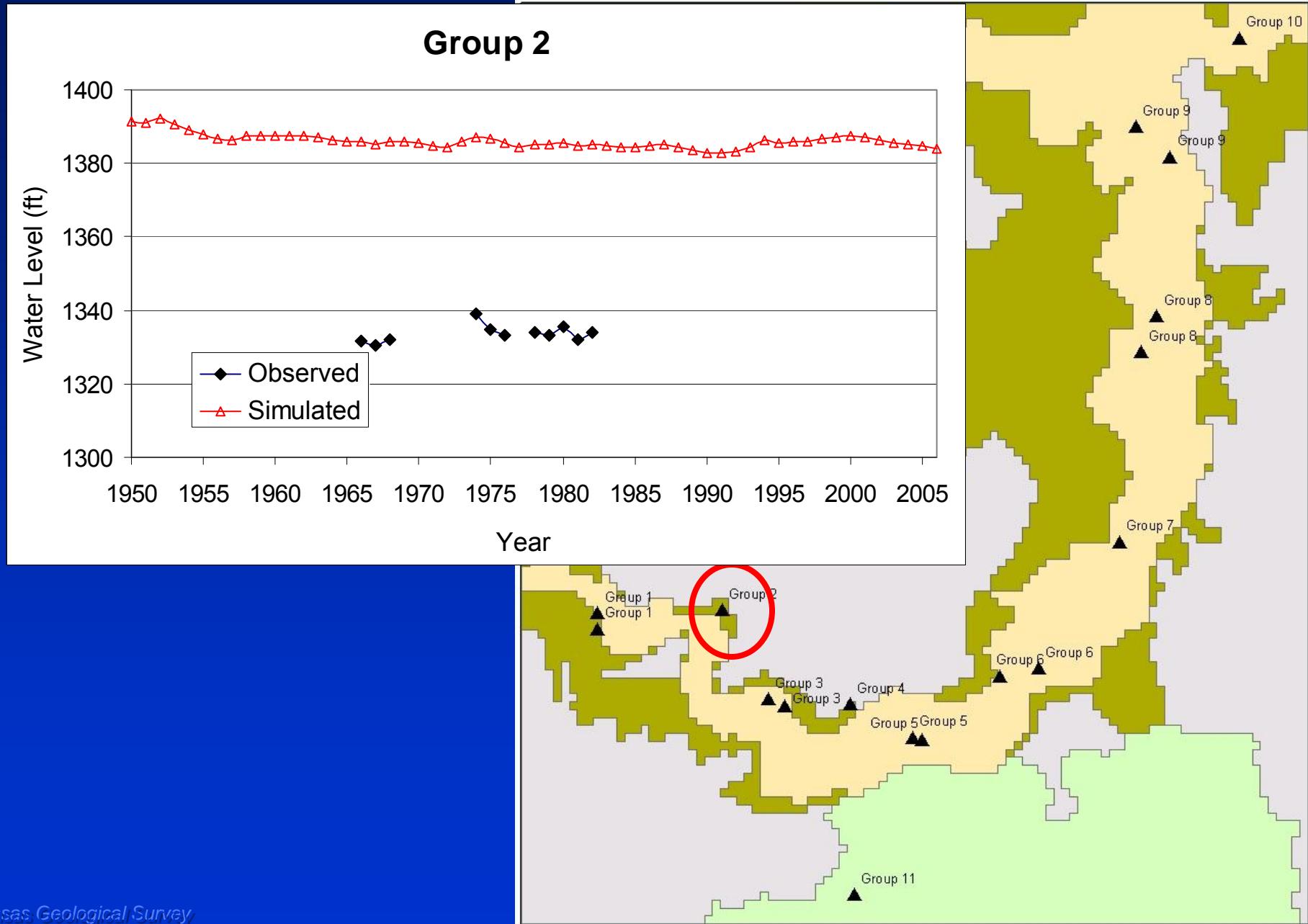


Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs

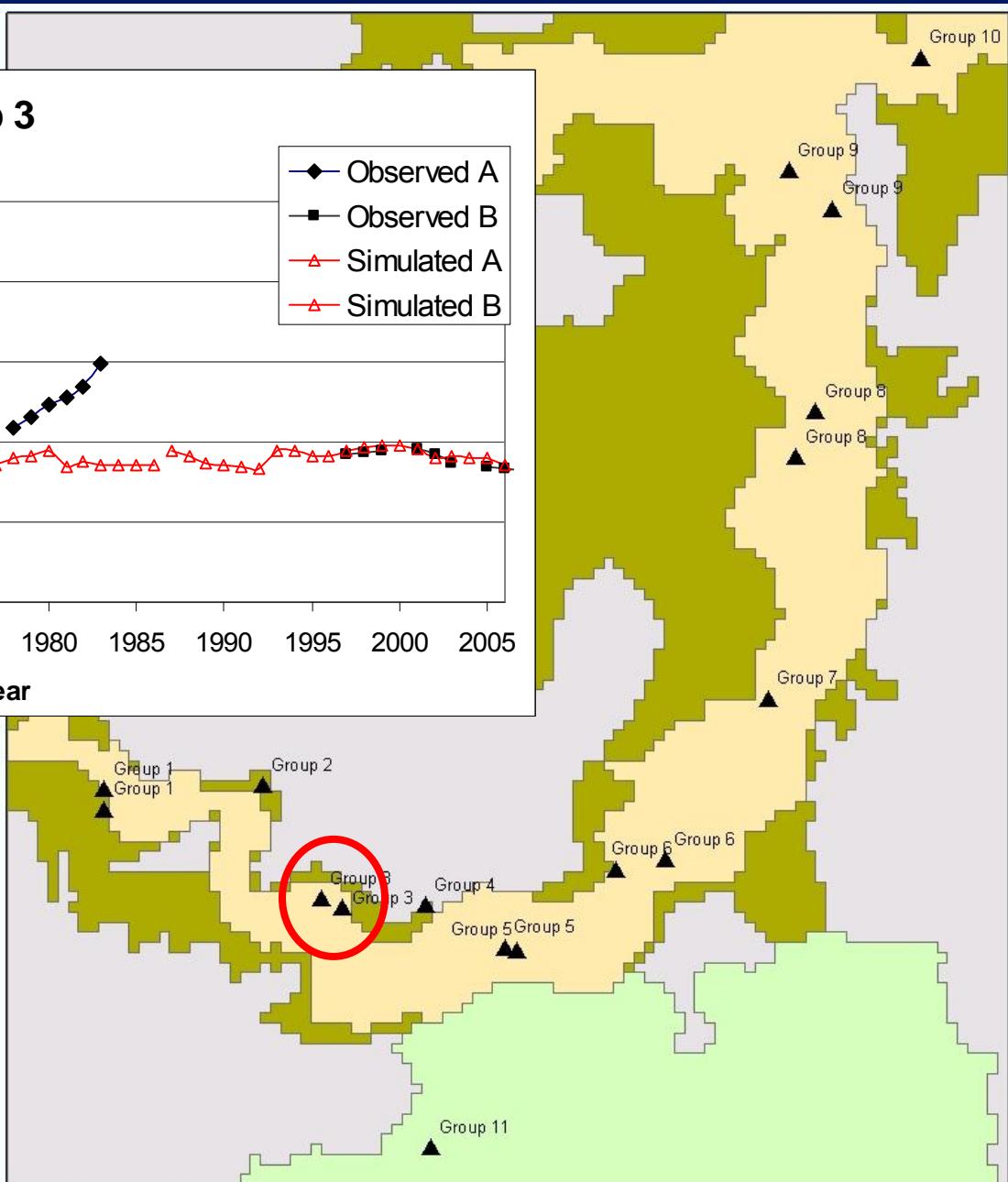
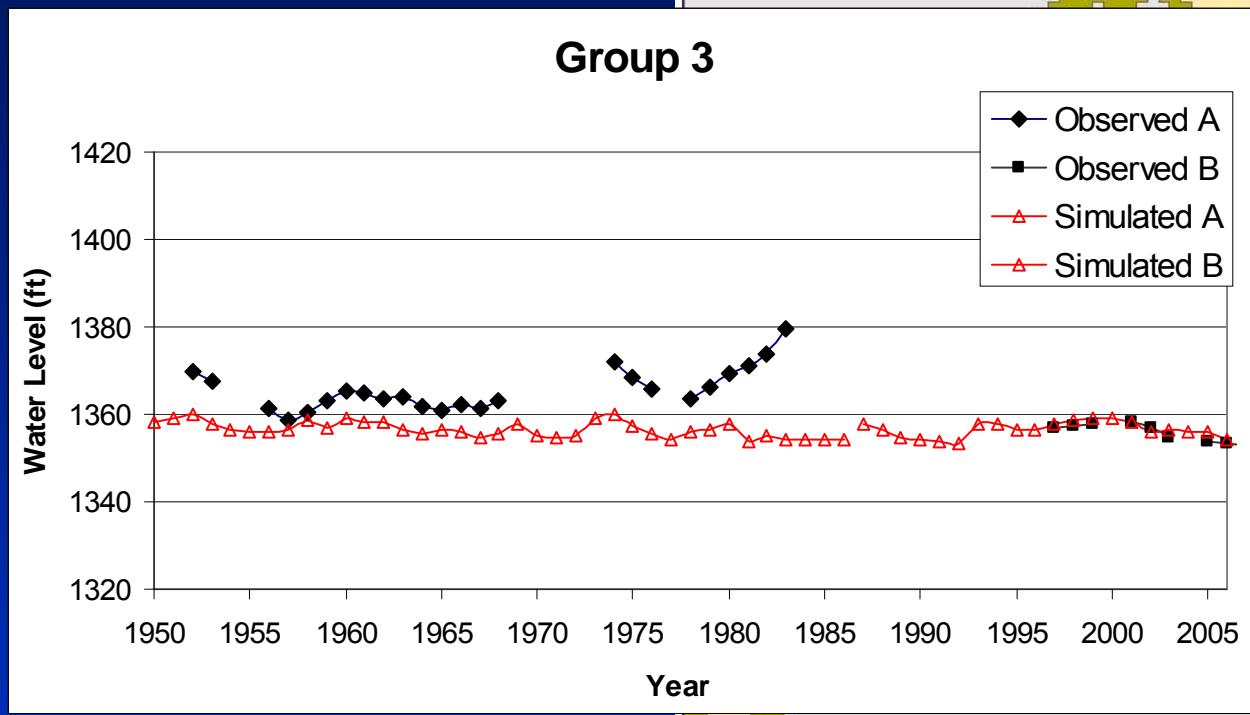
Group 1



Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs

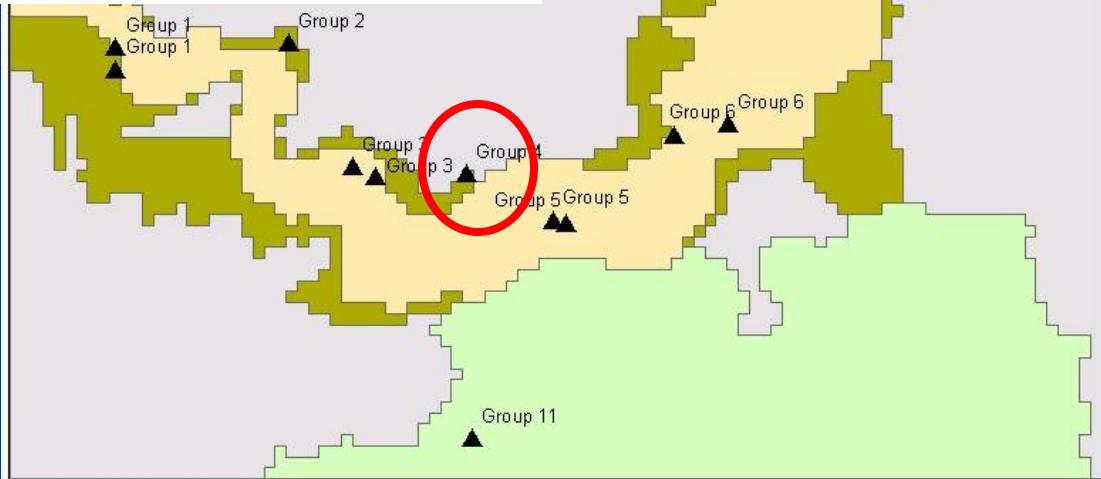
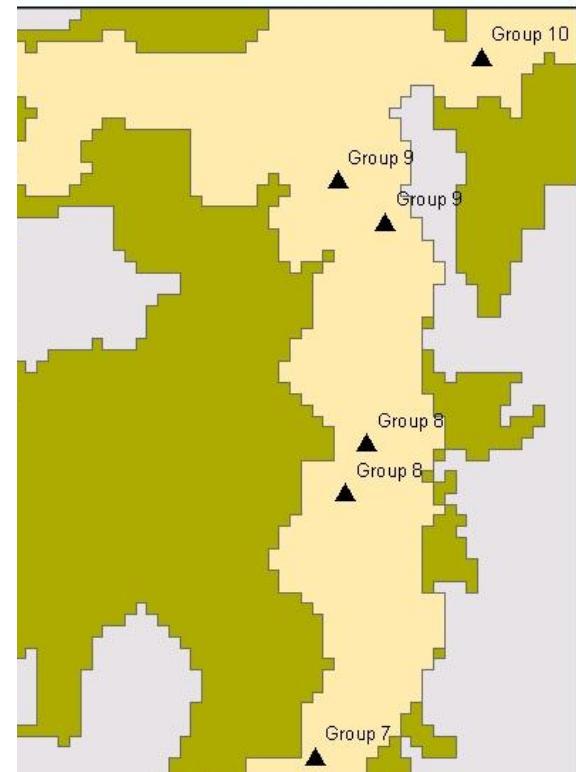
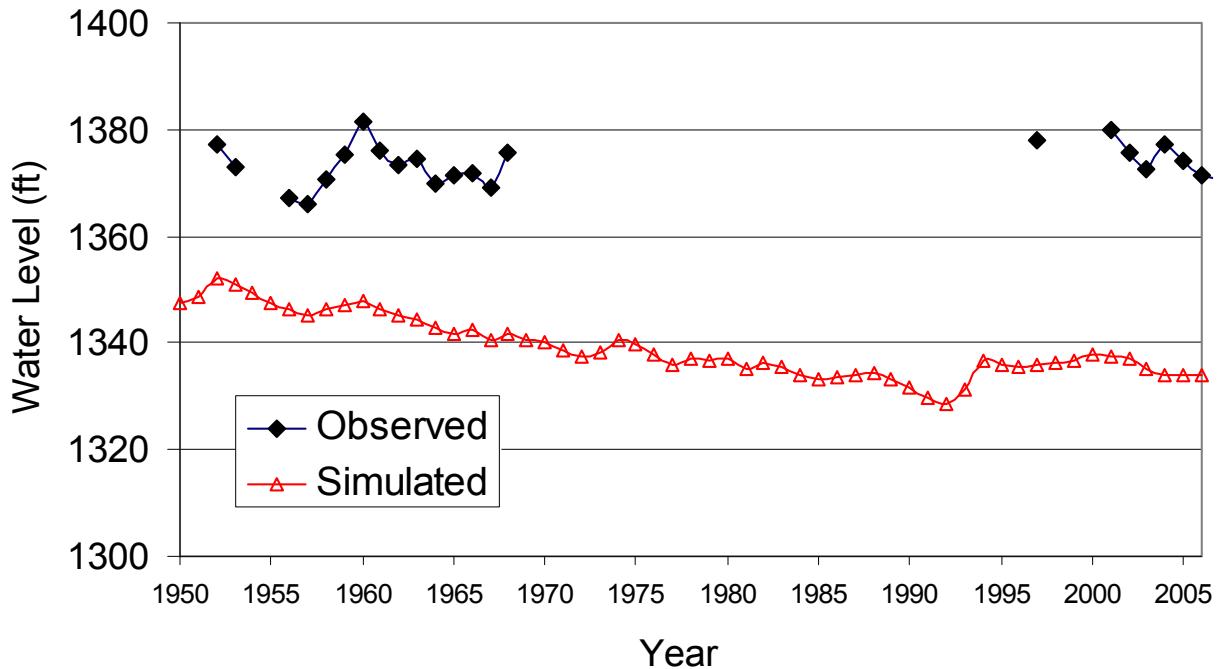


Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs

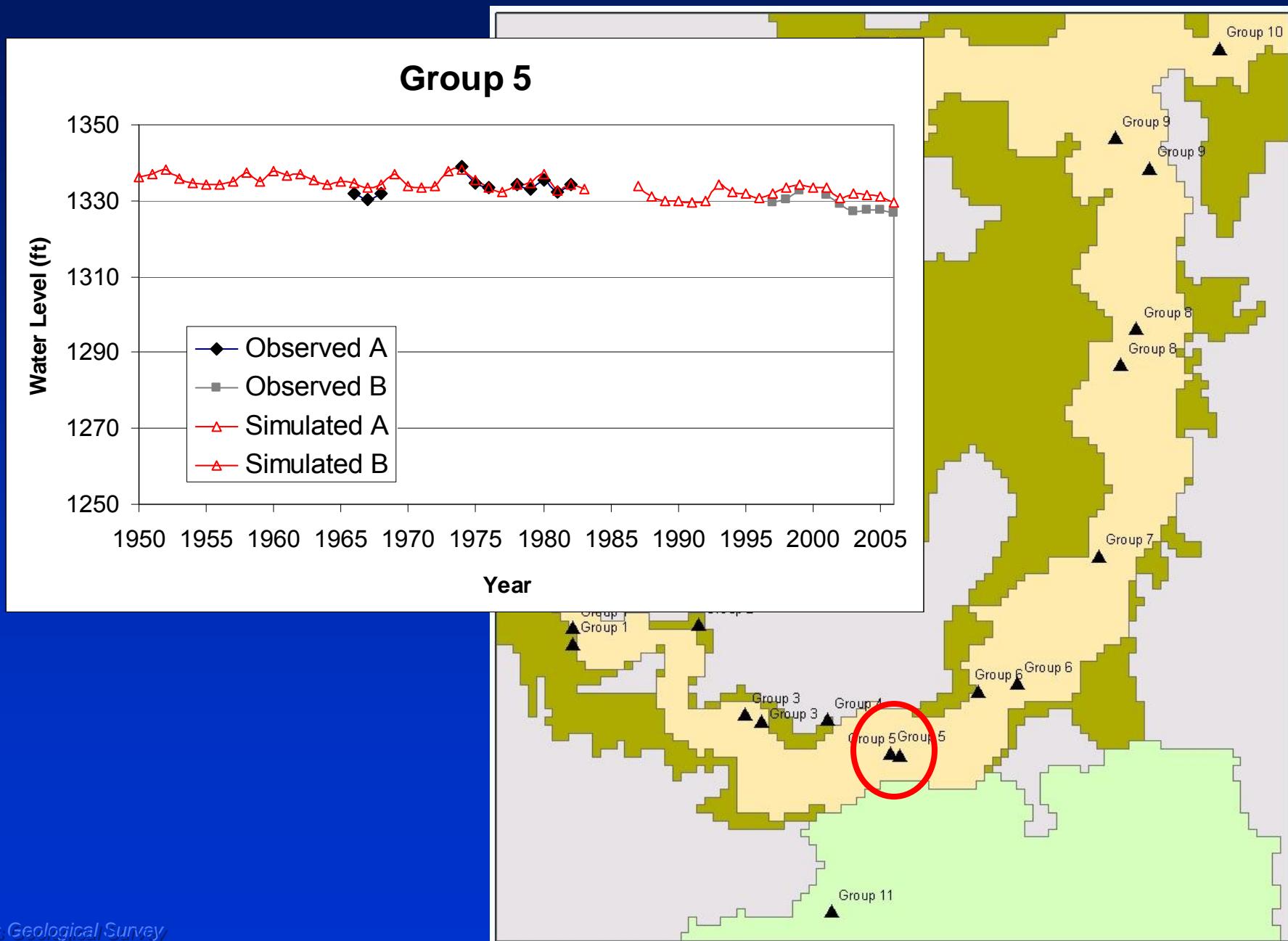


Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs

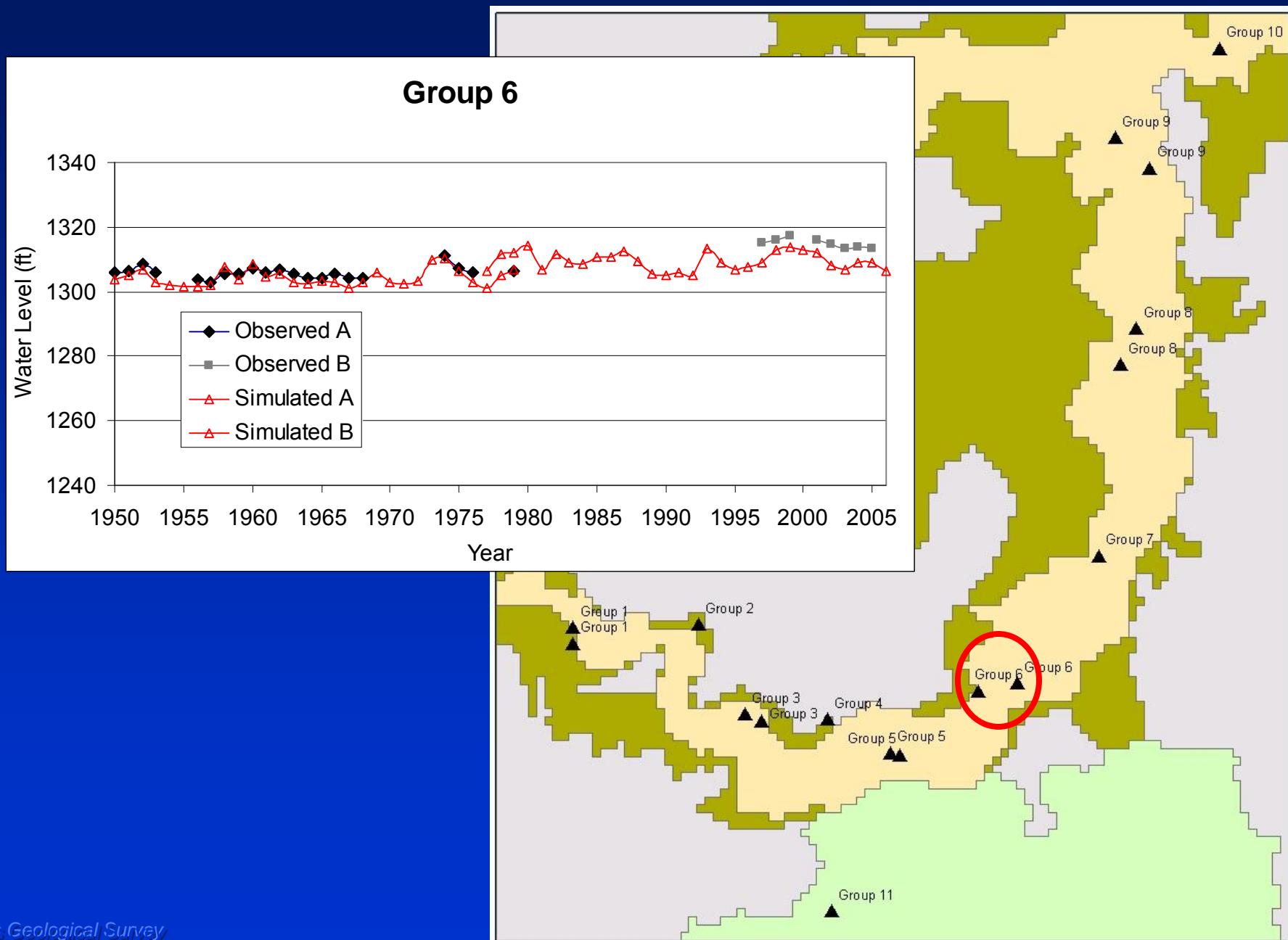
Group 4



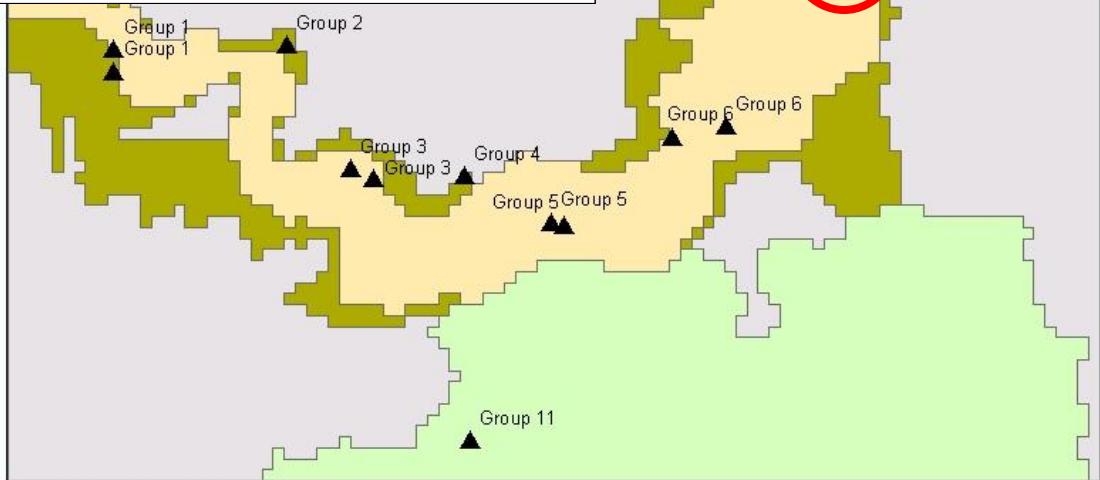
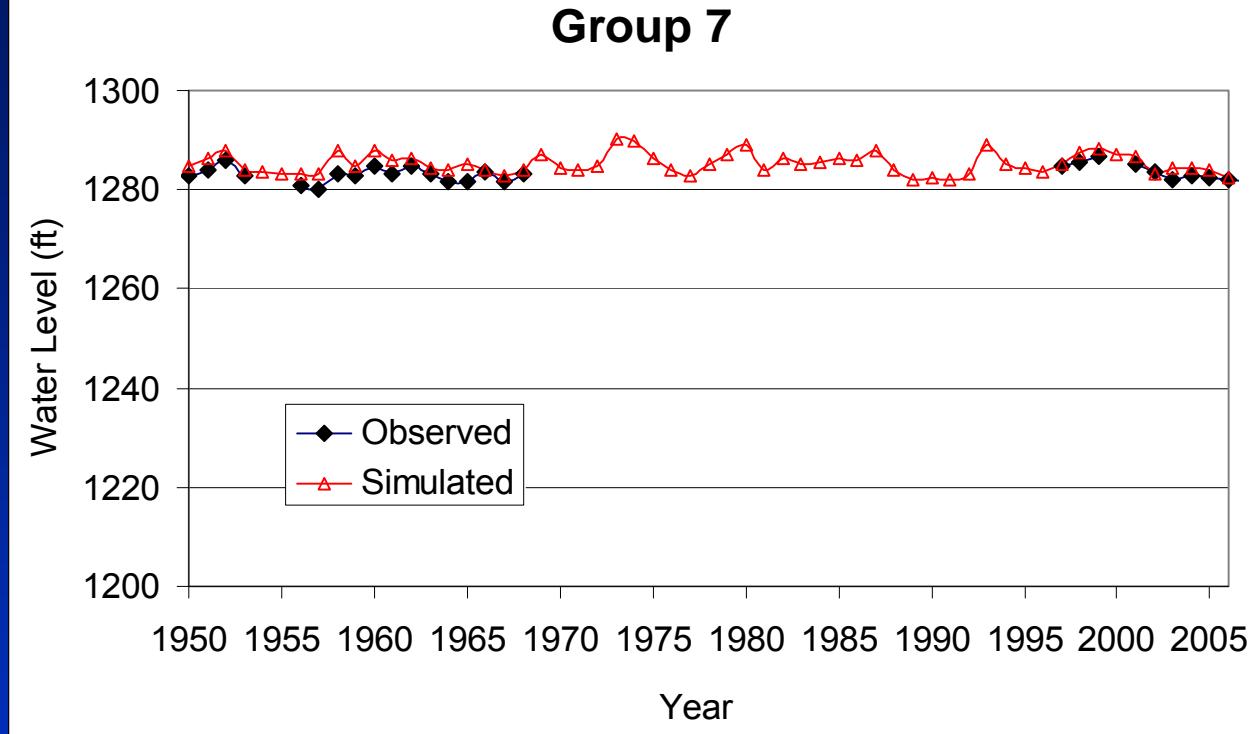
Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs



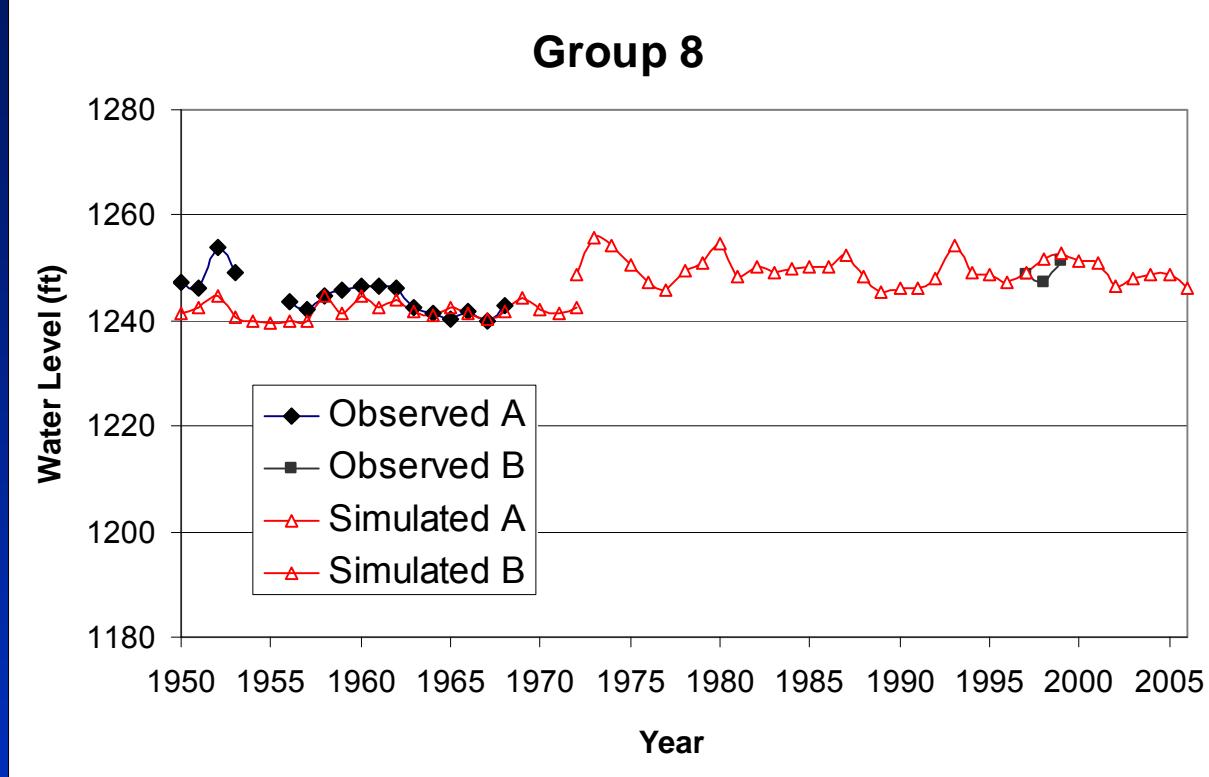
Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs



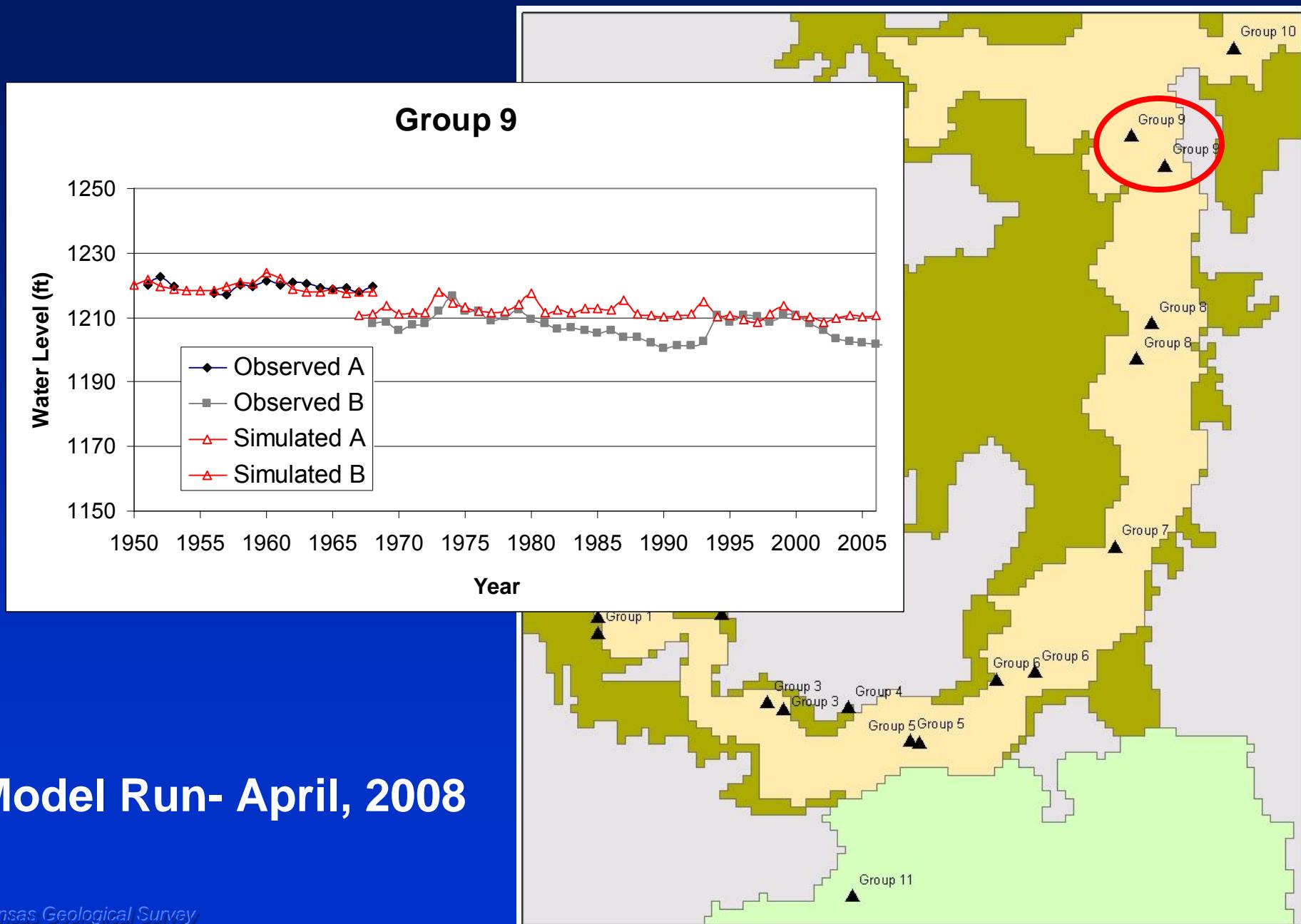
Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs



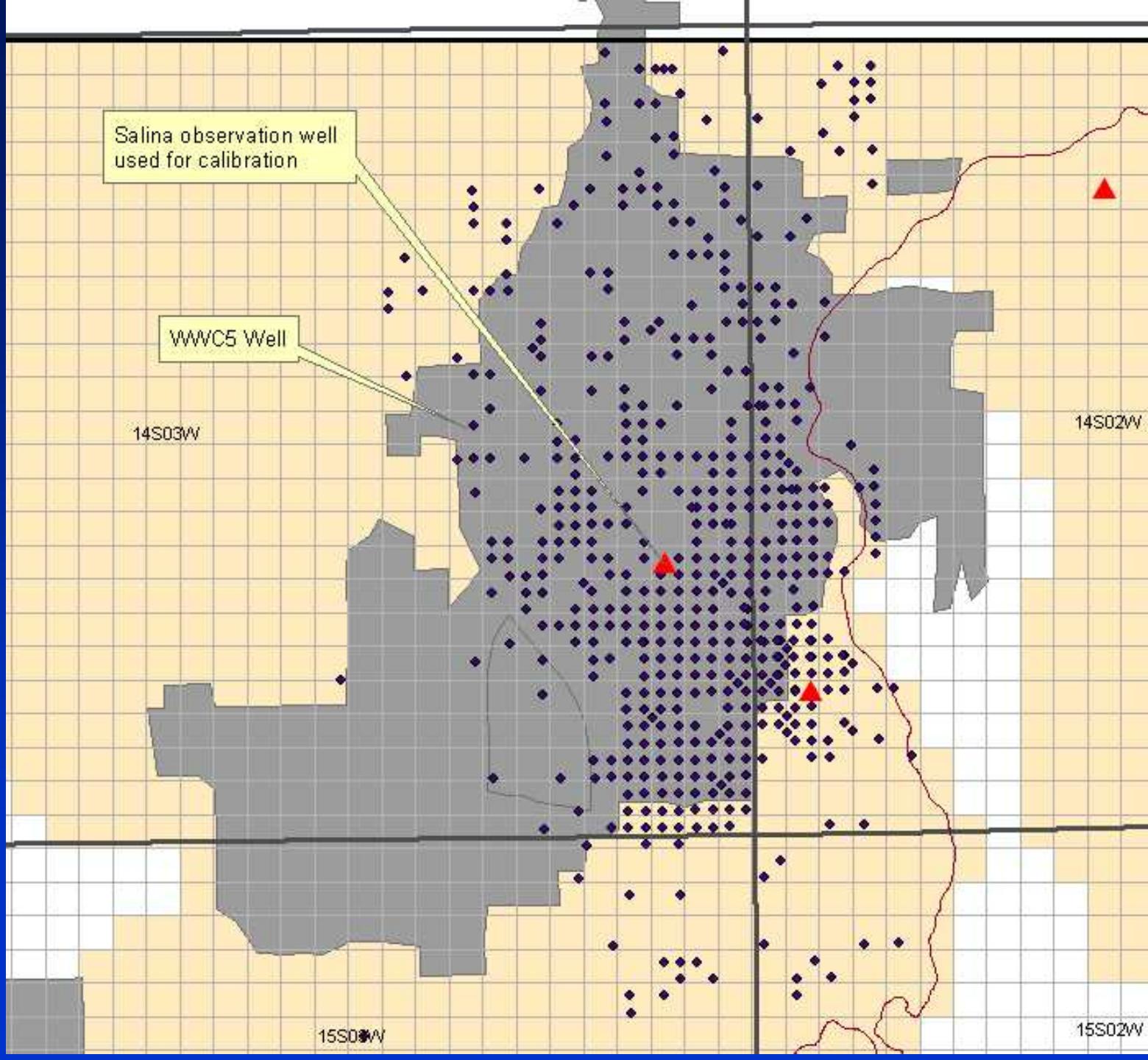
Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs



Initially Simulated Well Hydrograph in Salina

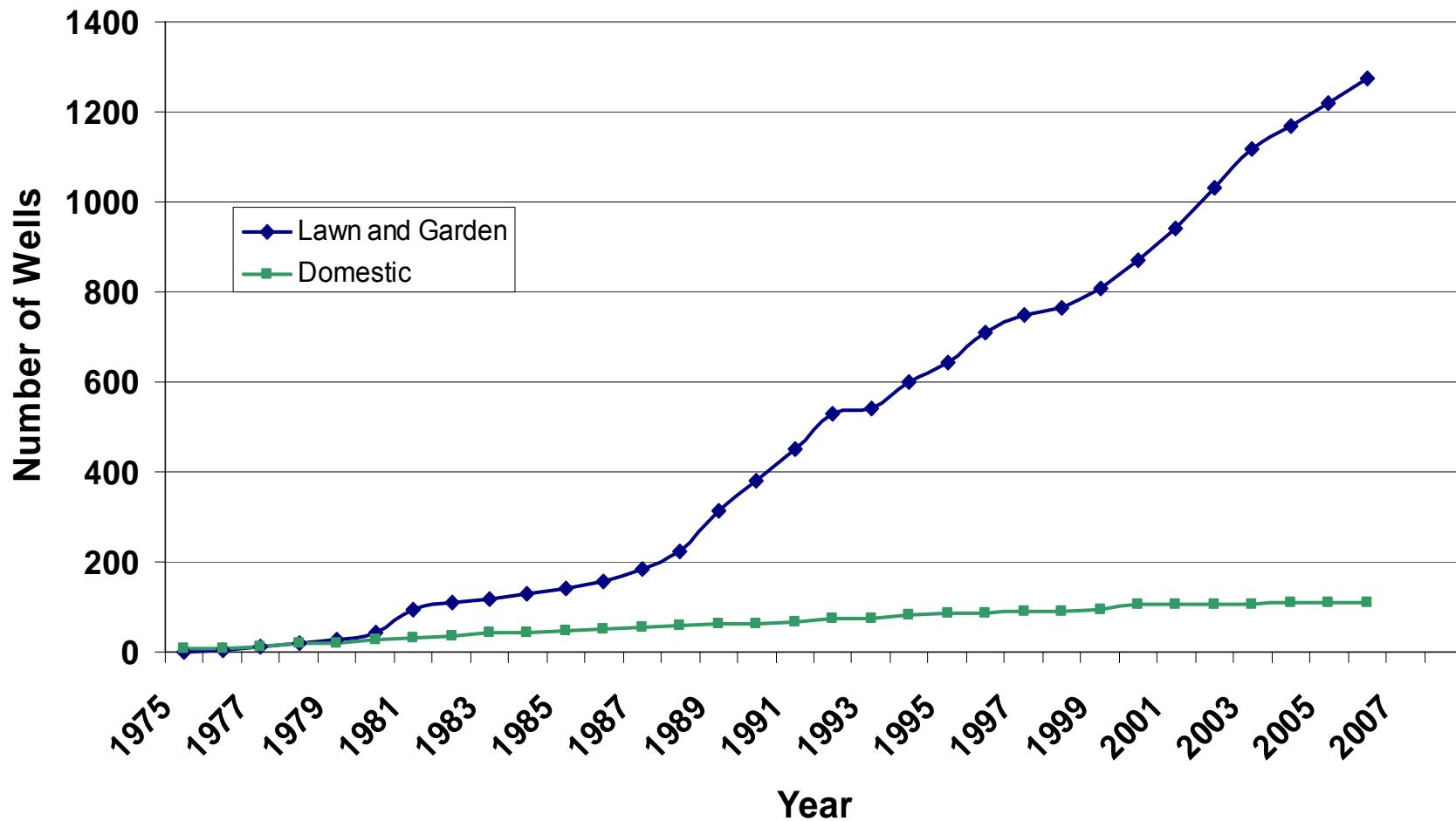


WWC5 Wells Near Salina



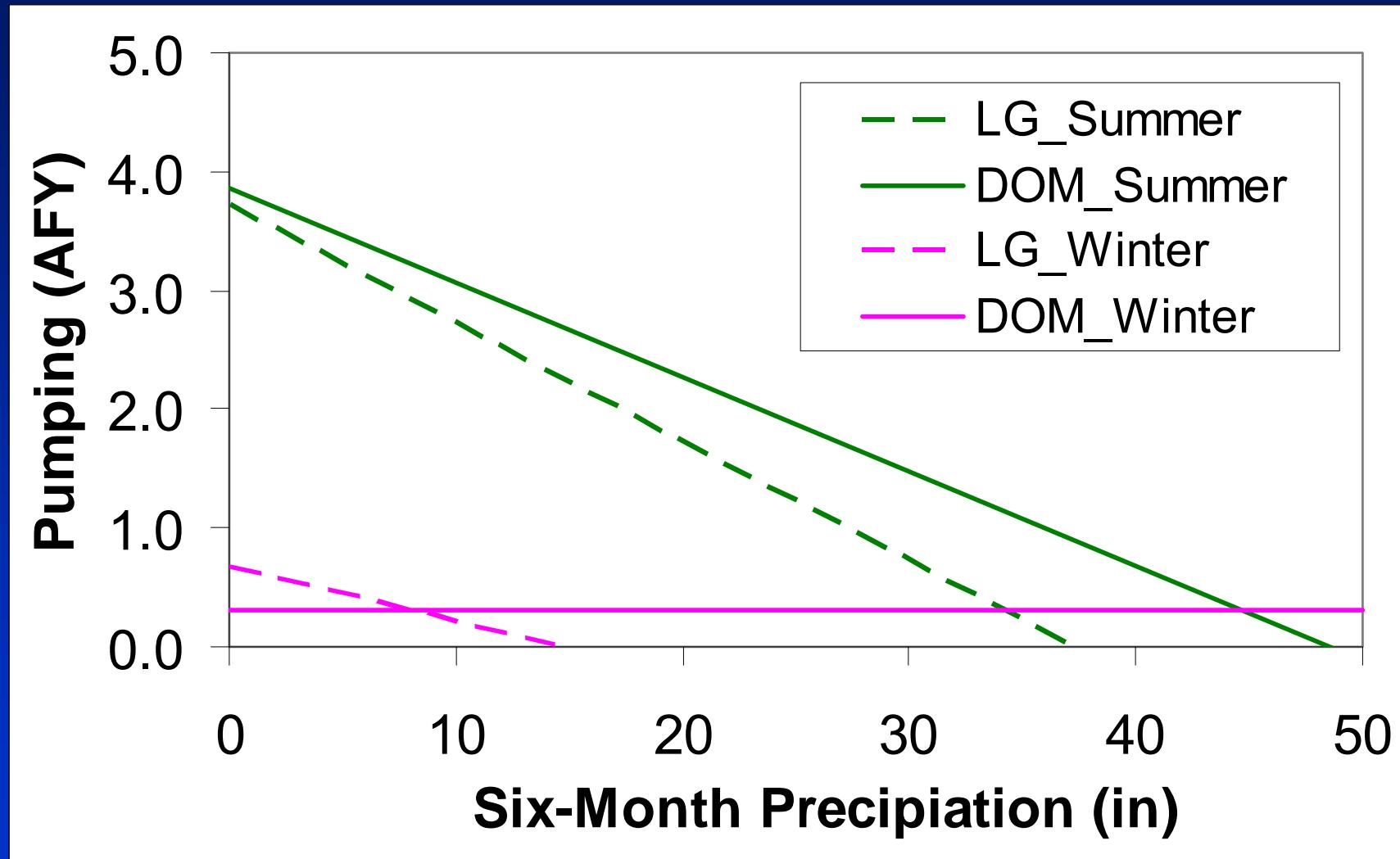
Domestic and Lawn/Garden Well Development

Domestic and Lawn/Garden Well Accumulation
in and around the City of Salina



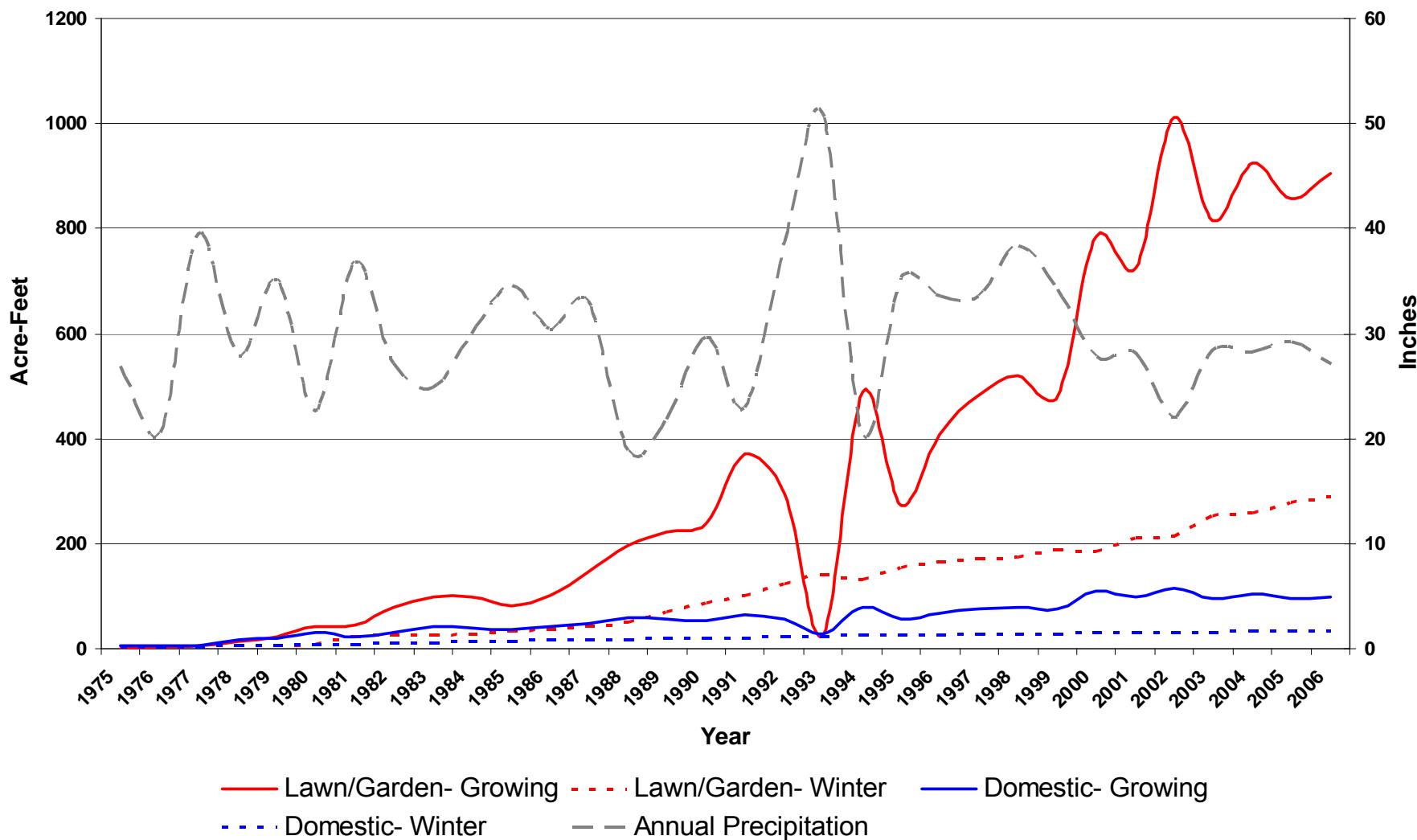
Since 1974, over 1,400 private domestic wells have been drilled in and around the Salina area.

Domestic Water Use Versus Precipitation

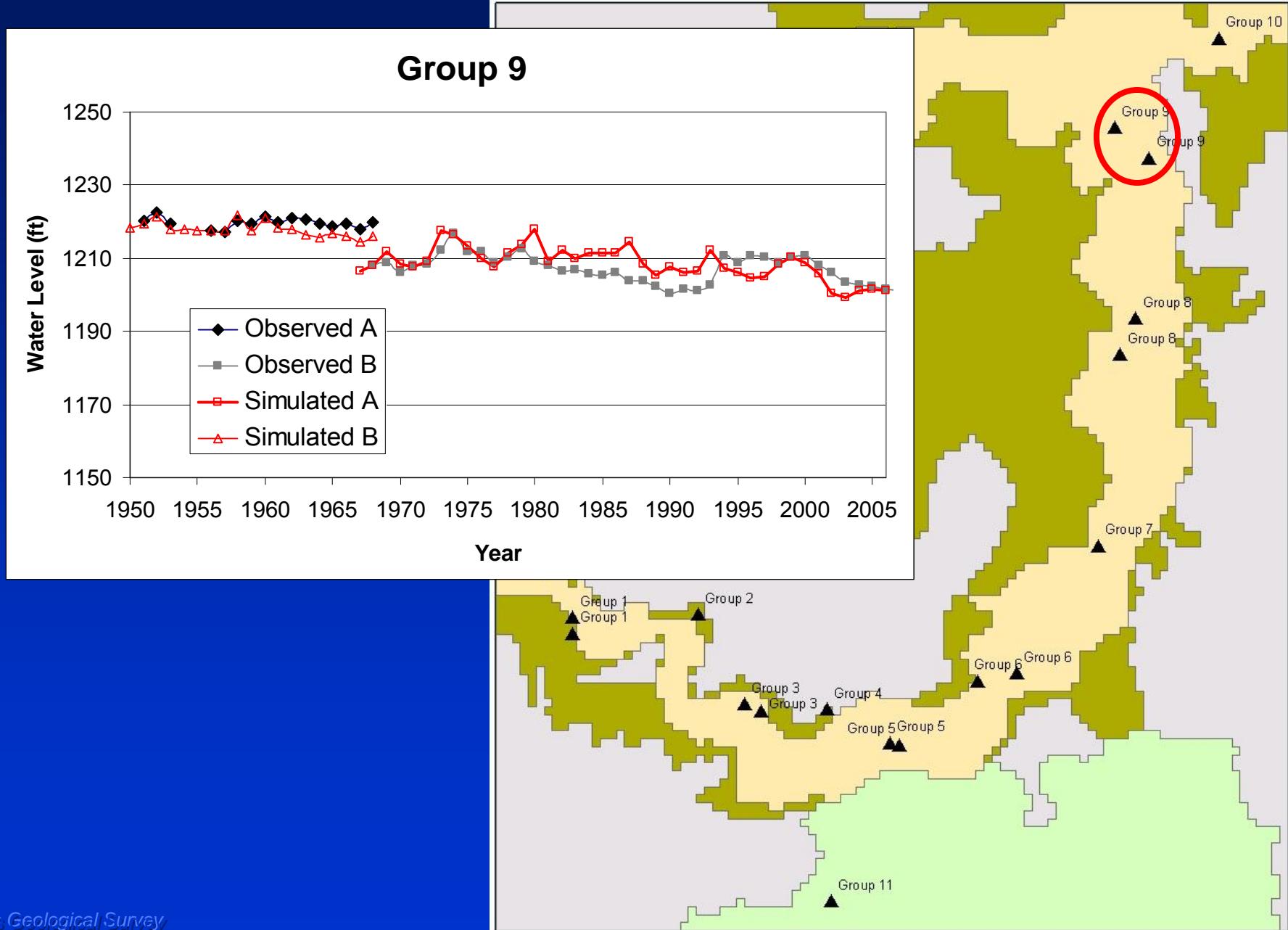


Domestic Pumping, 1975 to 2006

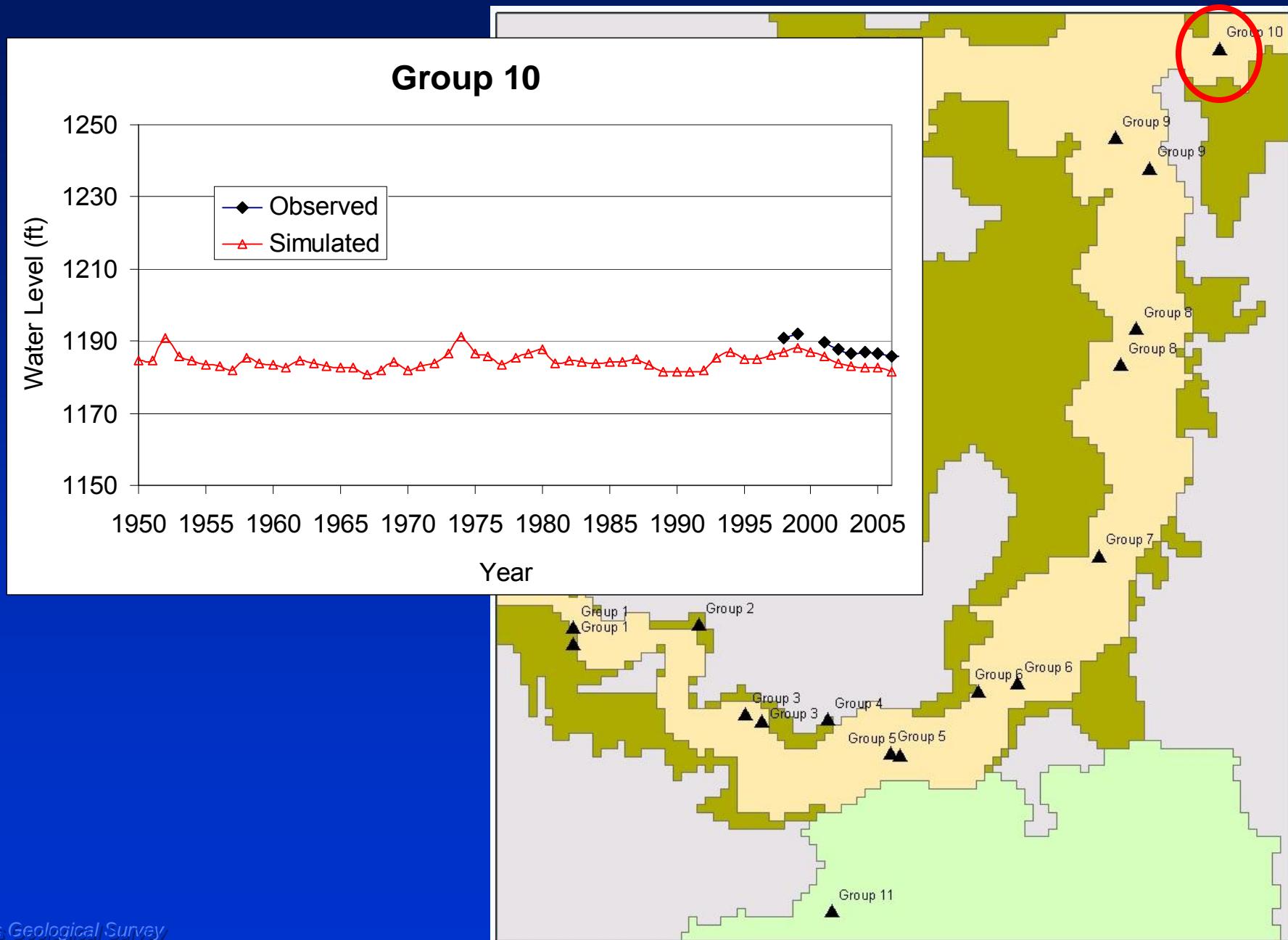
Estimated Private Well Water Use



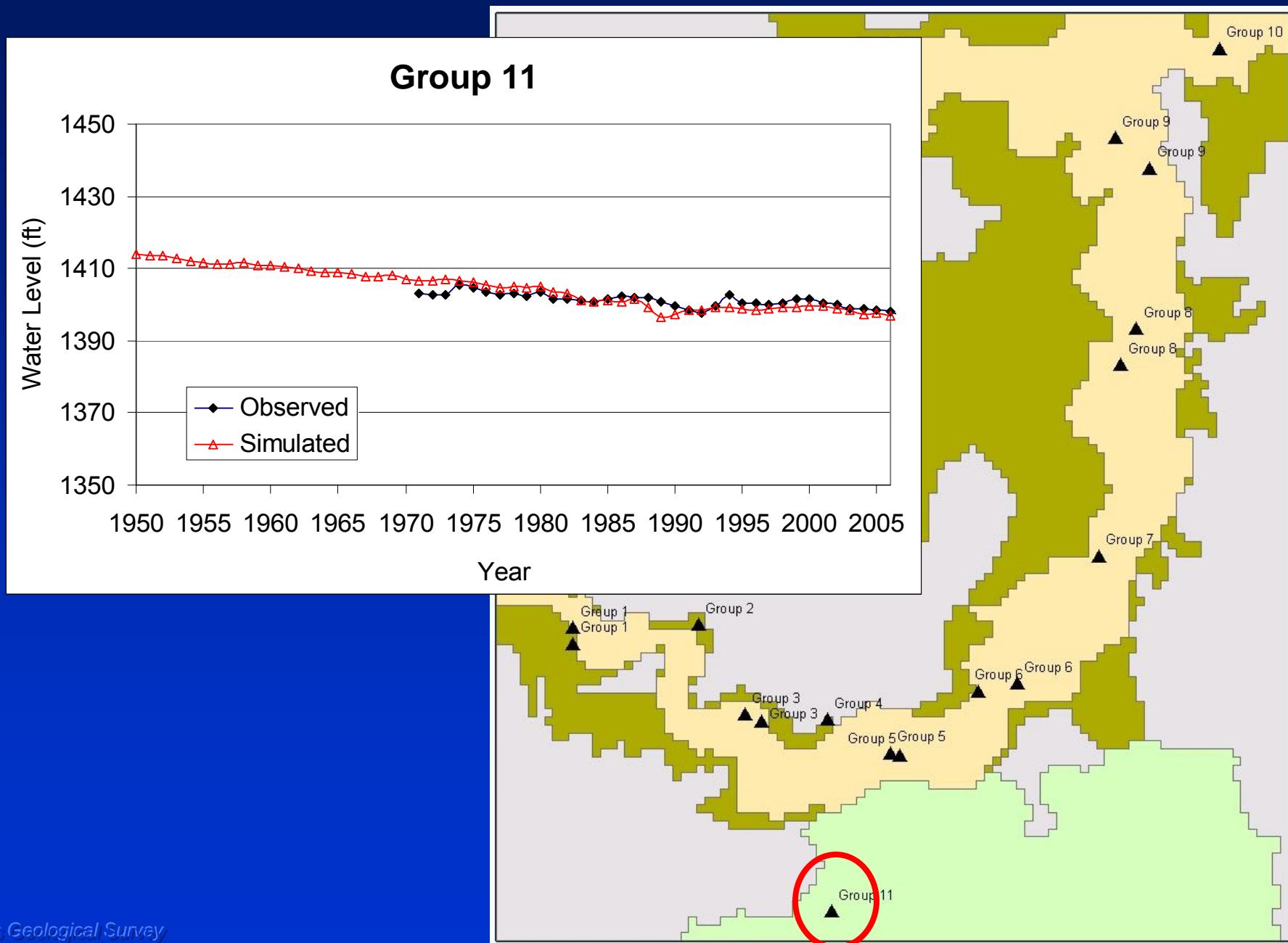
Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs



Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs



Calibrated Model Results- Hydrographs

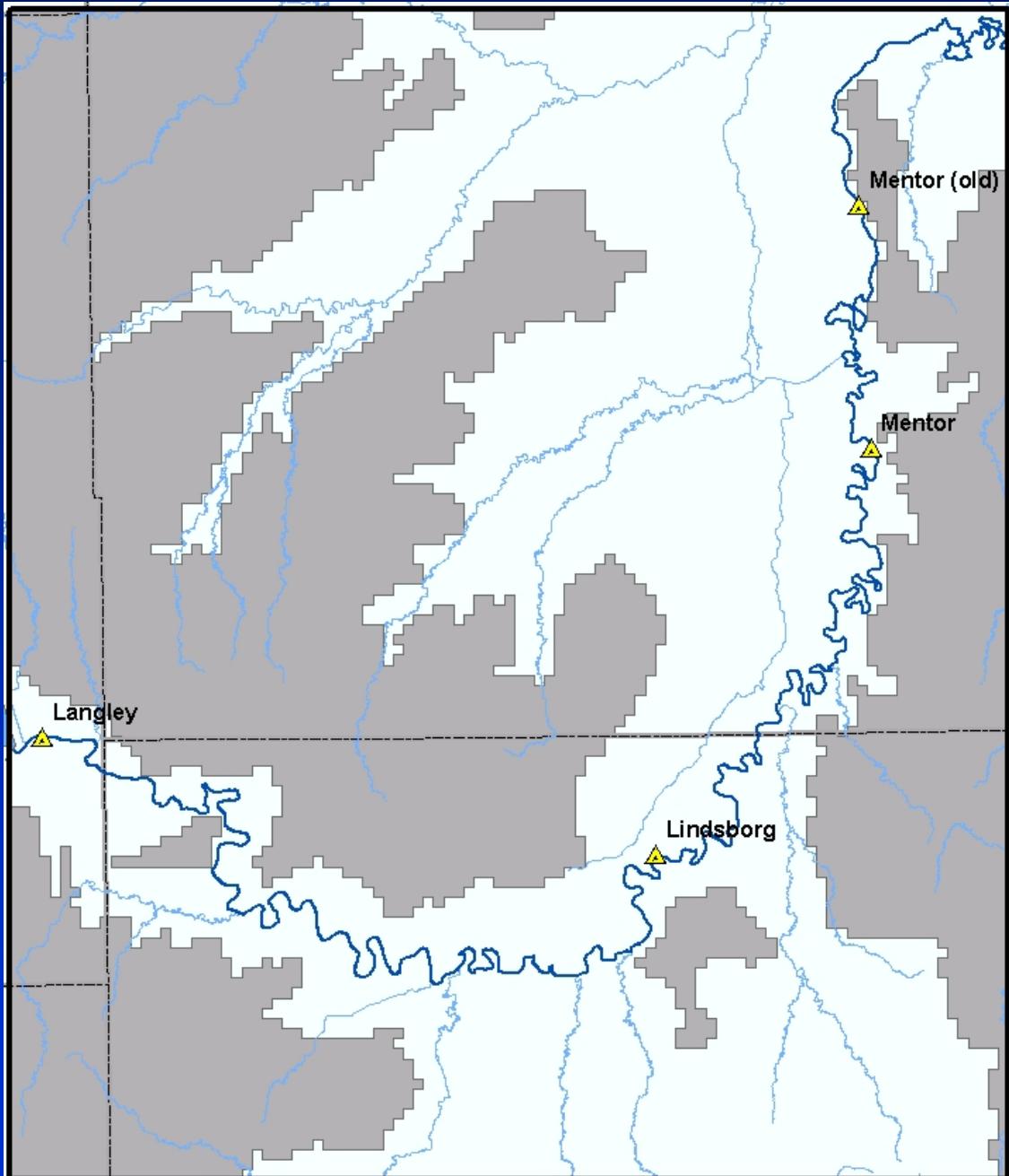


Smoky Hill Ground-Water Model

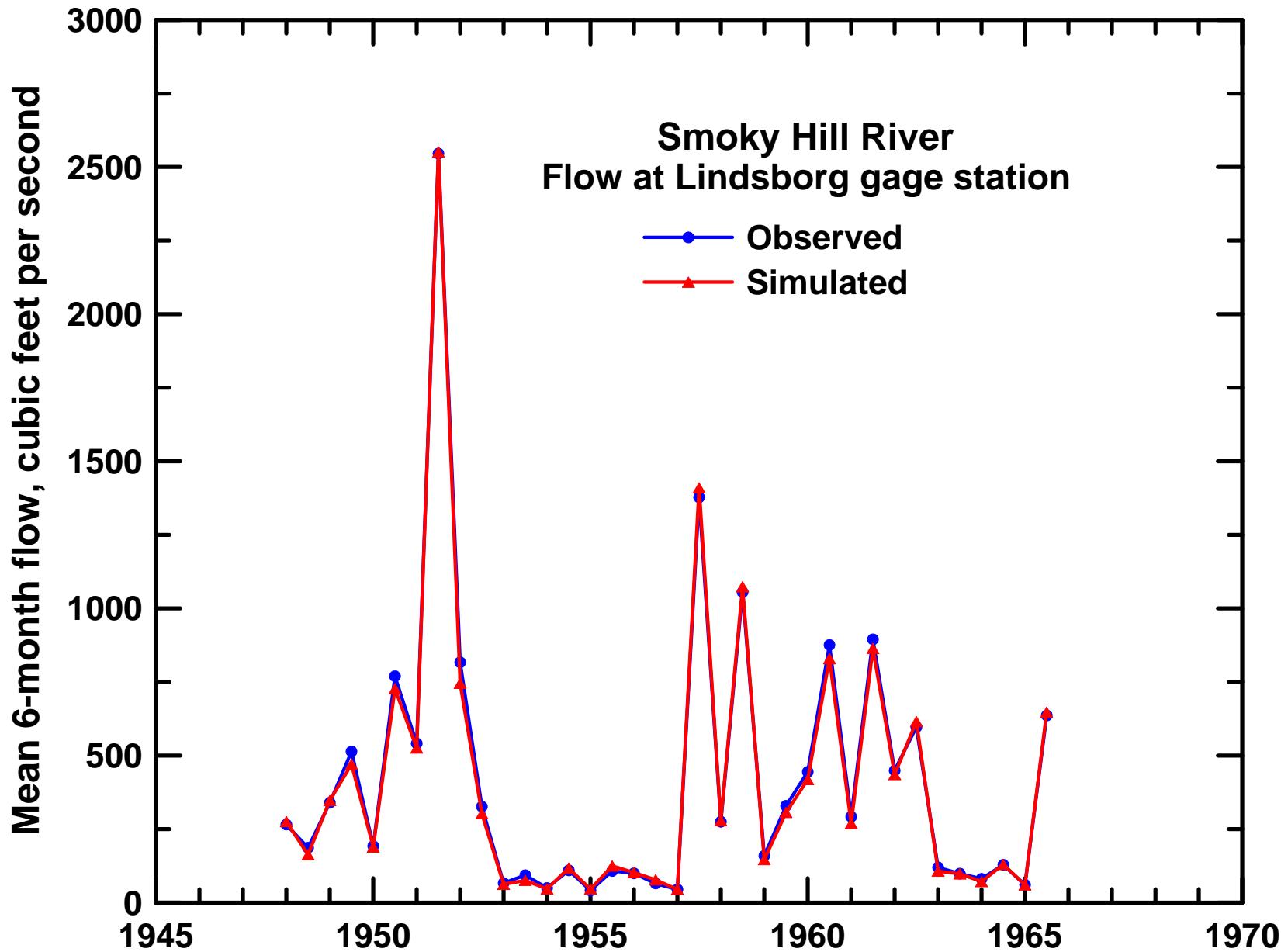
Model Results- Streamflow

Calibrated Model Results- Streamflow

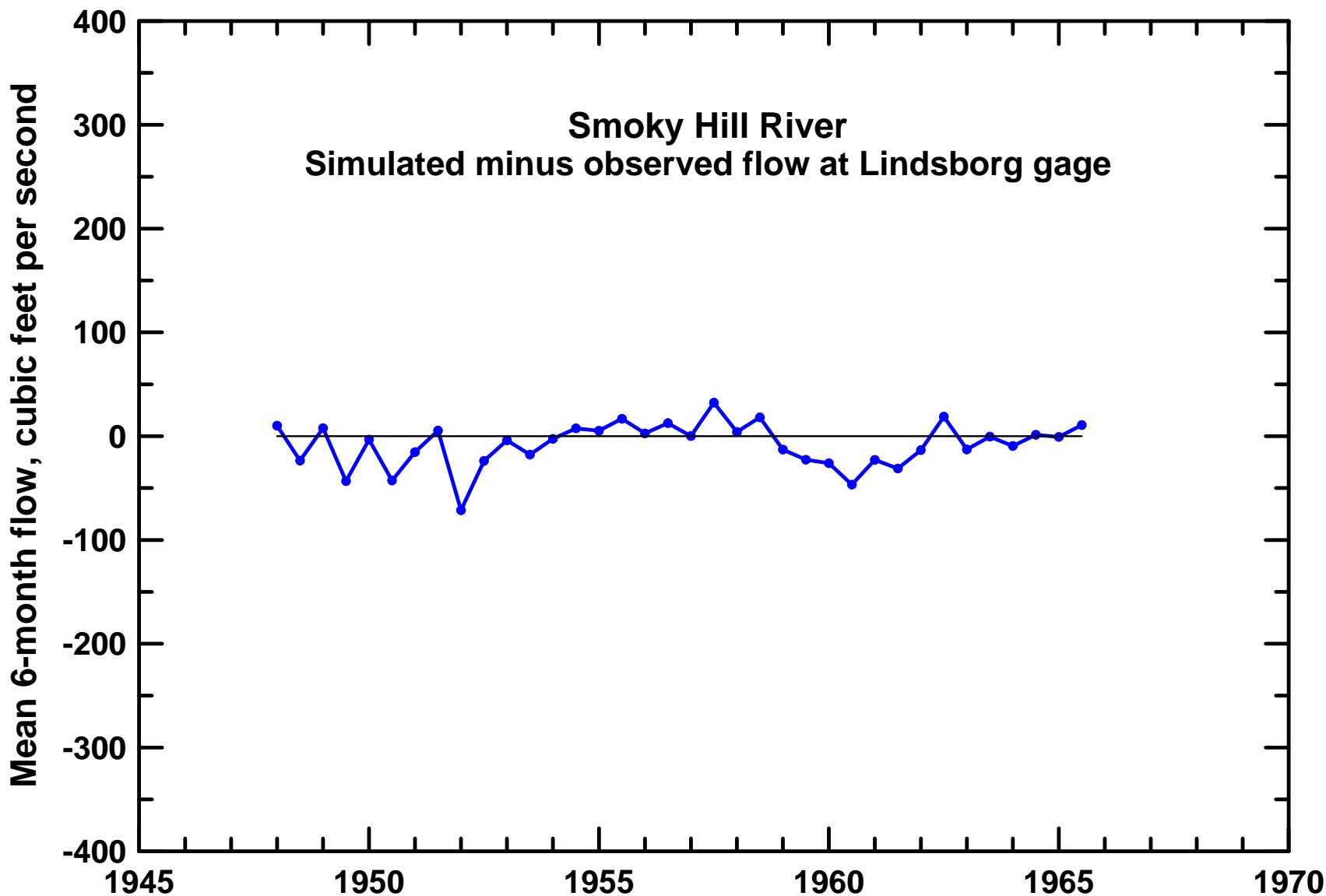
**Streamflow
Gaging Stations**



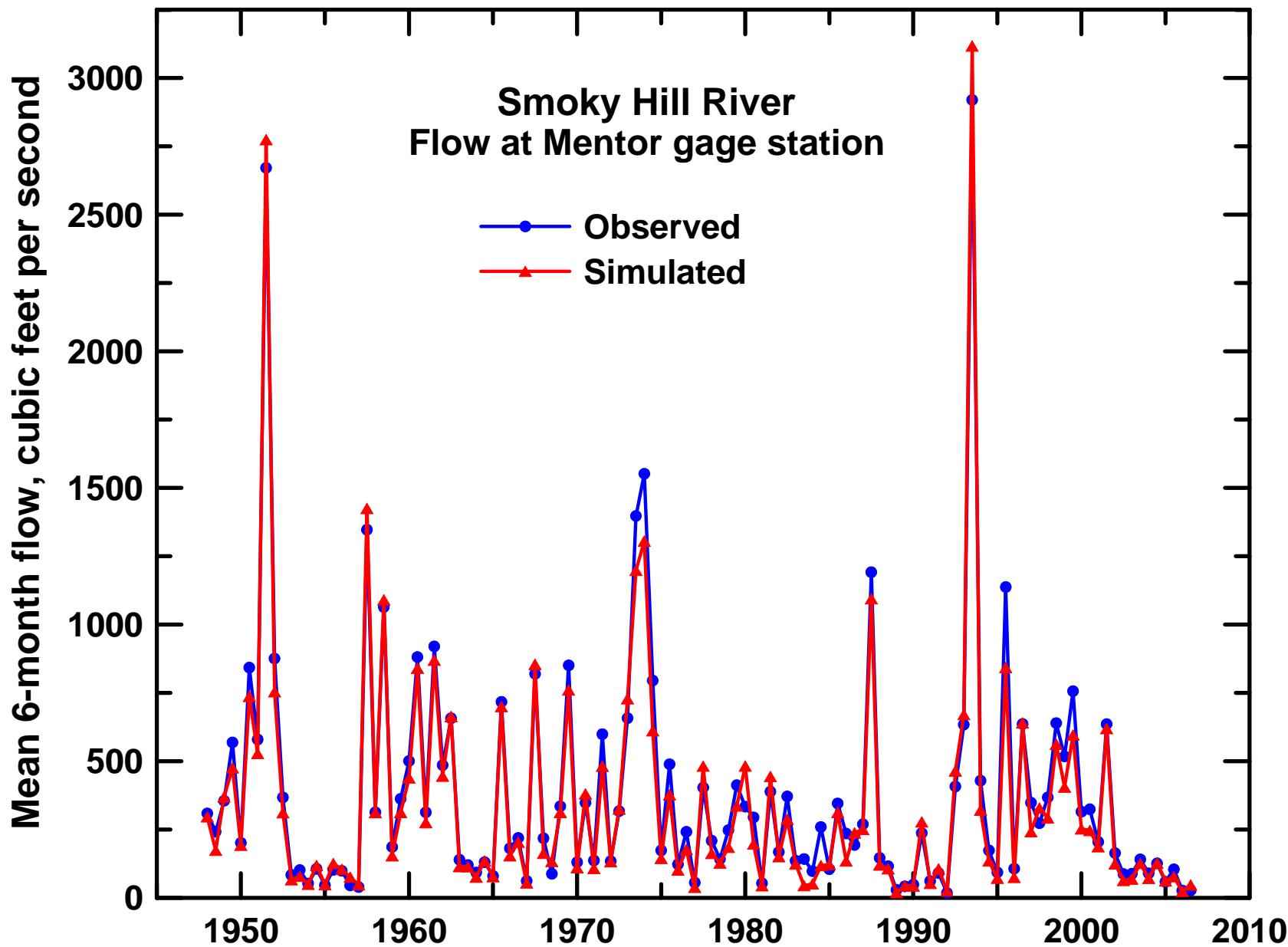
Calibrated Model Results- Streamflow



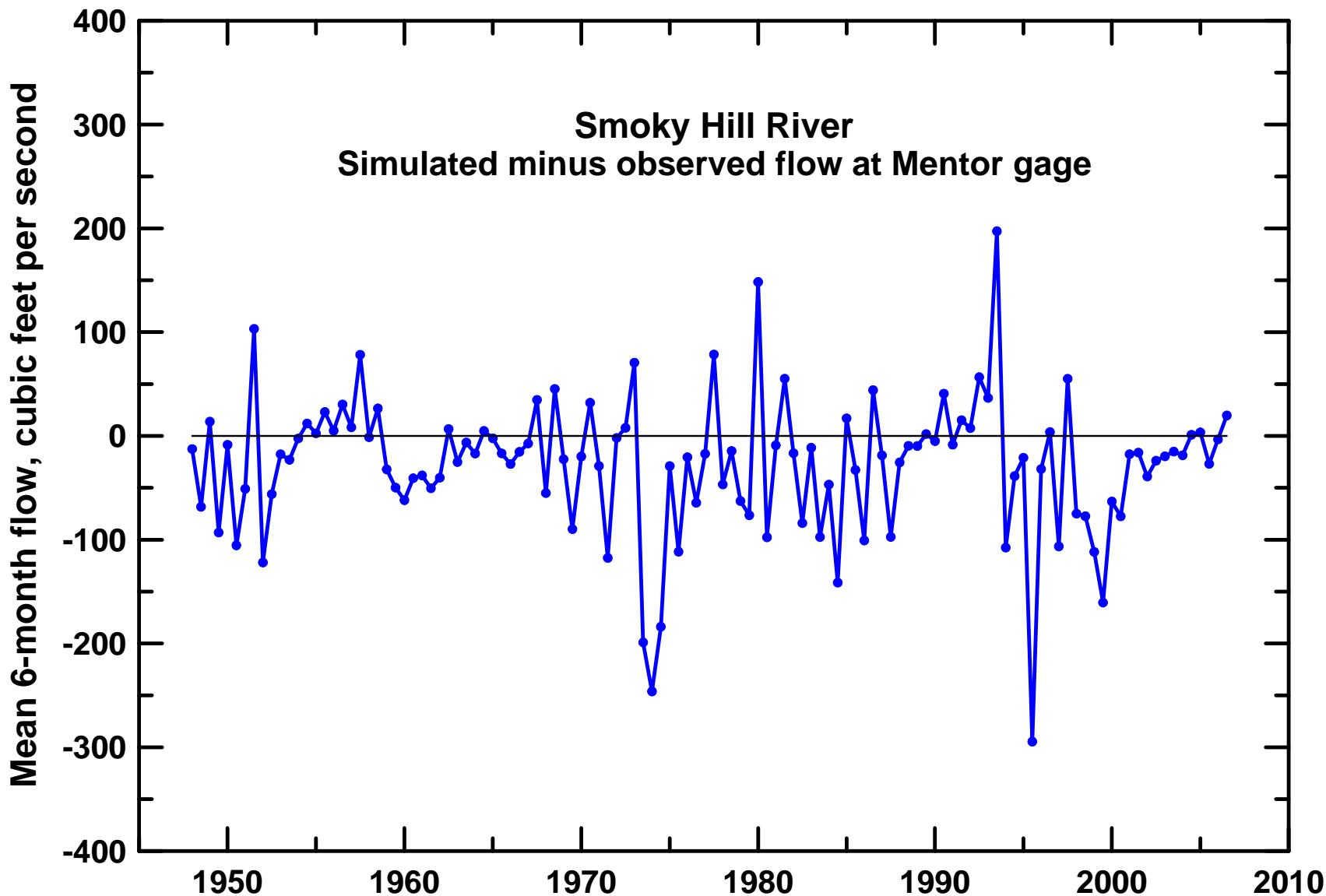
Calibrated Model Results- Streamflow



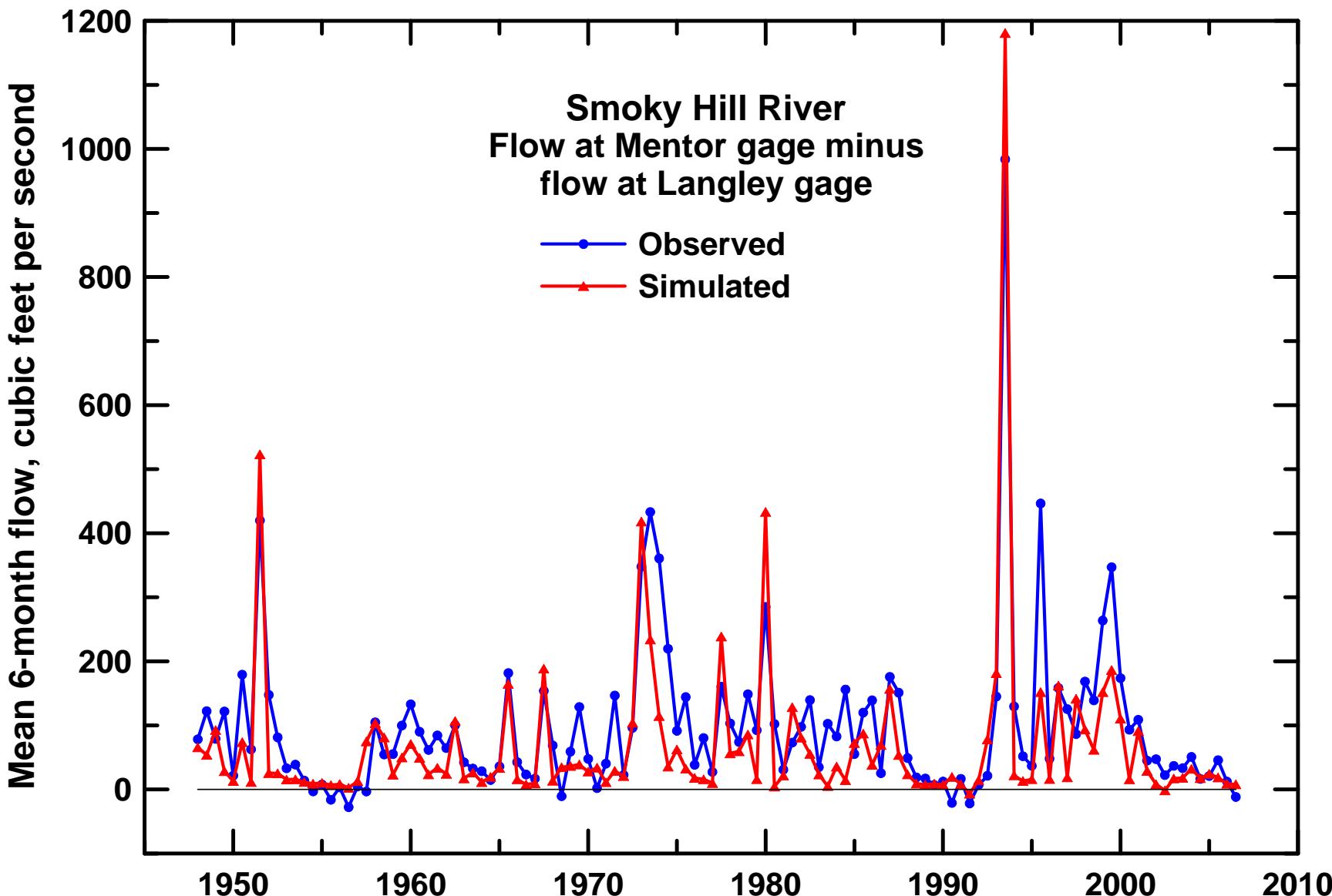
Calibrated Model Results- Streamflow



Calibrated Model Results- Streamflow



Calibrated Model Results- Streamflow

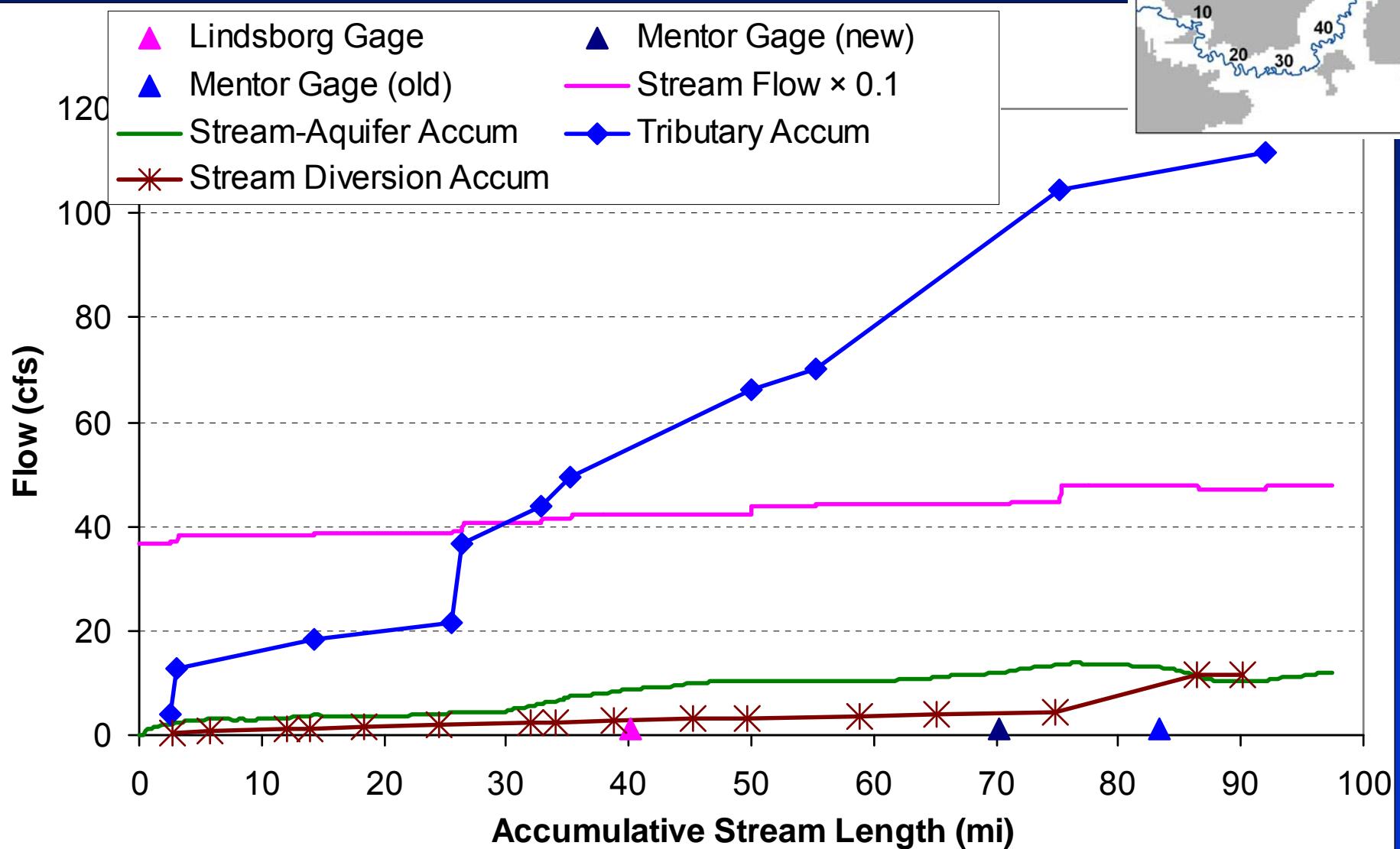
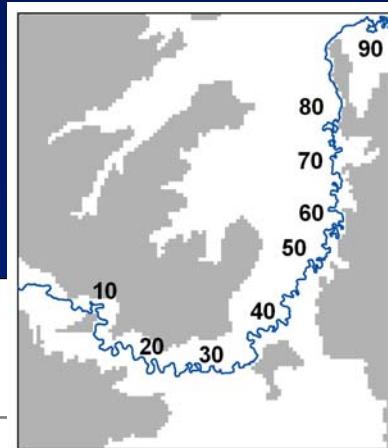


Smoky Hill Ground-Water Model

Model Budgets

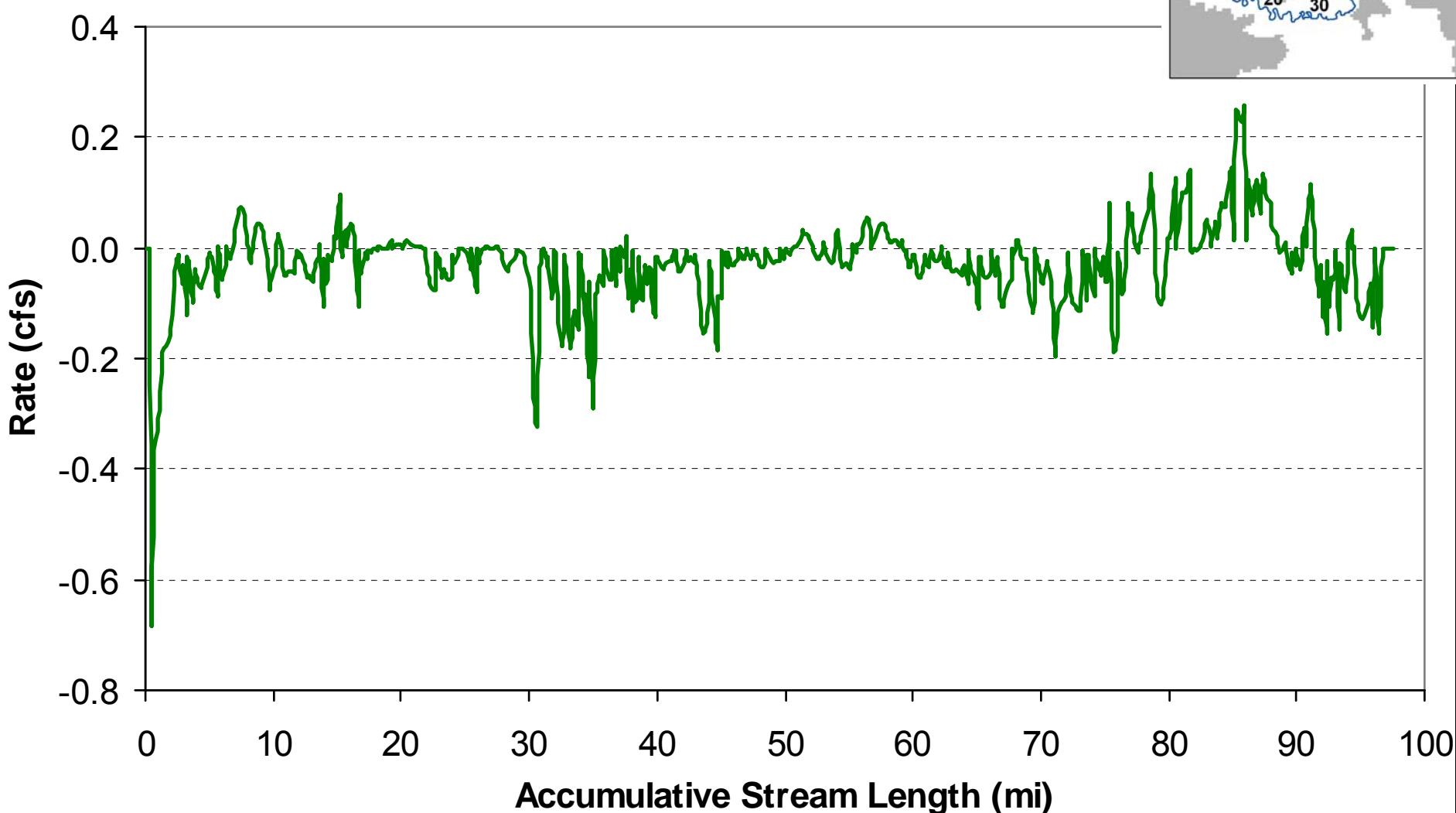
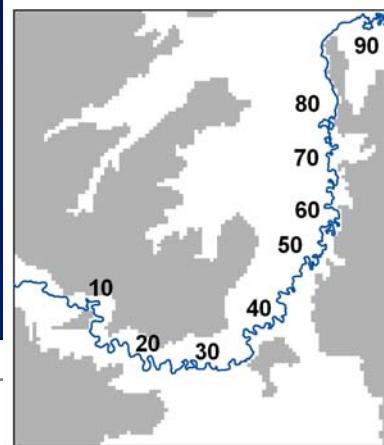
Stream Flow Budget (Post-Mentor Cutoff)

Average for 1962-2006



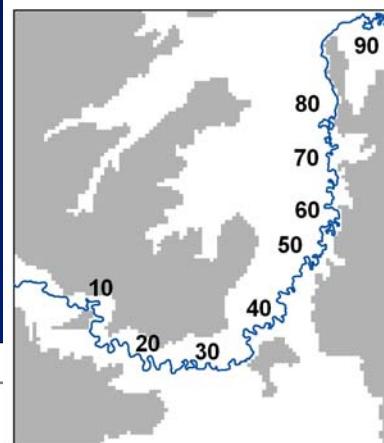
Stream-Aquifer Interactions (Post-Mentor Cutoff)

Average for 1962-2006

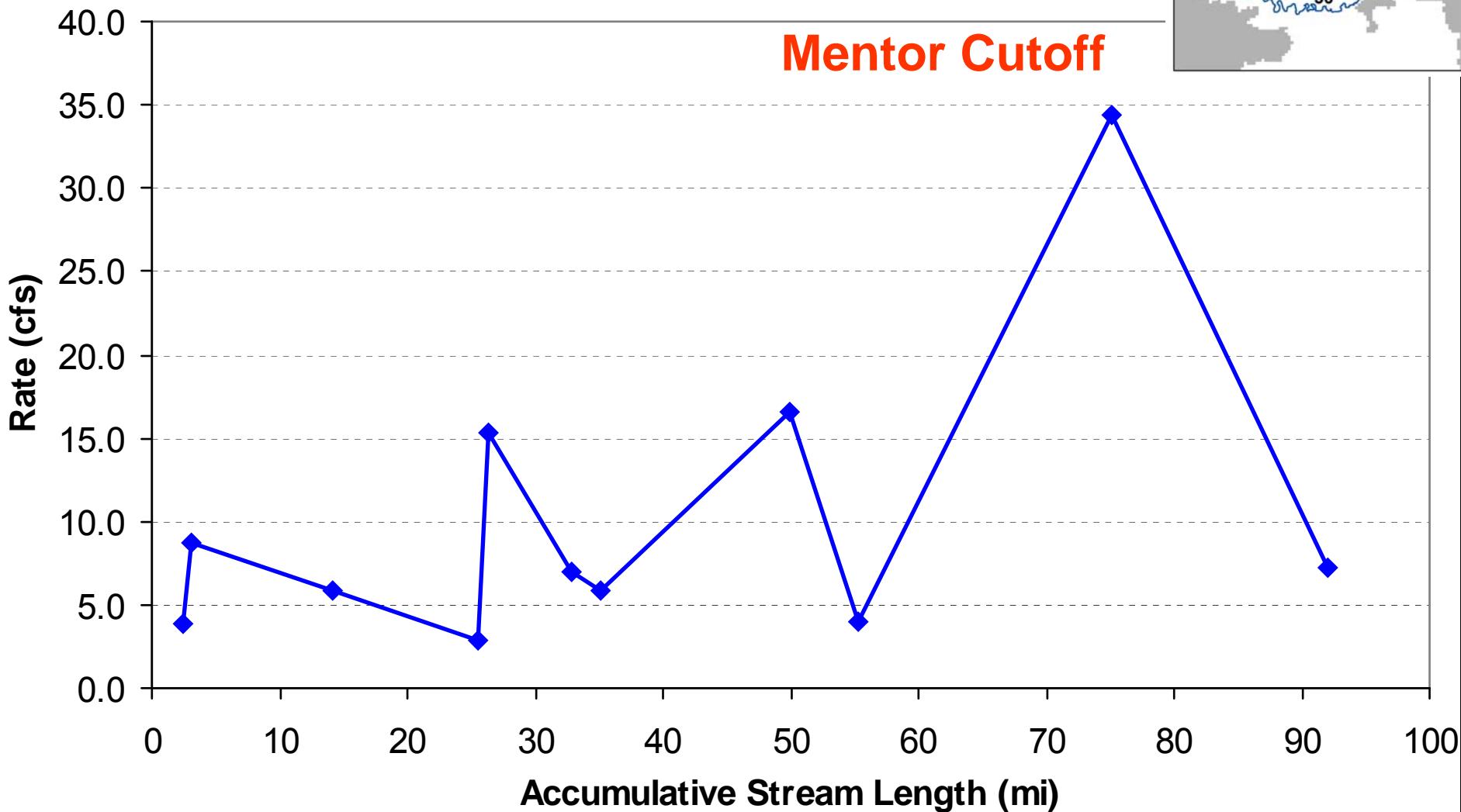


Average Tributary Inflows (Post-Mentor Cutoff)

Average for 1962-2006

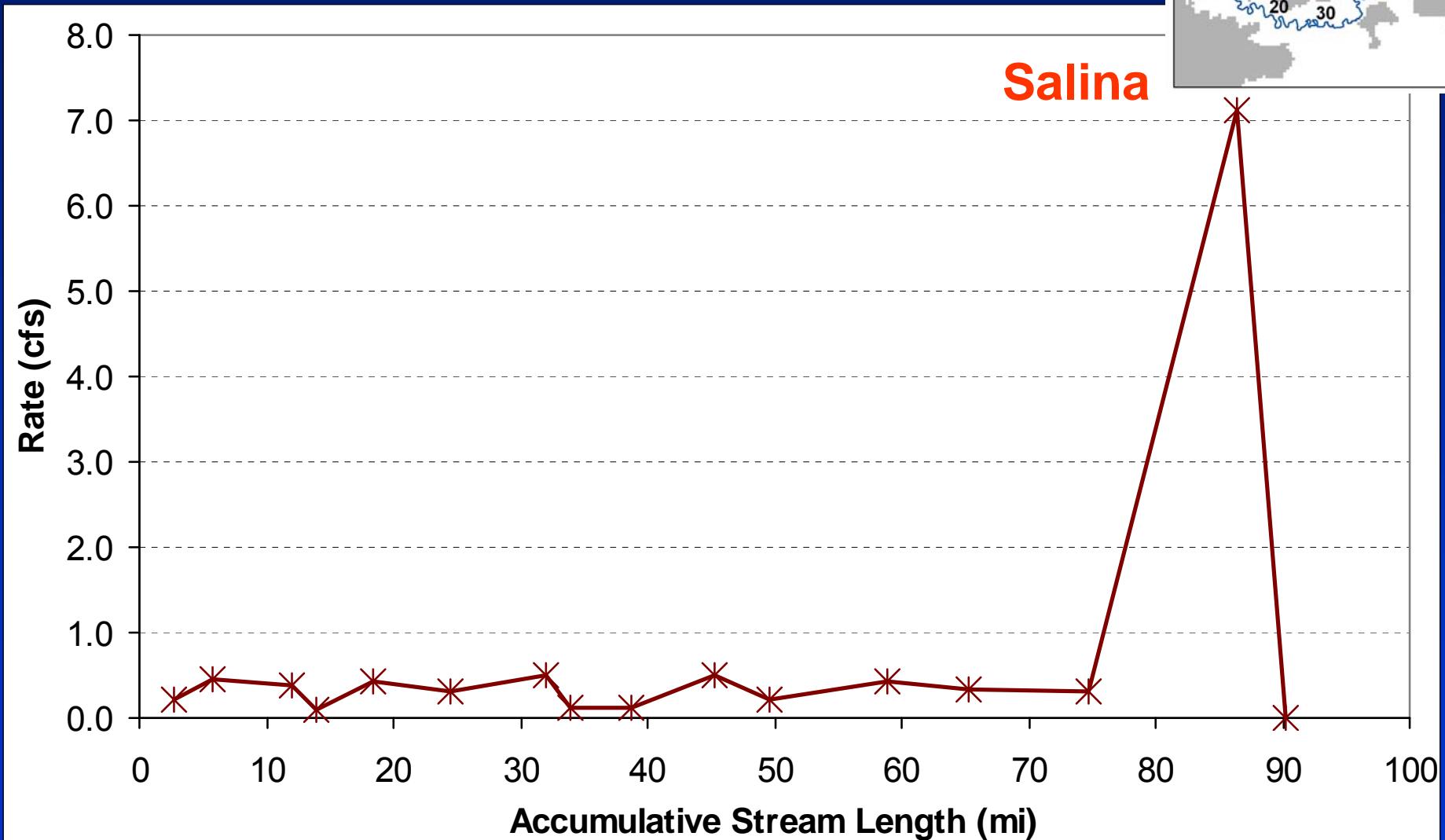
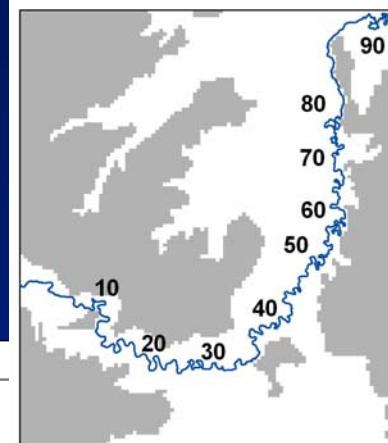


Mentor Cutoff

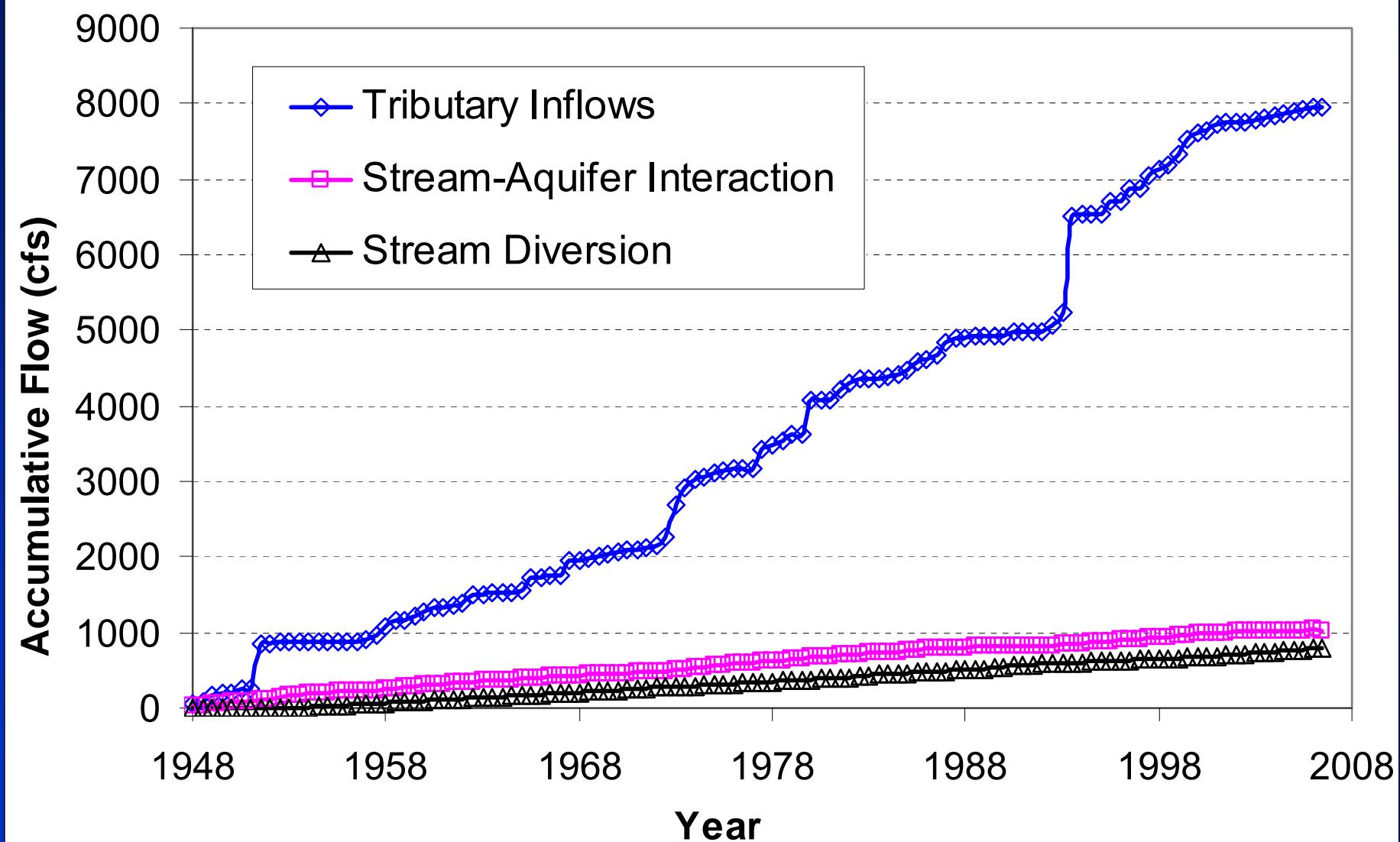


Average Stream Diversions (Post-Mentor Cutoff)

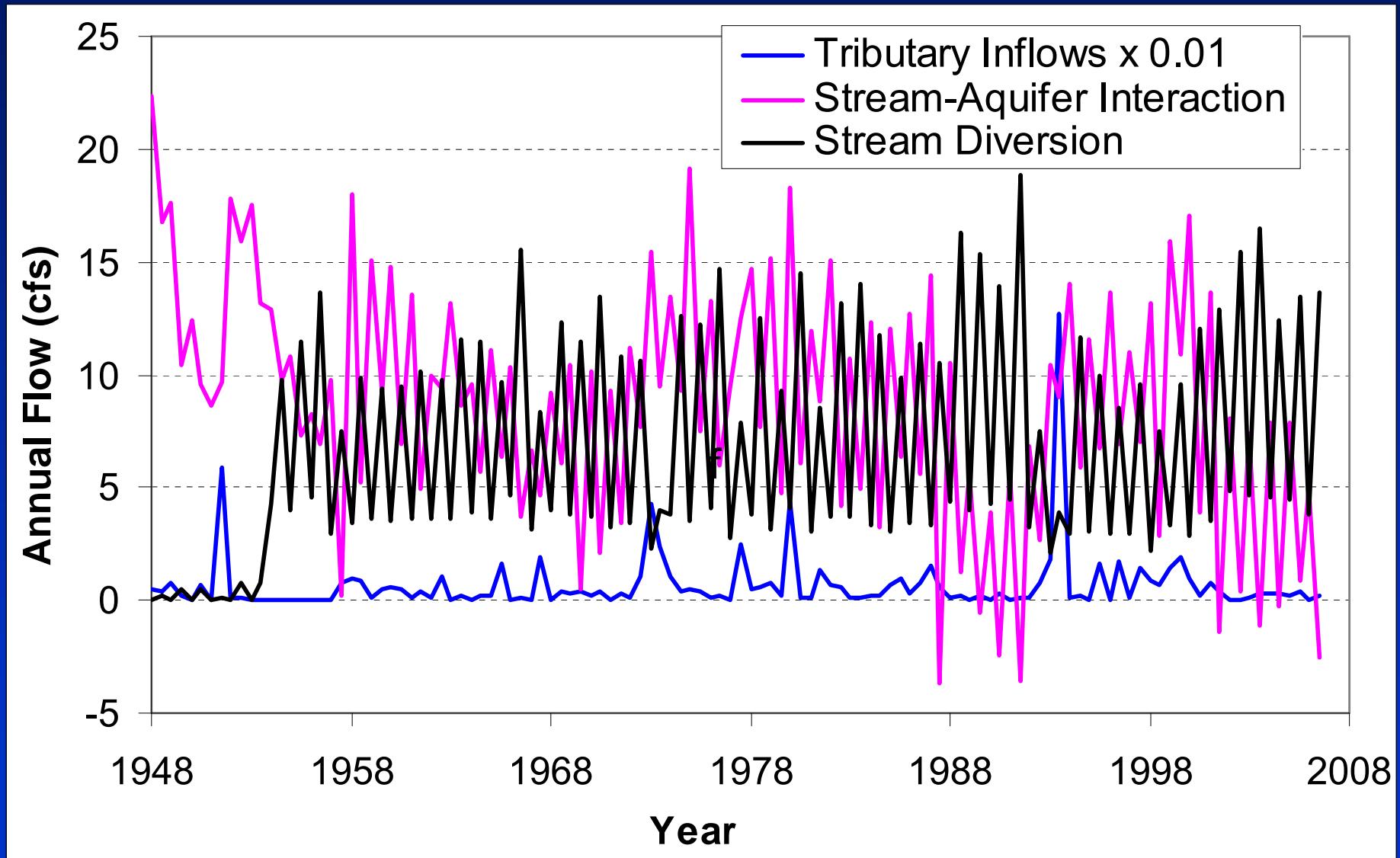
Average for 1962-2006



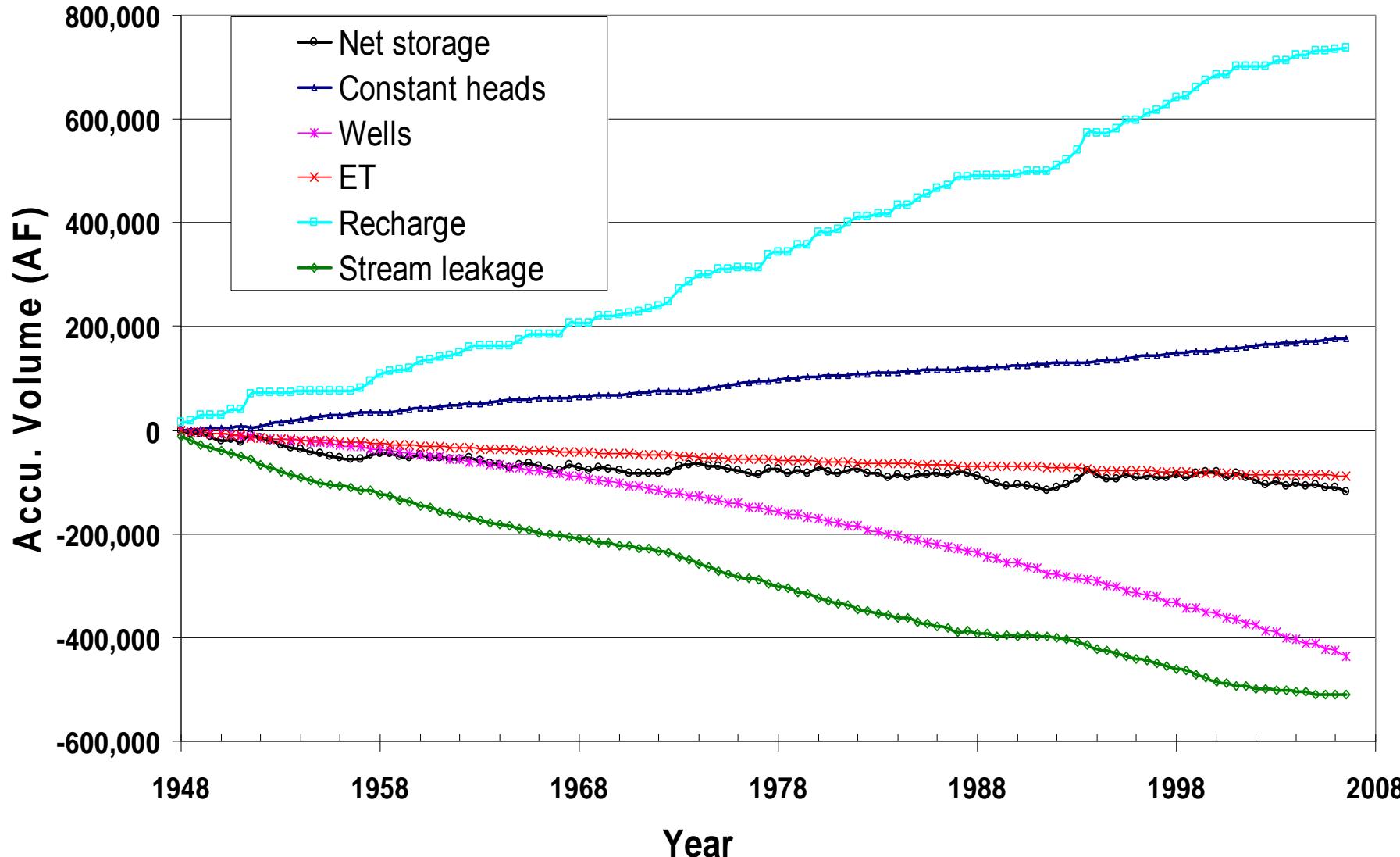
Year-to-year Stream Flow Budget - Accumulative



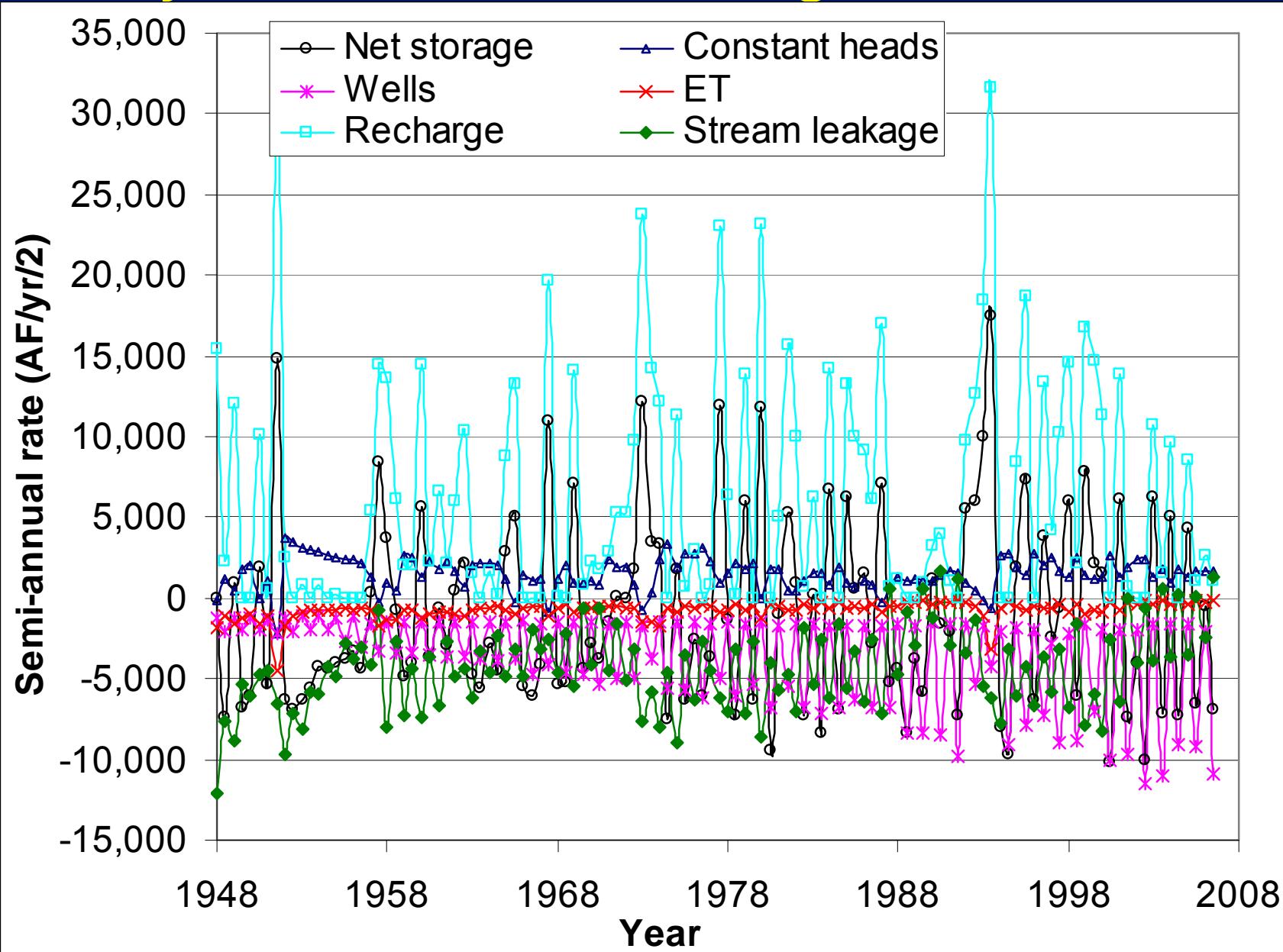
Year-to-year Stream Flow Budget



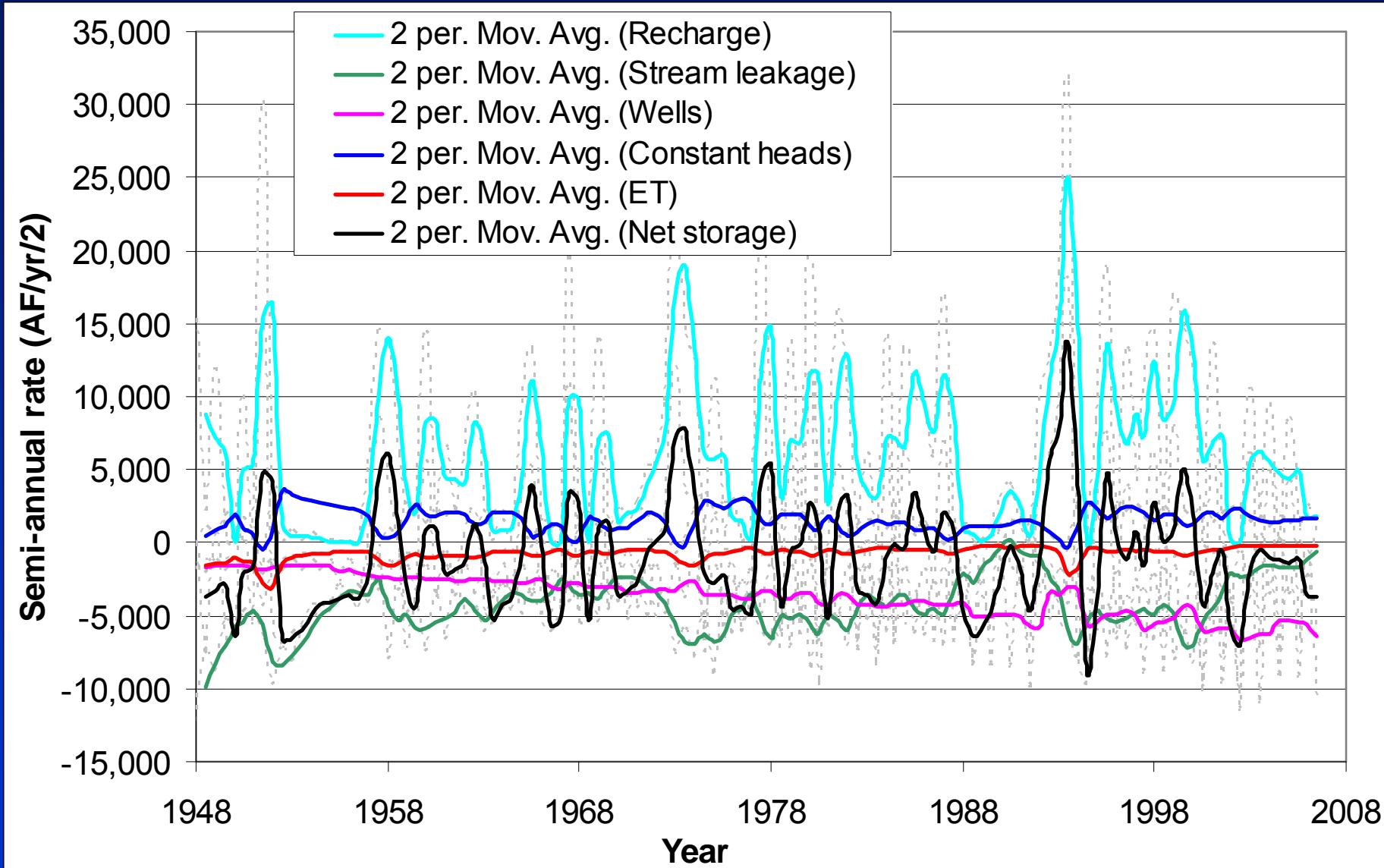
Ground-water Budget - Accumulative



Year-to-year Ground-water Budget



Year-to-year Ground-water Budget



Smoky Hill Ground-Water Model

“Back Calculation Scenario”

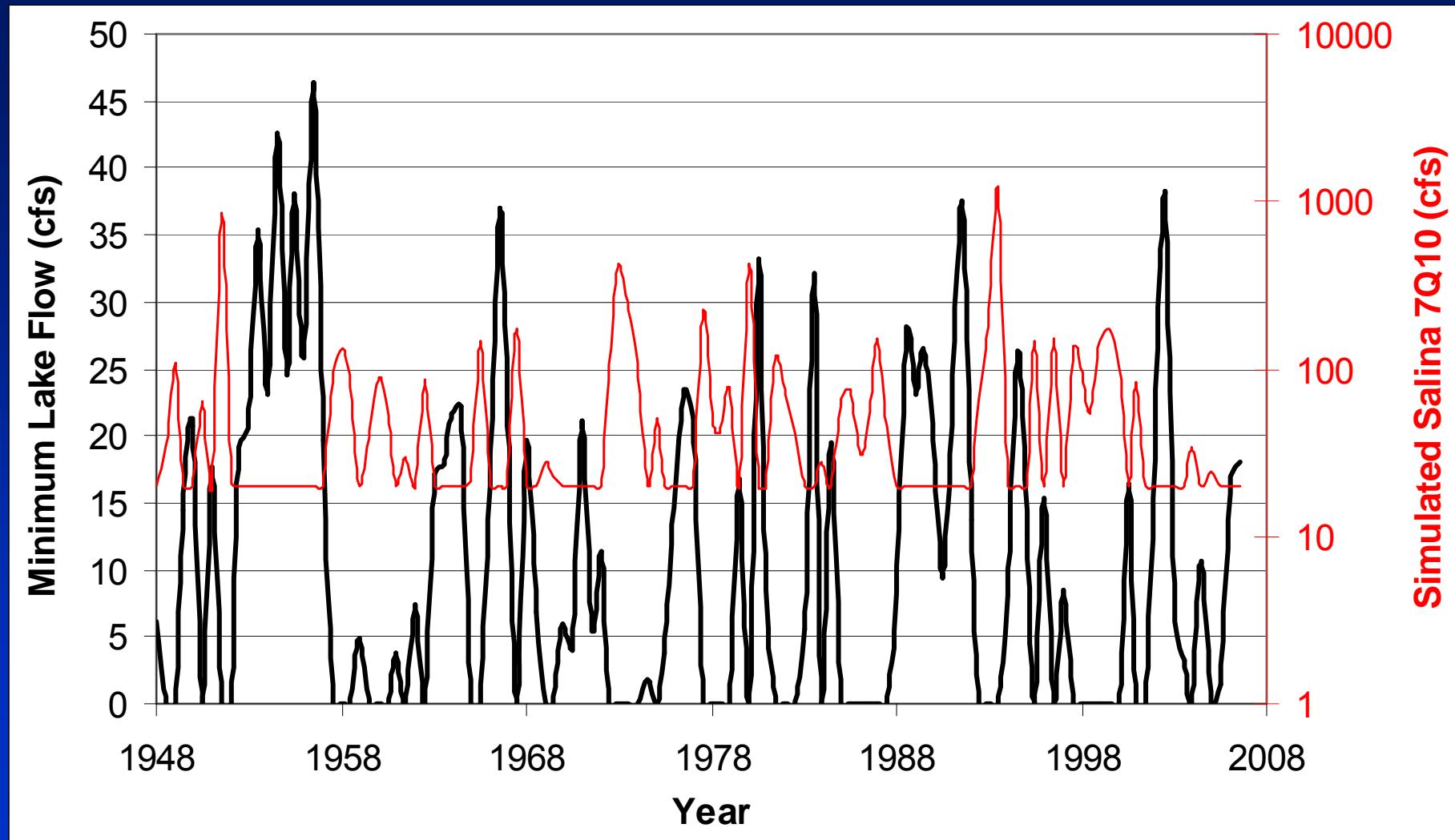
Back Calculation Scenario

- Determine the minimum flow of the Smoky Hill River into the model (which is the outflow of Kanopolis Lake) that meets the 7Q10 flow at Salina
- Run model for a 59-year period based on the climatic conditions from 1948-2006
- Meet the predicted surface- and ground-water pumping based on current water right development

Back Calculation

- Main Features
 - Iterative, requiring many model runs
 - Repeat of precipitation patterns from 1948 to 2006
 - Surface- and ground-water pumping are based on the regression of precipitation to the 2006 water right development
 - Initial ground-water levels are simulated by the calibrated transient model in 2006
 - Constant head boundaries are based on the interpolated heads in 2006
 - Stream properties are based on those in 2006
 - 7Q10 flow is 20 cfs, @ Lat, Long (NAD27) 38.854, -97.56502

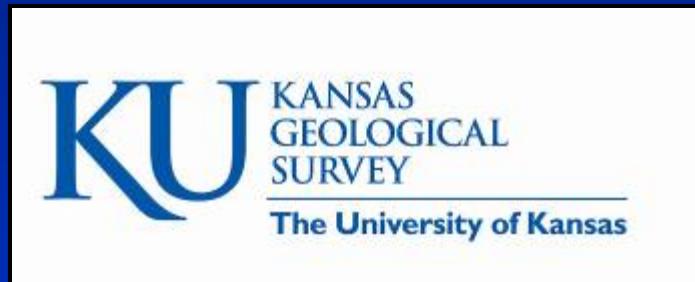
Back Calculation Results



- 65 out of a total of 118 calculated time periods require flow
- 30 growing seasons and 35 non-growing seasons.

Questions????

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